



EINAR

User Manual



This manual contains instructions on accessing the web interface, system settings and setup guidelines, and usage and maintenance.

EINAR

USER MANUAL

with Installation Checklist and other practical tips

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1. OVERVIEW

The Einar camera has its own web interface through which you can access the camera settings, the **LIVE**, the **PLAYBACK**, the **EVENTS** and the **SETTINGS** interfaces.

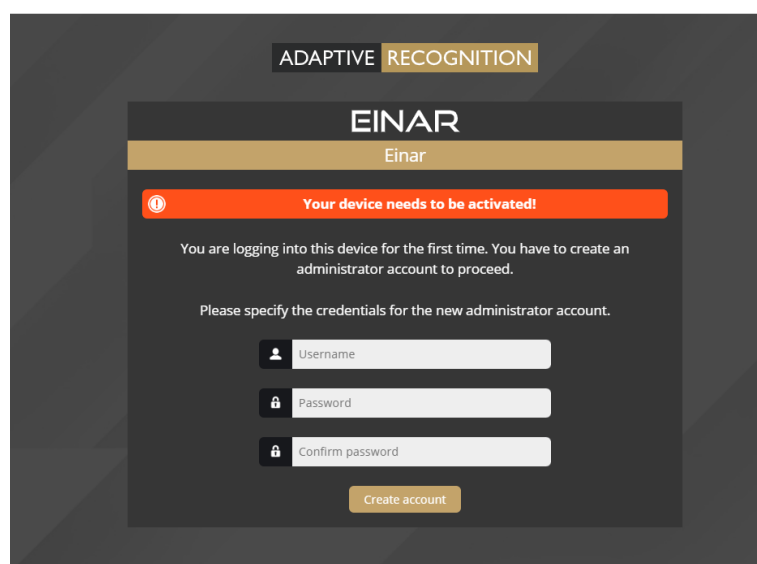
Note

It is recommended to use an up-to-date web browser to access the web interface.

Accessing the web interface:

1. Start a browser and enter the camera IP address into the address bar of the browser.
2. You are logging into this device for the first time. You have to create an administrator account to proceed.

Please specify the credentials for the new administrator account.

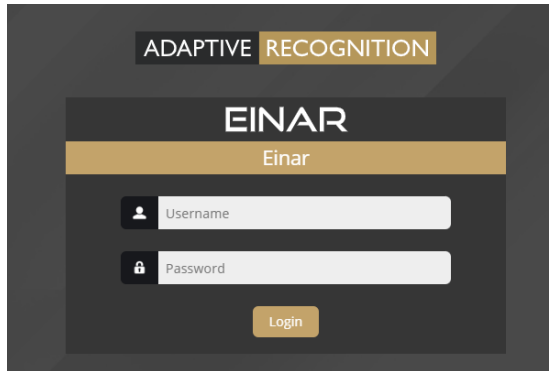


If the camera has firmware earlier than firmware version 1.8, this step is skipped. You will also be welcomed at the login screen.

The default user account is the following:

- **Username:** admin
- **Password:** admin

3. Type the username and the password on the displayed login interface and click on **[Login]**.



4. After signing in, the web interface of the camera is displayed on which the required settings can be performed.

If you cannot connect to the camera's web interface, please refer to section 4.8 of the Installation Guide.

2. AR DEVICE TOOL

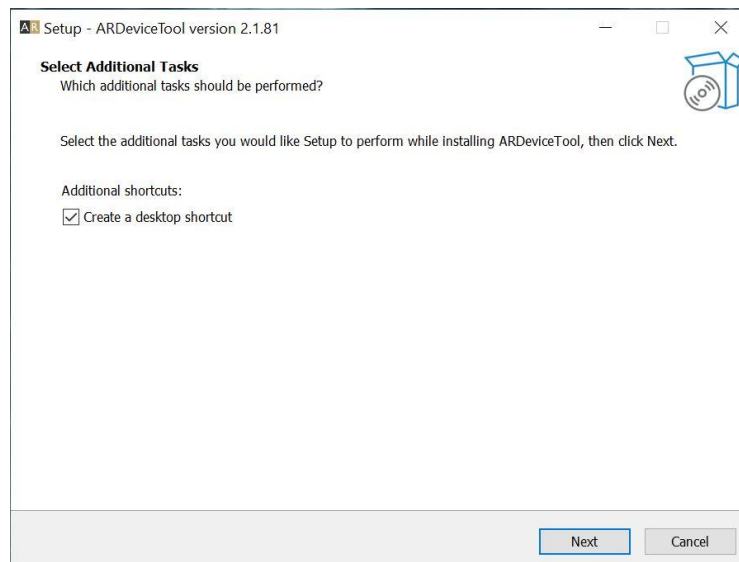
With the AR Device Tool, you can discover Einar or Visus cameras, Carmen Box; Carmen Nano or Enforce Box devices on the local network. You can upload Firmware, License and Engine files to these cameras/devices.

The AR Device Tool also finds all AR cameras (Vidar, MicroCAM, SmartCAM) via ONVIF protocol.

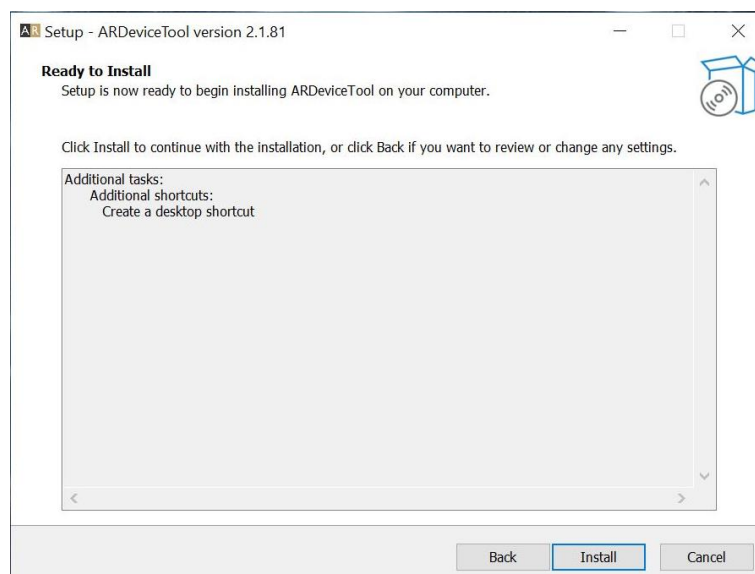
Download the program here: [AR DeviceTool](#).

2.1. AR DEVICE TOOL SETUP

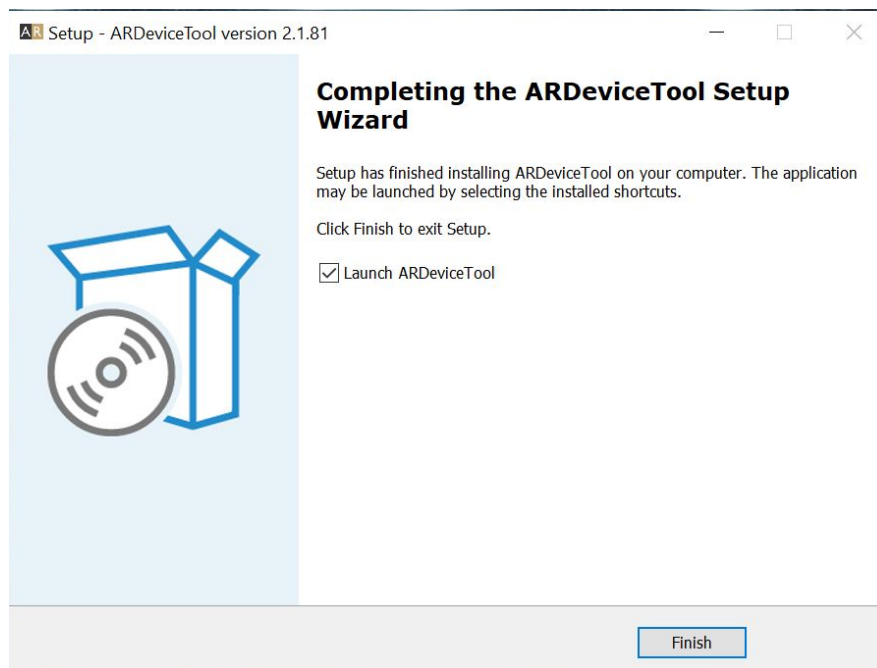
After downloading, start the installation file. Select the desktop shortcut you want to use and click Next.



The next step is to start the installation by clicking on the Install button.



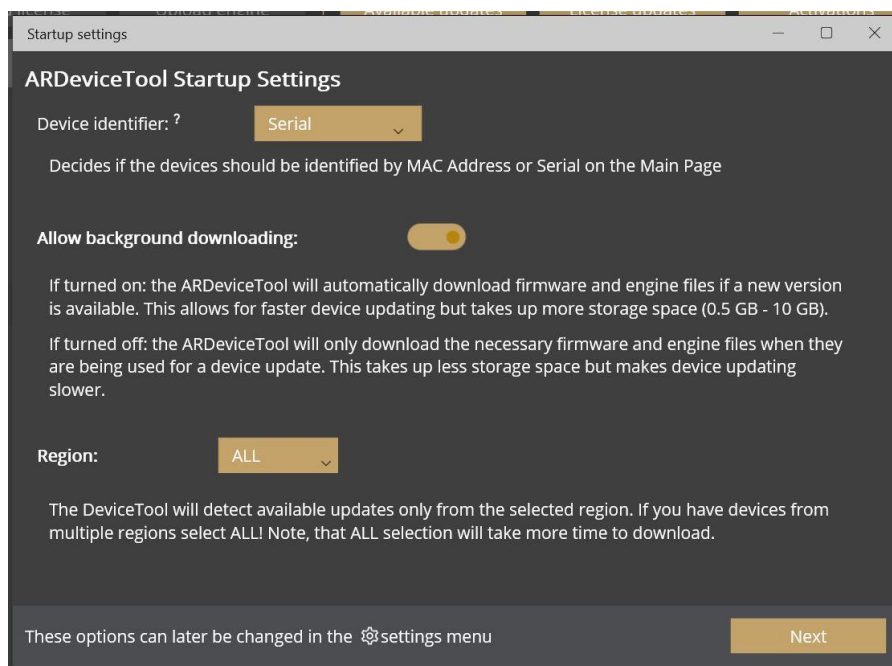
Select if you want to start ARDeviceTool and click Finish.



After installation, enable the Device Tool to access networks in the firewall settings. DeviceTool communicates with cameras via HTTP (default port 80).

2.2. AR DEVICE TOOL STARTUP SETTINGS

When you start AR DeviceTool for the first time, you can make the initial settings.



Device Identifier: Decides if the devices should be identified by MAC Address or Serial on the Main page.

Allow background:

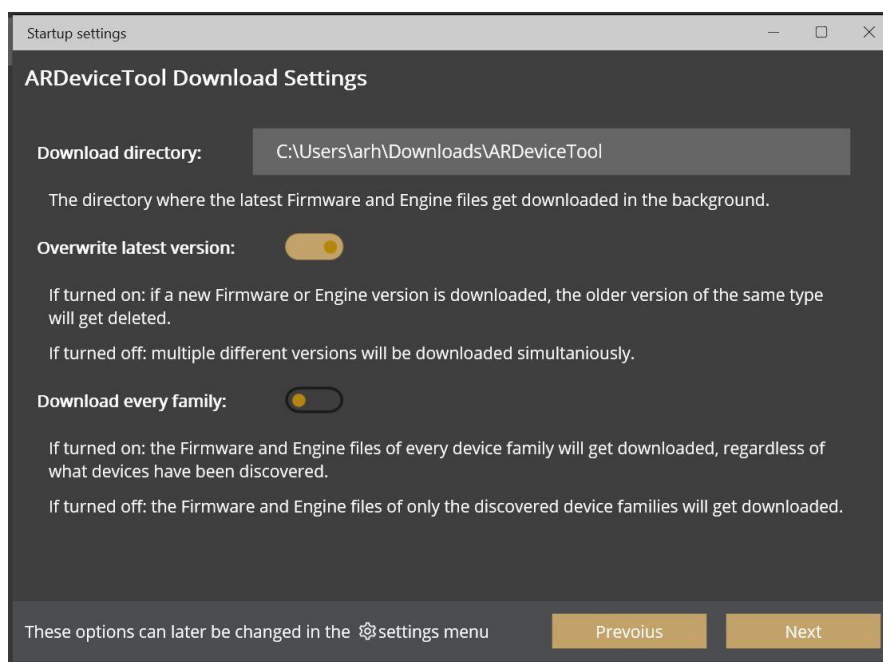
If turned on: the AR DeviceTool will automatically download firmware and engine files if a new version is available. This allows for faster device updating but takes up more storage space (0.5 – 10 GB)

If turned off: the AR DeviceTool will only download the necessary firmware and engine files when they are being used for a device update. This takes up less storage space but makes device updating slower.

Region: The DeviceTool will detect available updates only from the selected region. If you have devices from multiple regions select ALL! Note, that ALL selection will take more time to download.

When you have made the settings, click Next.

These options can later be changed in the settings menu.



Download directory: The directory where the latest firmware and engine files get downloaded in the background.

Overwrite latest version:

If turned on: if a new firmware or engine version is downloaded, the older version of the same type will get deleted.

If turned off: multiple different versions will be downloaded simultaneously.

Download every family:

If turned on: the firmware and engine files of every device family will get downloaded, regardless of what devices have been discovered.

If turned off: the firmware and engine files of only discovered device families will get downloaded.

When you have made the settings, click Next.

These options can later be changed in the settings menu.

Startup settings

ARDeviceTool User Setting

i Grouping multiple devices under a single user profile enables convenient batch updates.

Create default user profile:

Name:

User:

Password:

Using a single user profile for multiple devices allows for efficient updates to firmware, engines, licenses, and settings.

These options can later be changed in the settings menu

Create default user profile: Fill in the Name, User and Password fields.

Using a single user profile for multiple devices allows for efficient updates to firmware, engine, license, and settings.

When you have made the settings, click Accept and Close.

These options can later be changed in the settings menu.

2.3. FINDING CAMERAS

The program lists the AR devices/cameras detected on the local network if the devices/cameras are in the same network segment as the computer. The device/camera name, product family name, type, firmware version, IP address, MAC address and brief information about the current upload process will be displayed.

The currently available devices/cameras are marked with green color in the first column.

The red color indicates a previously discovered device/camera that has not been available since then.

If newer firmware or engine are available for any of the listed cameras/devices, an up arrow will appear in the firmware/engine column.

Double-click on the selected device/camera to open its web interface in the default browser.

Name	Family	Version	Firmware	Engine	Region	IP Address	Serial	Upload
■ CarmenBox	CBOX	CARMEN BOX	1.5.0.830	↑ 7.3.16.189	EUR	10.0.7.69	1222222	
■ Einar	EINAR GEN 2	Einar Gen 2	1.8.0.165	↑ 7.3.17.34	EUR	10.0.7.57	223DEF2	
■ Einar Gen2 W - WHITE protó - C21E	OTHER							
■ Enforce_Box	CBOX	ENFORCE BOX	1.5.0.825			10.0.7.60	1206260	
■ HIKVISION DS-2CD2683G2-IZS	OTHER	DS-2CD2683G2-IZS				10.0.7.33		
■ IDEV-TRAFFIC	CBOX	CARMEN BOX	1.5.0.1428	↑ 24Q3R2	EUR	10.0.6.177	JBE9DC20	
■ ILB-340-BL-V	OTHER	ILB-340-BL-V				10.0.7.50		
■ Lynet	LYNET	Lynet M504	1.2.0.273	↑ 24Q3R2	EUR	10.0.6.248	224EF5F	
■ Lynet-AAFB-FixLens	LYNET	Lynet M504	1.2.0.273	↑ 7.3.16.111	EUR	10.0.7.11		
■ MicroCAM (M403)	OTHER	198.1.0.0				10.0.7.21		
■ SMARTCAM	OTHER	171.1.0.0				10.0.6.37		
■ SMARTCAM	OTHER	176.1.0.0				10.0.6.36		
■ SMARTCAM	OTHER	246.1.0.0				192.0.2.245		

Devices: 21 Offline: 0 Region: EUR Version: 2.1.81

For Vidar, MicroCAM, SmartCam cameras only Name, Version and IP Address data can be detected by AR DeviceTool, these cameras can not be upgraded using AR DeviceTool.

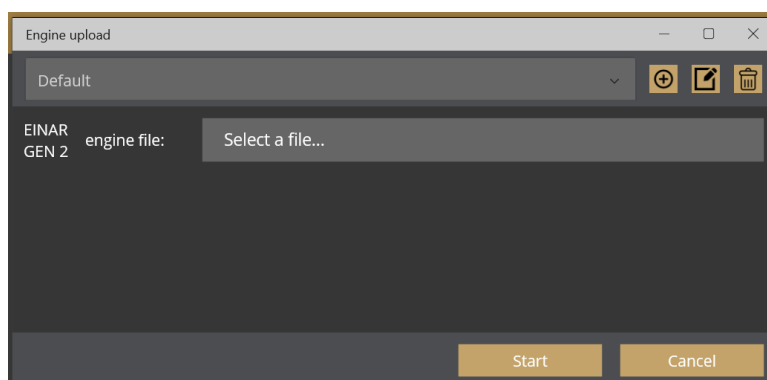
2.4. FIRMWARE, LICENSE, AND ENGINE UPLOAD - MANUALLY

In addition to find devices/cameras, you can also use the AR Device Tool to upload Firmware, License or even Engine for the selected single camera/device or a group of cameras/devices using Ctrl/Shift. The License file is unique for each device/camera, therefore it cannot be uploaded in groups.

AR Device Tool							
	Upload firmware	Upload license	Upload engine	Available updates	License updates	Activations	
Name	Family	Version	Firmware	Engine	Region	IP Address	Serial
<input type="checkbox"/> AR-D7D6	EINAR	Einar-5	2.5.0.12	7.3.17.225	EUR	10.0.6.244	221D7D6
<input type="checkbox"/> AR-DEF7	EINAR GEN 2	Einar Gen 2 T	1.8.0.221	↑ 24Q3R5	ARAB	10.0.6.95	223DEF7
<input type="checkbox"/> AR-E1B4	EINAR GEN 2	Einar Gen 2	1.8.0.221	↑ 7.3.15.192	EUR	10.0.7.2	223E1B4

Select the device(s)/camera(s) you want to update and press the **[Upload firmware]**, **[Upload License]** or **[Upload engine]** buttons that become active.

In the window that appears, enter the username and password to access the camera, select the file you want to upload and click **[Start]** to start the upload.

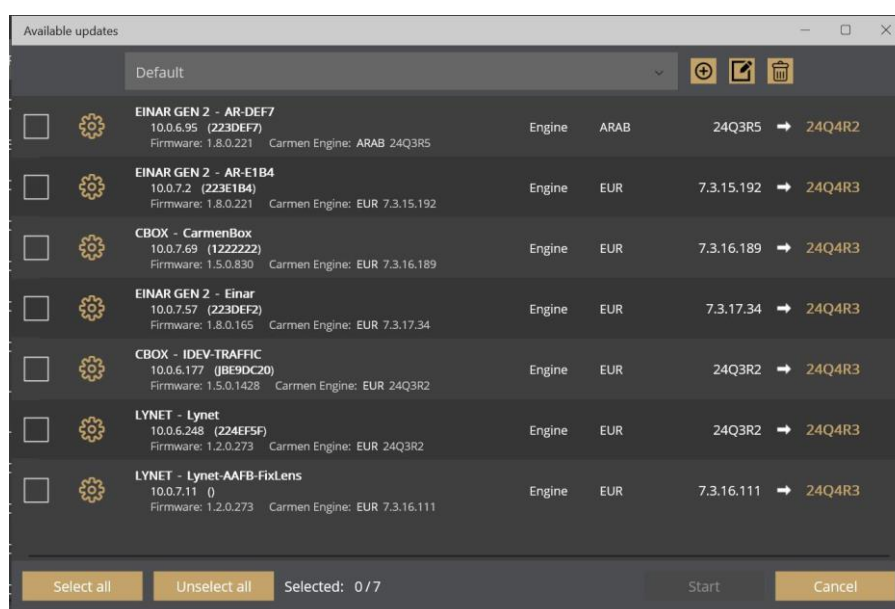


If you want to save the username and password to access the device(s)/camera(s), you can create user profiles. This way, you don't have to enter credentials before each upload.

Click on **[Please add a user profile!]** or the **[+]** button and enter the required information. For further uploads, you will only need to select the user profile.

Previously created user profiles can be edited or deleted using the buttons next to the **[+]** button.

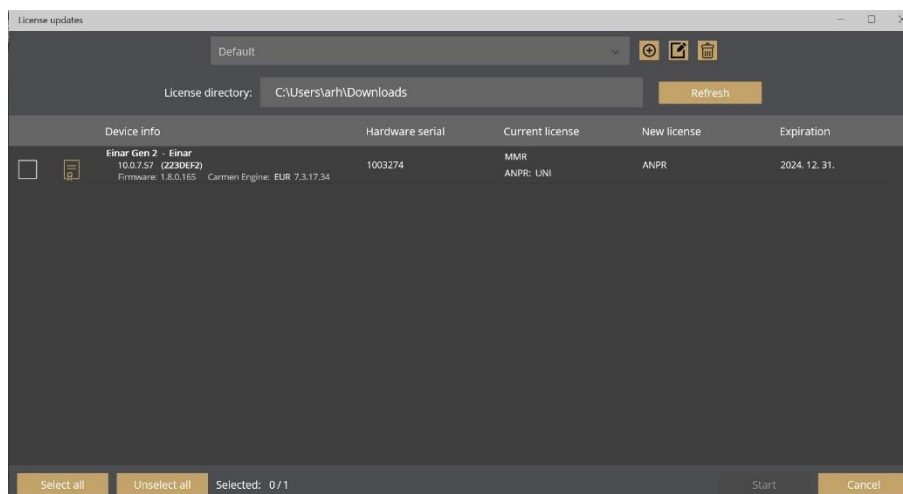
2.5. AVAILABLE UPDATES



AR DeviceTool downloads the appropriate firmware and/or engine from a central server, and uploads it to the selected device(s)/camera(s). A new folder will be created in your Download folder: ArDeviceTool.

Select the cameras you want to update, select the user associated with the cameras, click Start, and then confirm the upload. The cameras will restart during the update.

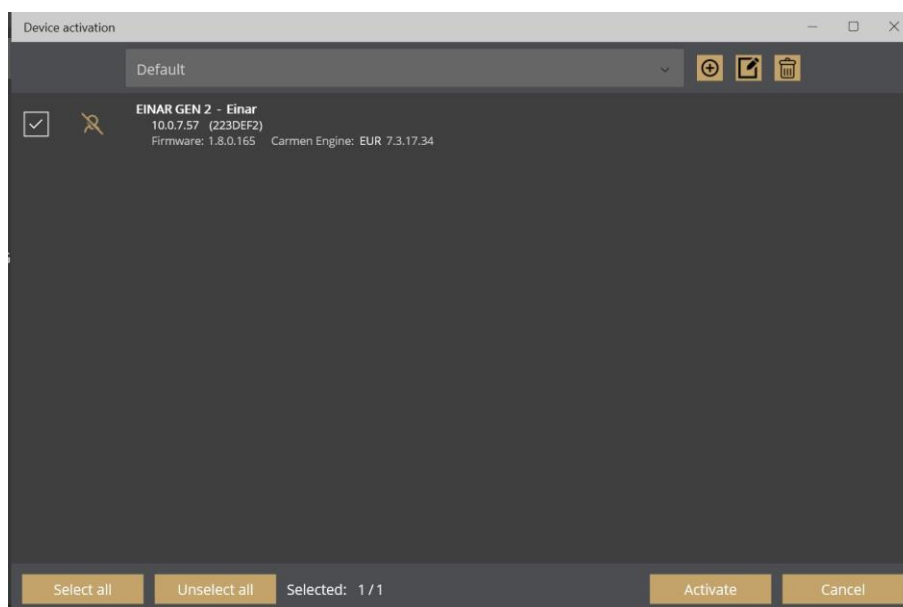
2.6. LICENSE UPDATES



Copy the license to a folder (unzipped) and ARDeviceTool will identify which camera it belongs to. Multiple licenses can be copied to the License directory folder.

Select the cameras you want to update, select the user associated with the cameras, click Start, and then confirm the upload. The cameras will restart during the update.

2.7. DEVICE ACTIVATION



This feature is only available for Einar Gen2 camera 1.8 or later firmware versions.

Select the user you want to use, select the cameras you want to activate, then click on the Activate button. This will activate the selected cameras with this user. (This will be the default user.)

3. OVERVIEW OF THE WEB INTERFACE

The following menu items are available on the web interface:



1. LIVE

Shows a live view of the camera streams.

2. PLAYBACK

Browse recordings on the configured storage device.

3. EVENTS

Browse the recorded events on the configured storage device.

4. SETTINGS

Under this menu, you can access the following options:

SYSTEM

- Status
- Device
- Network
- Security
- Storage
- I/O
- Service
- Notifications
- External

MEDIA

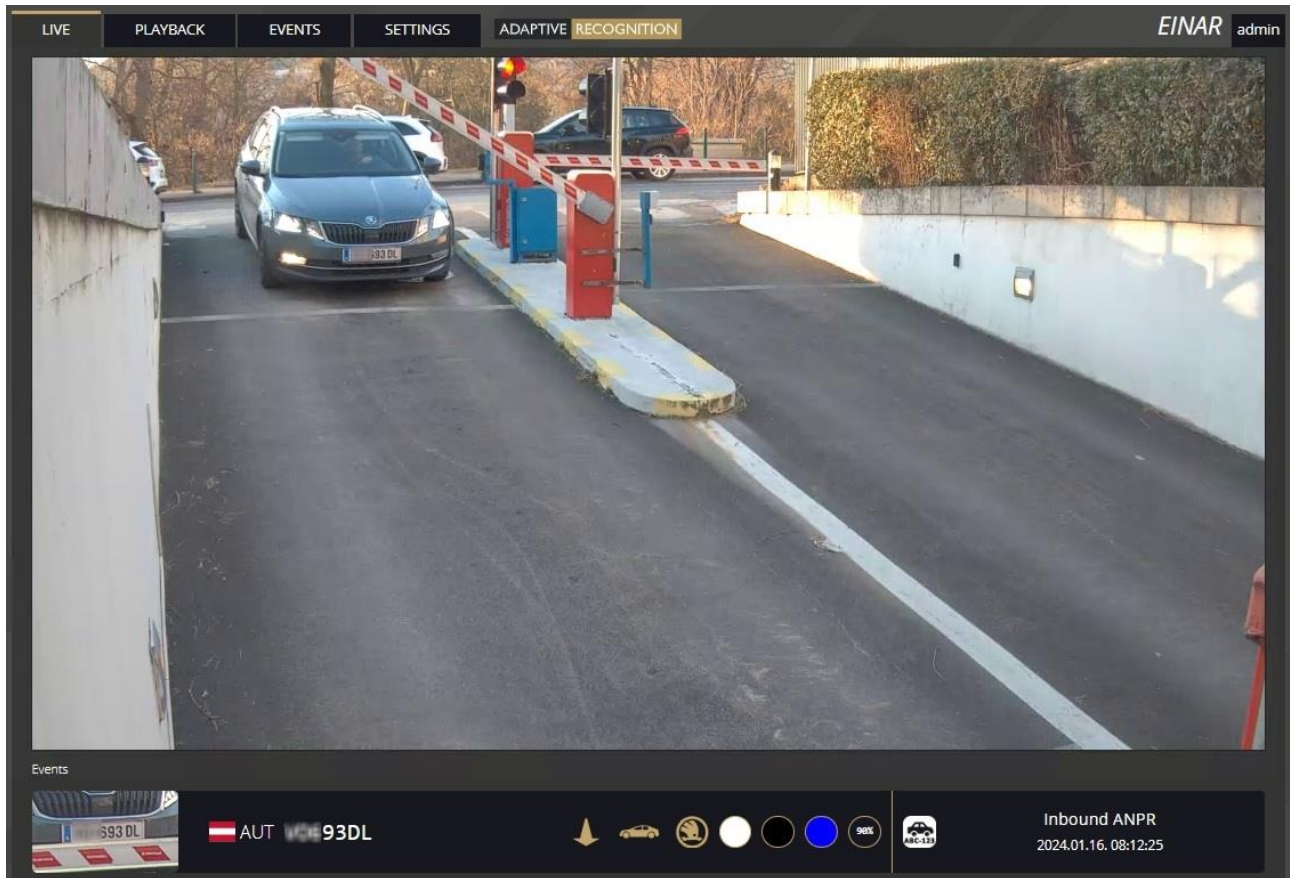
- Image
- Video
- Lens

ANALYTICS

- General
- Detectors
- Uploaders

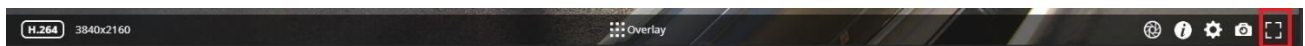
4. LIVE

After login, the interface navigates to the LIVE tab that shows a live feed of the camera streams.



4.1. FULL-SCREEN MODE

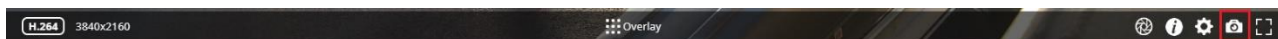
The camera's live stream can be displayed on full screen by clicking on the icon located in the bottom-right corner of the image.



To exit from the full-screen mode, press the **ESC** keyboard key or click on the icon mentioned above.

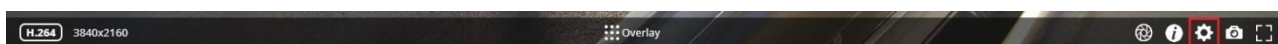
4.2. SAVING IMAGE

Next to the **[Full-screen]** icon is the **[Save image]** icon. By clicking on it, you can save an image of the current live stream with previously selected OSD information. The **CTRL + S** keyboard shortcut can be used as well.



4.3. SWITCHING STREAM

The **[Streams]** button is located next to the **[Save image]** icon. By clicking on it, you can select which stream will be displayed as **LIVE**.



4.4. HELP

Next to the **[Streams]** icon is the **[Help]** button. It brings up keyboard shortcuts on how to use and navigate the video feed. To exit from the Help OSD, press the **[Help]** button or click in the grey area.



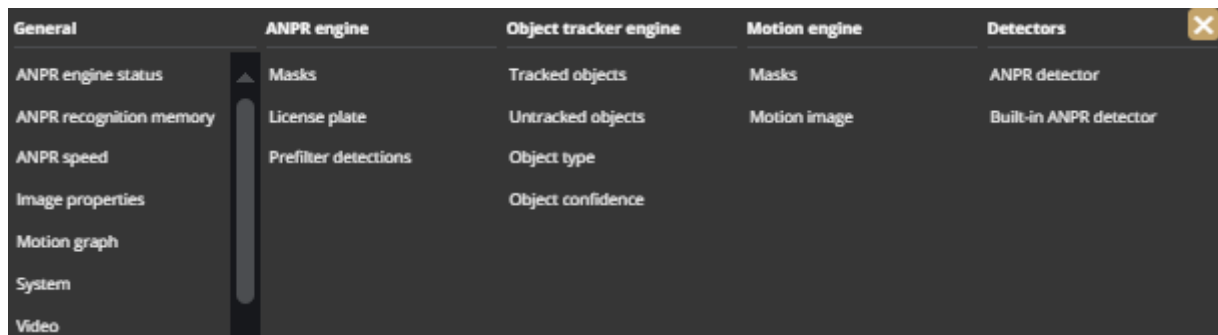
4.5. ZOOM & FOCUS

The last icon on the right is the **[Zoom & Focus]** button. It brings up Zoom and Focus controls to fine-tune the lens of the camera. If you press the **[Autofocus]** button, the camera starts to look for the correct focus value by itself to achieve the sharpest image possible. With the **[Focus to point]** button you can select a specific point of the image what you want to be the sharpest region in the picture. To exit from the Zoom & Focus OSD, press the **[Zoom & Focus]** button.



4.6. OVERLAY

In the middle, at the bottom of the window, is the **[Overlay]** button. With it, you can turn on/off the OSD, and you can view the masks of the applied detectors, image information, motion data, etc. The overlay can be displayed in LIVE and PLAYBACK mode, as well as in any submenu of the SETTINGS menu where the video stream is visible, eg. **{Media / Image}**. The OSD layers come in handy for observing the internal workflow of the camera, setting up the camera or troubleshooting.



The most important parameters related to number plate recognition can be found on the **ANPR engine status** OSD, these are the following:

```
ANPR engine status
Found/Read: 751/892
Prefilter: idle
Carmen-Engine: no-input
Plate: none
Avg. char height: -
Confidence: -
Confidence threshold: 50%
Recognition memory:
TET988 (91%) x1 - approved
```

Found/Read: Number of images on which the camera has started to detect („Read“) license plate, and („Found“) it. Values will be reseted after reboot.

Prefilter: „found“ means the device detected license plate in that image (and in the ANPR mask).

„not-found“ means that the device tried it, but did not detect any license plate in that image.

„idle“ means that the device has not tried to detect plates. The prefilter does not run on every images.

Carmen-Engine: „found“ is displayed when the Carmen ANPR recognition module has processed an image. „no-input“ means the engine do not receive image from the prefilter.

Plate: Recognised license plate result of Carmen engine.

Avg. char height: Character height of recognised license plate.

Confidence: Confidence value of recognised license plate.













Confidence threshold: Minimum confidence value previously set in **{ANPR engine}**. License plates with confidence value below this threshold will be discarded.

Recognition memory: Recognised license plates which will not be recognised again. The time range while the recognised license plates remain in the memory can be set in **{ANPR engine}**/"Ignore same plate for (s)".

4.7. EVENT PREVIEW

You can find the event preview section under the live stream image, displaying the notifications about the latest received events.

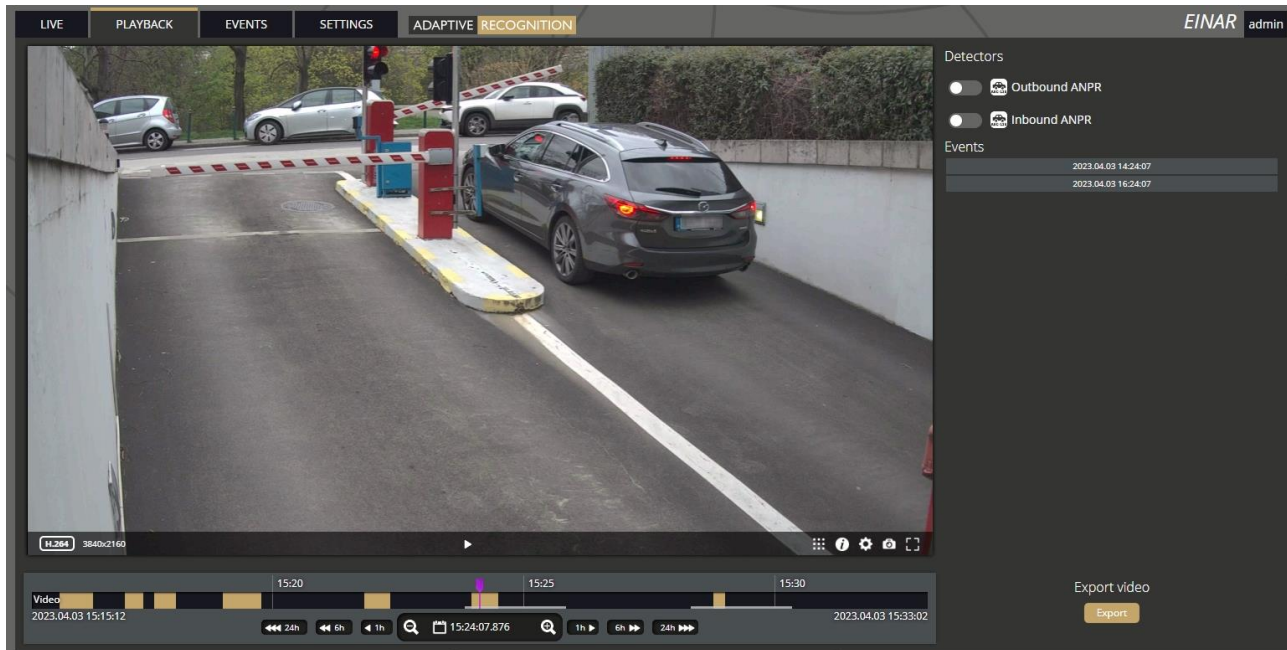
A orange colored **"SIGNAL"** text indicates a start of a longer event that lasts for multiple frames. A long end of event is marked with the green **"RESTORE"** text.

Events			
	Detector emitted an event	RESTORE	Test detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:53
	Detector emitted an event	SIGNAL	Test detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:52
	Detector emitted an event	RESTORE	Test detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:51
	Detector emitted an event	SIGNAL	Test detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:50
	HUN KVB987	    	ANPR detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:49
	Detector emitted an event	RESTORE	Test detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:49
	Detector emitted an event	RESTORE	Motion detector 2023.07.14. 08:46:48

The list also contains the exact date and time an event was emitted. Clicking on the row of event brings up a more detailed view of that event. Clicking on the image shows the event image in full view. One more click takes you back to the event window.

5. PLAYBACK

You can access the **PLAYBACK** interface if the storage is turned on. By clicking on this tab, the recordings stored on the storage device will be listed. You can then navigate them by clicking on the timeline below the video feed.



Note

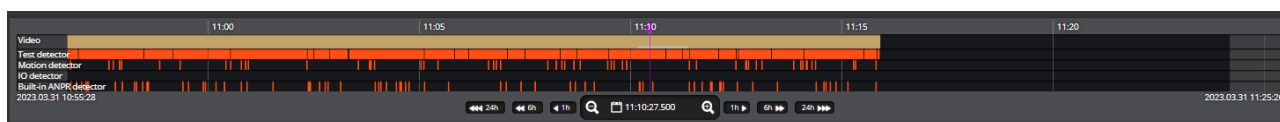
In case the storage is turned off but the storage device is available, the previously recorded elements can be viewed and played if the storage function is switched on.

5.1. NAVIGATE AMONG THE RECORDINGS

You can navigate among the recordings by using the timeline and calendar.

The **timeline** is the black bar under the camera image. The **gold bands** indicate those time intervals where recordings exist. Under this section, the currently selected detectors are located.

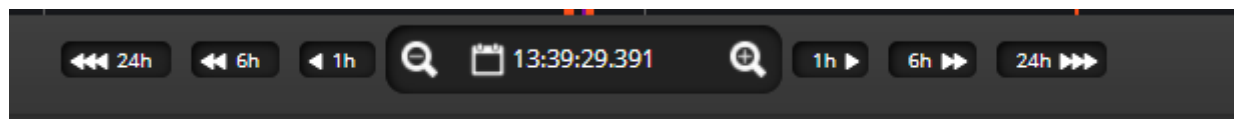
The **red markers** point where events have taken place.



Change the displayed timeline by clicking and holding the left mouse button and moving it to the left (backward in time) and/or to the right (forward in time). By clicking on the desired date, the timeline will skip to that point.

The displayed **white stripe** at the bottom of the gold timeline indicates the video parts ready to be played.

In the middle of the timeline (see image above), there is a **purple marker** that shows where you are in the playback. Under this section, you can also see the current time of the playback.



The **magnifying glasses** located under the timeline are to increase (magnifying glass with + sign) or decrease (magnifying glass with - sign) the time interval found on the timeline.

In the middle of this panel, there is a calendar with which you can seek an exact date and time to play back.

The current time of the computer can be set with the **[Now]** button. After clicking on the **[Done]** button, the playback skips to the selected date.

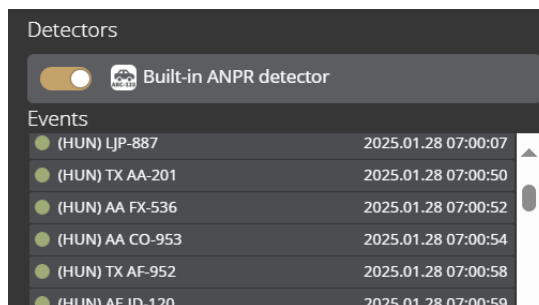
The small image that appears when the mouse cursor is positioned over the timeline shows a preview image of the video near that location.

By moving the cursor over the video, an **OSD menu** appears, the functionality of which is identical to the menu located on the live stream.

To modify the playback speed, click the **cogwheel** on the video menu and select a speed value. This is where you have the help and the image saving options.

5.2. FILTERING THE DETECTORS

You can find a list of the configured detectors and events related to them on the right side of the **PLAYBACK** interface.

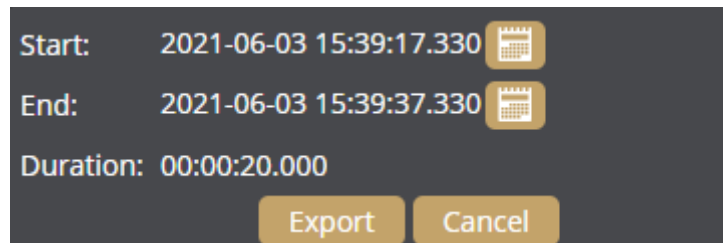


The events and timeline of each detector can be turned on/off by clicking on the appropriate detector button. Clicking on an event in the list, navigates the playback to the date and time of the event.

If you hover the cursor over an event located in the list, the detector related to the event is highlighted above the list. It works vice versa: by hovering the cursor over the detector, the events related to the detector will be highlighted in the list below.

5.3. EXPORTING THE RECORDINGS

Video clips can be saved as mp4 files and can be viewed in most modern video player applications. The **[Export]** button is located in the bottom-right corner of the **PLAYBACK** interface. By clicking on this button, a dialog box pops up, and **two gold arrows** appear on the timeline.



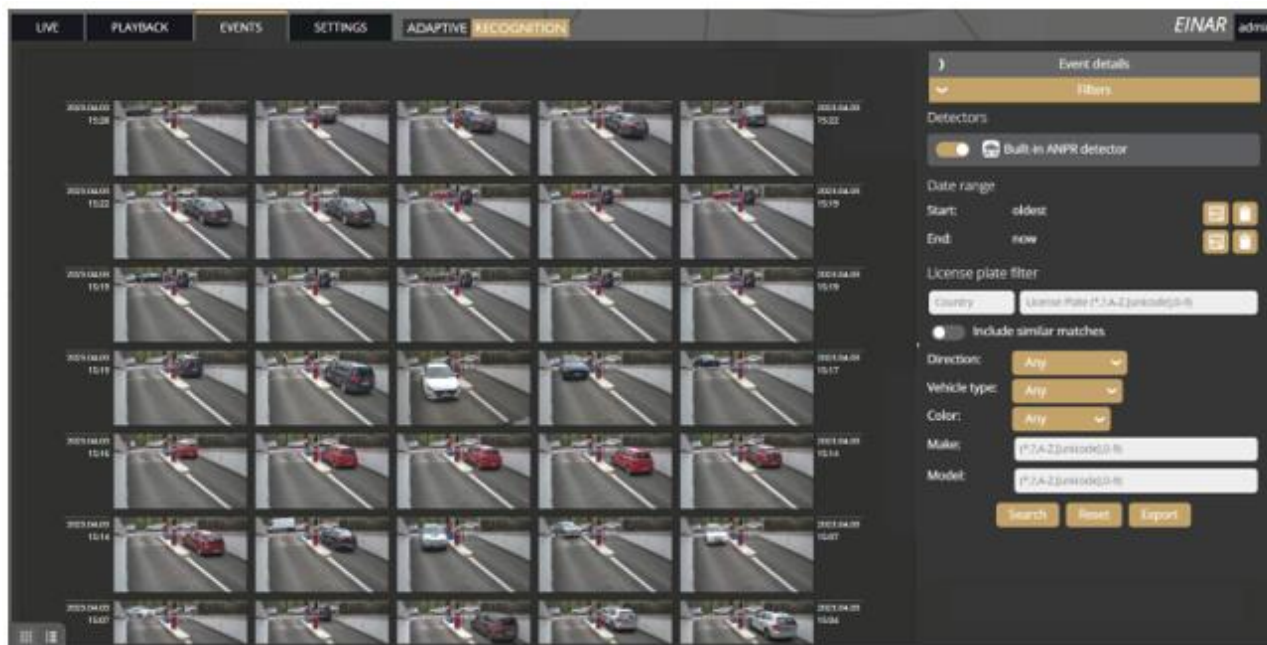
Drag the arrows with the mouse, and click the **[Calendar buttons]** next to "Start" and "End" to modify the exported time range. The duration of the video to be exported is displayed in the bottom line ("Duration").

Note

You can adjust the exact time by clicking on the calendar icon.

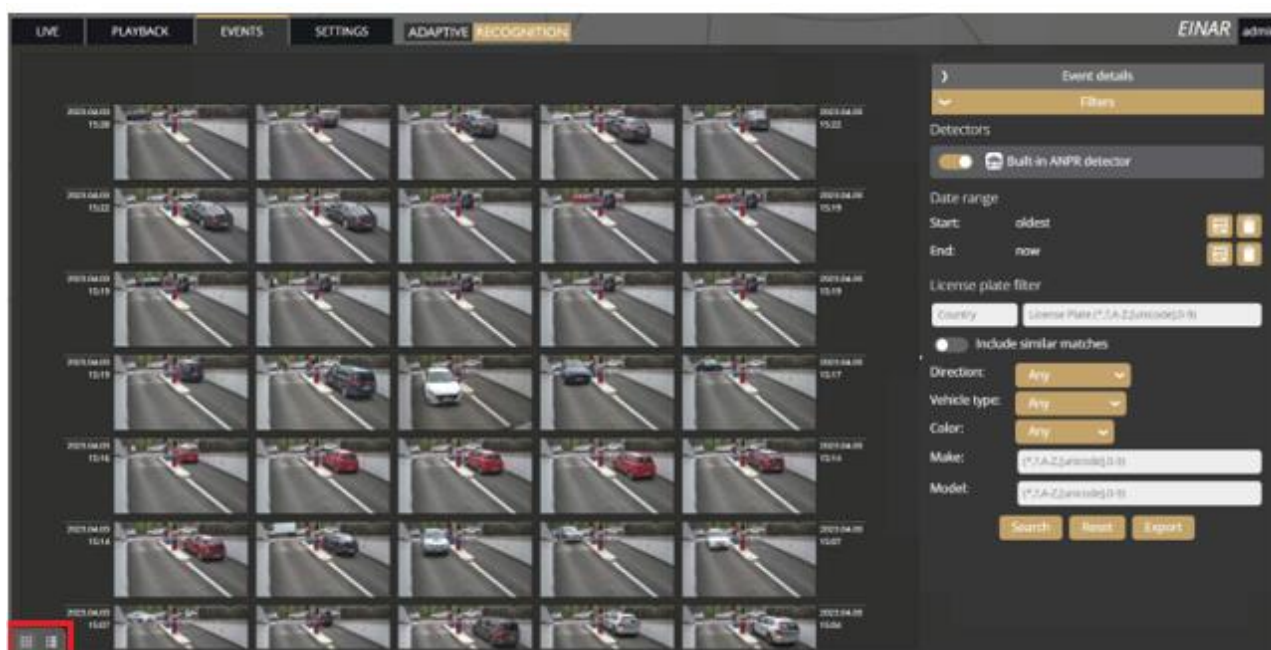
6. EVENTS

You can access the **EVENTS** interface provided that the storage is turned on. By clicking on this tab, all events recorded by the camera will be listed.

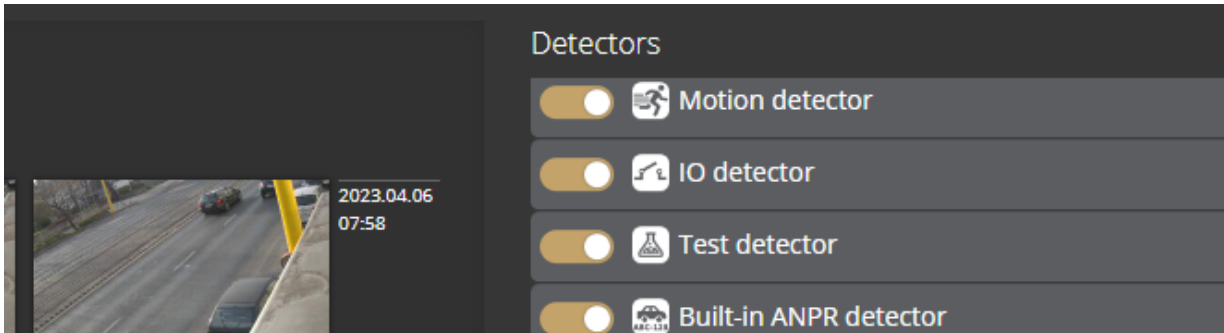


You can navigate between the recorded events in the event browser by scrolling through them with your **scroll wheel**. The events appear as small images. The latest events are at the top.

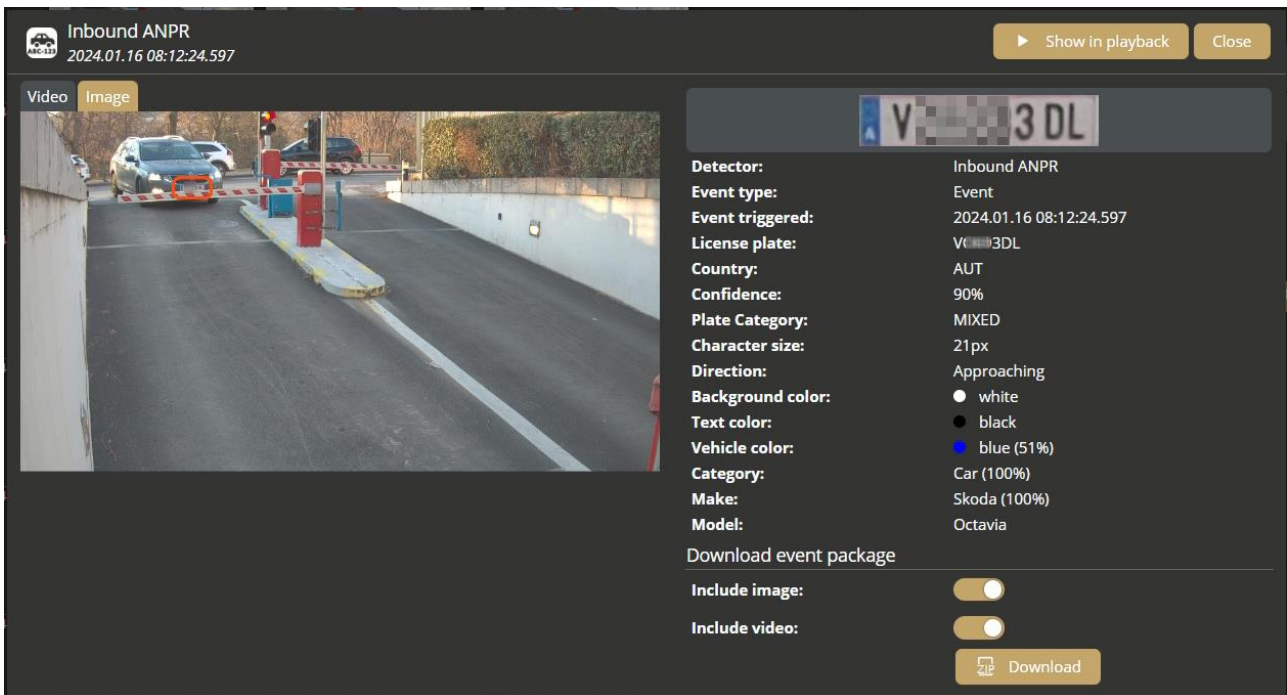
Use the buttons in the bottom left corner to switch between **Grid view** and **Detailed view**.



Hovering the cursor over an event, the detector related to the event is highlighted in the list on the right. Simultaneously, a video clip of the event will be loaded and played automatically.



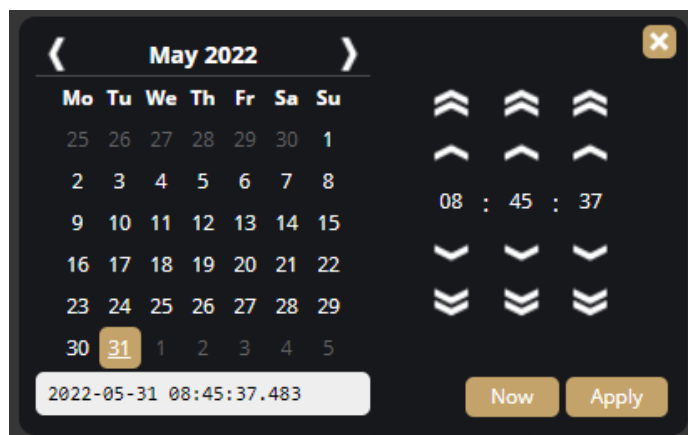
Clicking on an event brings up a detailed view of that event, including a video clip and any related image. The interface can be redirected to the **PLAYBACK** menu item by clicking on the **[Show in playback]** button. The data belonging to the event can be saved as a ZIP file by clicking on the **[Download]** button.



In the top right corner, you can choose to display Event details or Filter options.

The configured detectors are displayed on the right. By moving the cursor over the detector, the events related to the detector will be highlighted in the event browser. By clicking on the detector, the display of its events can be turned on/off.

To set the Date range, click the calendar icon in the Start and End rows. After setting the time and clicking on the **[Apply]** button in the calendar, the browser jumps to the specified time.



An additional license plate search form is available. Similar license plates can be listed if the "Include similar matches" option is turned on. Searching based on vehicle direction; color, make and model data is also available. You can filter events without license plates by using the **No plate only** option.

License plate filter

Search for: Any No plate only

Country:

Include similar matches

Direction: Any ▾

Vehicle type: Any ▾

Color: Any ▾

Make:

Model:

Search Reset Export

Once the filtering is set, events matching the filtering criteria are displayed. In addition, the data of events matching the filtering conditions can be downloaded from the camera in .csv format by clicking on the Export button.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
1	Timestamp,"Detector name","Detector ID","Event ID","Event code","Event type","ANPR text","ANPR confidence","ANPR country","ANPR direction","ANPR category","ANPR text color","ANPR make","ANPR model"																					
2	2024-04-07 10:19:01.917,"Built-in ANPR detector","[B2B78D79-B325-6C42-94C7-05C9B97CA66E]","[0FB10EEA-AAAS-E74A-93D9-73792B7F8C85]",114,"Event","SNM111",87,"HUN","Moving away","CAR","#000000","Volvo","XC60"																					
3	2024-04-07 10:20:49.619,"Built-in ANPR detector","[B2B78D79-B325-6C42-94C7-05C9B97CA66E]","[4F8FDC93-536B-F942-81BF-7298482EFC46]",114,"Event","TBR111",84,"HUN","Unknown","CAR","#808080","Volvo","XC40"																					

7. SETTINGS

The SETTINGS page contains all customizable parameters of the camera.

7.1. SYSTEM / STATUS

On this interface, you can find a summary of the important data of the camera, the installed detectors, the operating time, the ANPR licenses, etc. API documentation can also be found here for integrating.

The screenshot shows the Einar camera settings interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for LIVE, PLAYBACK, EVENTS, SETTINGS, and ADAPTIVE RECOGNITION. The user is logged in as 'admin'. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: SYSTEM (Status, Device, Network, Security, Storage, I/O, Service, Notifications, External), MEDIA (Image, Video, Lens), ANALYTICS (General, Detectors, Uploaders), and External. The main content area is titled 'SYSTEM' and shows the 'Status' section. It displays the following information:

Device			
Name:	Einar_test	Type:	EINAR-GEN-2
Description:	Test camera	Serial:	223DEF2
Date & time:	2024.10.16 10:24:03	Firmware:	1.7.0.164
Storage:	Enabled	Location:	47° 29' 24", 19° 45' 0"
License:	ANPR + MMR	Uptime:	22 hours 4 minutes
License key:	CARMEN SPI - 1003274 View		
Network			
Wired connection:	10.0.7.57, 169.254.222.242 (MAC: 0019b402def2)		DNS:
Video			
Stream 1:	H.264 3840x2160, bitrate: 12000 kbit/s, GOP: 30		
Stream 2:	H.264 640x360, bitrate: 2000 kbit/s, GOP: 30 M-JPEG 640x360, bitrate: 12000 kbit/s		
Detectors			
Built-in ANPR detector			
Resources			
API documentation			
SNMP MIB for AR devices			
SNMP MIB for AR Harbard devices			

Click on the View button to display the license details. You can see which license is valid for which region and until which date.

In the Resources section you will find the API documentation and the SNMP MIB files.

More useful information on integration can be found on the following website:

<https://github.com/adaptiverecognition/harbard-sdk>

7.2. SYSTEM / DEVICE

On the **Device** interface, you can do the following:

- Modify the name, description of the device
- Reboot the device remotely
- Perform a factory reset (after clicking on the button, the original manufacturer settings are restored except for the network settings)
- Set the date and time
- Upload firmware, ANPR engine and license
- Set location data/GPS data.

General

Device name:

Device description:

Date & time

Date & time: 2025.01.28 09:57:01 (CET)

Timezone: Europe / Budapest

Use NTP:

NTP servers:

<input type="text" value="ntp.se"/>	<input type="button" value="delete"/>
<input type="text" value="se.pool.ntp.org"/>	<input type="button" value="delete"/>
<input type="text" value="time.google.com"/>	<input type="button" value="delete"/>
<input type="button" value="+"/>	

NTP status: [?]

7m	ntp.netnod.se
3m	sth1.ntp.netnod.se
7m	time4.google.com

Location

Data source:

Location: [?] ,

Status: [?] 47° 29' 34.6128" N, 19° 44' 47.5671" E

Display URL: [?]

Maintenance

Reboot:

Factory reset:

Firmware:

Current firmware version: 1.8.0.165

ANPR engine:

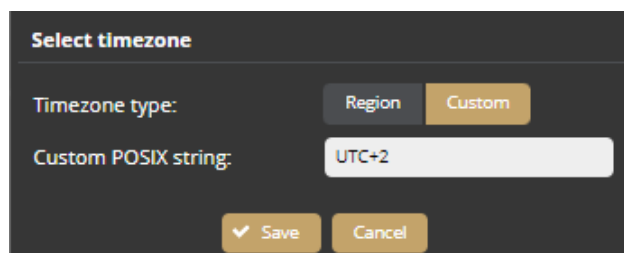
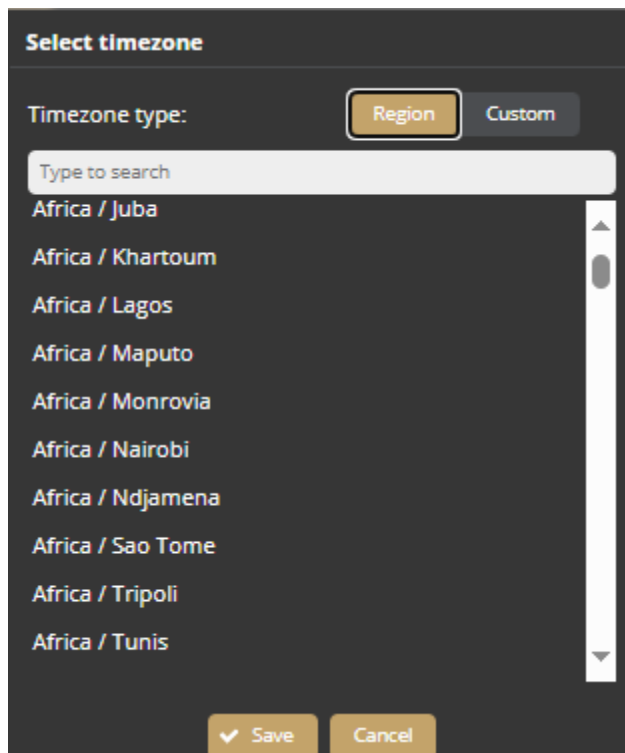
Current ANPR engine: 7.3.17.34 EUR

License:

Date & time settings

The current time of the camera is displayed at the **Device time** using your web browser's locale. The device time can be set manually by clicking on the **[Calendar icon]**. You can synchronize the device to the computer time with the **[Set local time]** button next to the calendar icon.

You can choose the **time zone** of the camera, select by region or enter a Custom setting.



To automatically synchronize the time using an NTP server, turn on the **[Use NTP]** option and add an NTP server to the field of the **NTP servers**. Use at least local NTP server if you manage more than one camera and/or use integration via API/HTTP/FTP/etc.

Important!

In the case of the camera being registered to the Intellio server, **do not** use NTP servers.

NTP status shows the current status of each configured NTP server. The color indicates state of the server and the value is the delay until synchronization is performed again.

Color states are the following:

Red: Server is not suitable or unreachable.

Green: Server is working and used for synchronization.

Gray: Server is not used because there is a better alternative.

Location

GPS data can be entered manually or requested from a router with NMEA 0182 standard.

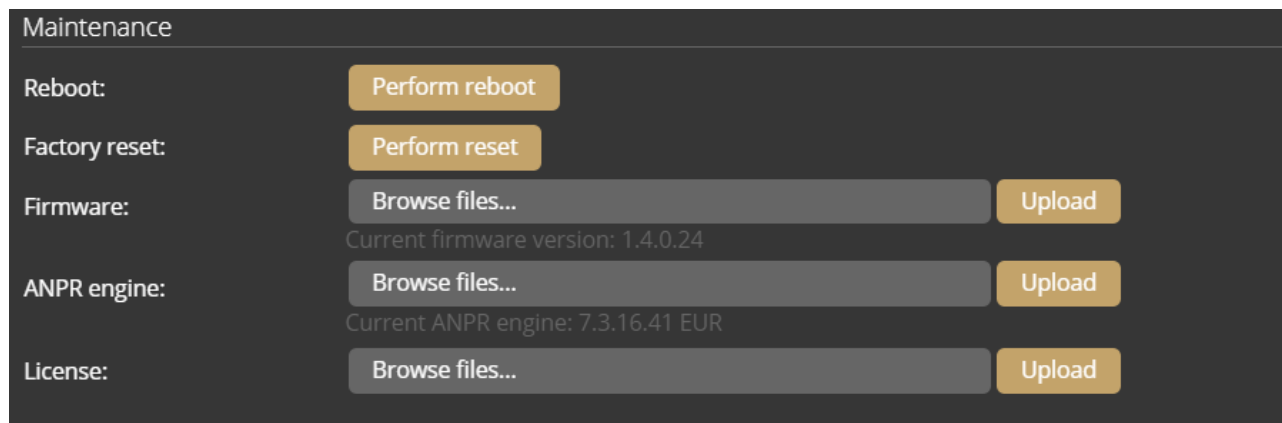
Location: Set the current location of the device in the geographic coordinate system using the decimal degree format.

Service URL: Set the URL of a server that can transmit location data using the NMEA 0182 standard.

Display URL: By settings an HTTP or HTTPS URL to an external website all location data displayed on this web interface will be a hyperlink to the external site with coordinates as parameters.

Firmware, ANPR engine, License update

Click **[Browse files...]** on the field to be modified, then select the Firmware (.ifw), ANPR engine (.iep) or License (.ukeys) files to be uploaded. Finally, click on the corresponding upload button.



The update process can be interrupted by clicking on the **[Cancel]** button located on the panel showing the upload status.

When the upload is finished (in the case of uploading license before the update process), the camera asks a security question whether you are sure about the modification. Choosing **[No]** interrupts the update process, and the camera operates with the previous settings. If you opt for **[Yes]**, the update continues. Updating and rebooting the camera may take a few minutes.

The latest firmware and engine can be downloaded [here](#).

Important!

- During the update process **do not** unplug the camera.
- To use the camera with the on-board ANPR function, license file and engine file must be uploaded to the camera.
- If you try to upload firmware, engine or license for another product to the camera, an error message will pop up and the upload will be cancelled.
- If you upload an engine for a region other than the license region to the camera, the upload will succeed, but then the camera will display an error message in the Settings/Detectors/ANPR engine section, the license plate recognition will not work.
- The camera can be upgraded with firmware released after the license expires. The license expiration only affects the engine, the camera cannot be updated with the engine released after the license expiration. License expiration does not affect the camera functionality.

7.3. SYSTEM / NETWORK

The **Network** menu item hides the network settings. The IP address assigned to the camera can be static or dynamic. Click on the Add button to configure the DNS server.

Click on the Add button to configure the DNS search admin domain.

DNS servers: +

DNS search domain: +

Default interface: Wired connection ▾

Save

Interfaces

Wired connection

MAC address: 00:19:B4:02:DE:F2 Current address

Mode: Static address DHCP 10.0.7.57 Subnet: 255.255.254.0 dhcp

Fallback to static: 169.254.222.242 Subnet: 255.255.0.0 static

Static address

Address:

Netmask:

Gateway:

Save

Fallback to static

If the device is set to DHCP, the "**Fallback to static**" option will be accessible. The device will use the configured fallback address when obtaining a new address from a DHCP server fails.

Monitoring

The Monitoring tab shows statistics of active media connections (e.g., live feeds, event stream) and lists all in- and outgoing traffic by network adapter.

Settings Monitoring

Media streams

	Client	Type	Send	Waiting	Dropped	Uptime
	192.168.9.158	RTSP	2.41 Mbit/s	0 B	0 B	7 minutes 4 seconds
	192.168.3.47	IVS	0 bit/s	0 B	0 B	3 minutes 24 seconds
	192.168.3.47	IVS	14.35 Mbit/s	0 B	0 B	3 minutes 24 seconds

Interfaces

Interface	Send	Receive
Wired connection	16.88 Mbit/s	142.32 Kbit/s

7.4. SYSTEM / SECURITY

In the **Users** database, you can perform the maintenance of the user data, like:

- Adding new users
- Deleting users
- Modifying the already existing user profiles

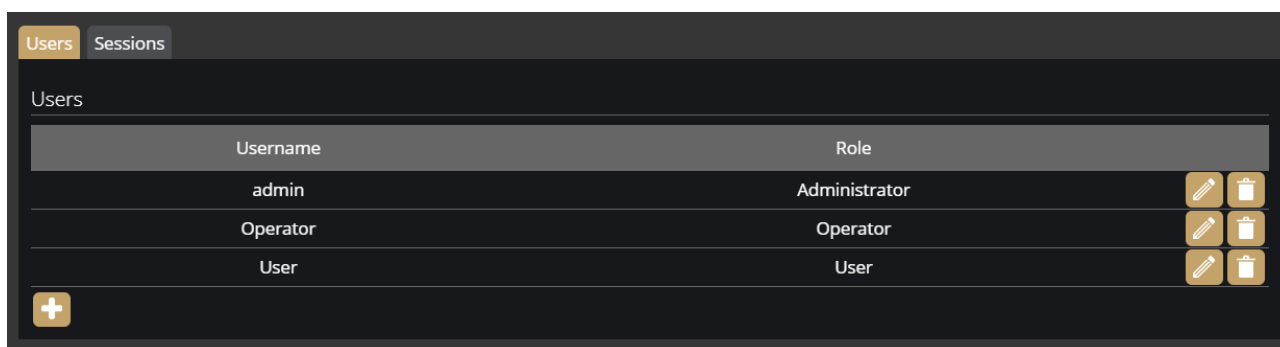
The default user and password are "**admin**".







! Important!


To increase the security of using the device on the network, please **change the default password** of your account.

When adding a new user, you can set three levels of permissions:

1. **Administrator**: The administrator can access and edit all parameters of a camera.
2. **User**: The user can view but not edit the parameters of the camera. Some pages containing sensitive information may be hidden.
3. **Operator**: The operator has the same privileges as a user but can operate the camera zoom and focus (if available).



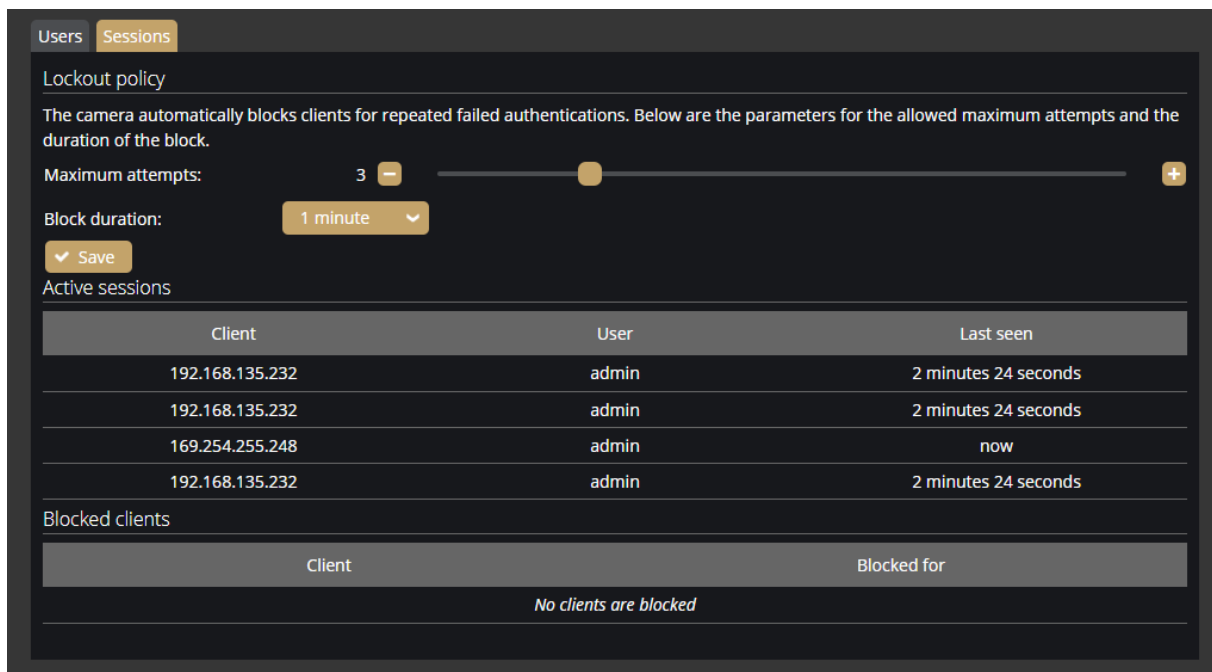
Username	Role	
admin	Administrator	 
Operator	Operator	 
User	User	 



Sessions

At **Lockout policy**, the maximum number of failed login attempts can be adjusted. After reaching the specified number, the device blocks that session. By default, after three failed login attempts, the camera blocks the IP address of the client for a minute. Note that the number of **Maximum attempts** may vary between one and ten. The duration of the block can be set between 30 seconds and seven days.

The Active sessions and Blocked clients can also be seen on this tab.



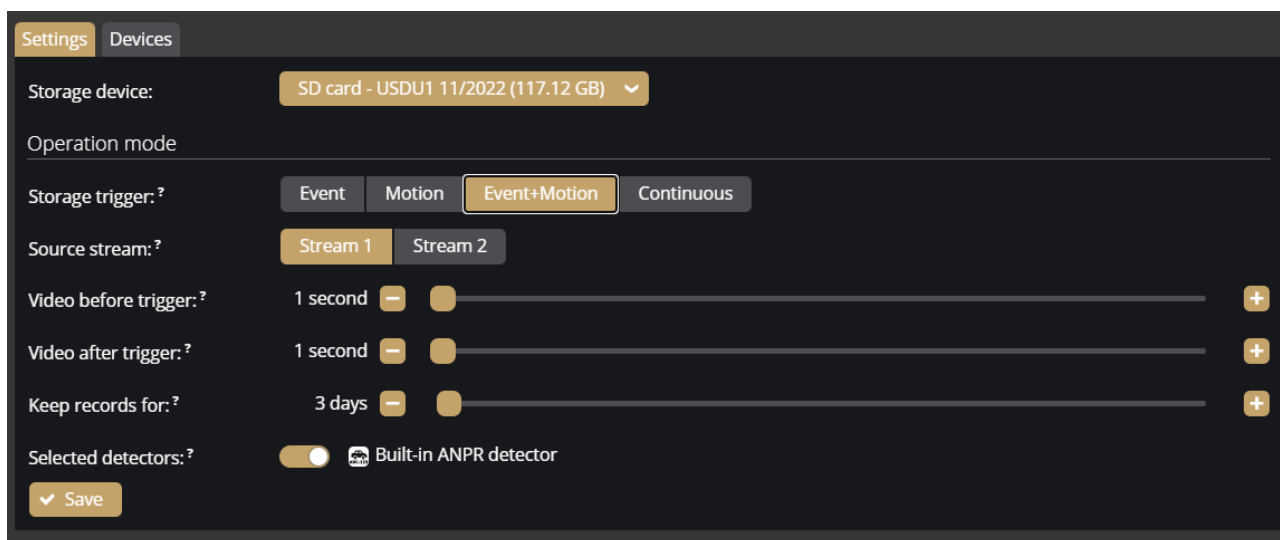
The screenshot displays the 'Sessions' tab in a dark-themed interface. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Users' and 'Sessions', with 'Sessions' selected. Below the tabs, the 'Lockout policy' section is visible. It contains a descriptive text: 'The camera automatically blocks clients for repeated failed authentications. Below are the parameters for the allowed maximum attempts and the duration of the block.' Underneath, there are two settings: 'Maximum attempts' is set to 3, and 'Block duration' is set to 1 minute. A 'Save' button is located below these settings. Below the lockout policy, there are two tables. The first table is titled 'Active sessions' and has three columns: 'Client', 'User', and 'Last seen'. It contains four rows of data. The second table is titled 'Blocked clients' and has two columns: 'Client' and 'Blocked for'. It shows 'No clients are blocked'.

Client	User	Last seen
192.168.135.232	admin	2 minutes 24 seconds
192.168.135.232	admin	2 minutes 24 seconds
169.254.255.248	admin	now
192.168.135.232	admin	2 minutes 24 seconds

Client	Blocked for
No clients are blocked	

7.5. SYSTEM / STORAGE

The settings related to the storage can be performed at **Storage**. After enabling the storage function, select a device under **Storage device** where the images, video streams and events are saved.



Operation mode

Under **Operation mode**, the **storage trigger** can be selected. The image sequences will be saved based on this selection.

Important!

These settings only have an impact on the storage device. They do not affect the storage in the IVS.

The following can be selected as a **storage trigger**:

- **Event**: Only those image sequences will be stored which have taken place during the signaling of the selected detector(s).
- **Motion**: When the camera detects motion, the storage process starts and finishes when the motion is over.
- **Event+Motion**: Storage is performed in cases of both an **Event** or **Motion**.
- **Continuous**: The storage function saves every frame regardless of event or motion.

The properties of the video stream to be recorded for an event can be selected by specifying the **Source Stream** parameter. **Stream1** represents the higher resolution, primary stream and **Stream2** represents the lower resolution, secondary stream. See also **{Media / Video}**.

Recordings before and after activation (seconds)

The recording time (in seconds) before and after the events can be regulated with the help of the sliders.

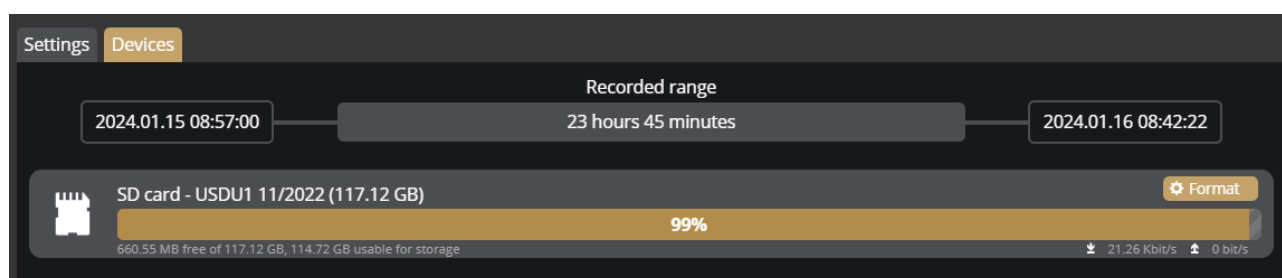
Keep records for: Recordings are automatically deleted from the storage medium after the specified time. You can set the number of days after which data is deleted from the SD card.

Selected detectors

It may not be necessary to record at every detector signaling. Thus, the user can select which detector signals should trigger the recording.

Devices

Under the **Devices** tab, information about the data of the SD card, the length of the recordings, the available storage, and the writing/reading speed can be found.



Formatting the SD card

With the **[Format]** button, you can format the storage unit immediately. After clicking on the **[Format]** button, a window pops up. Click on the **[Yes]** button to start the operation. The capacity bar indicates the remaining time of the formatting process.


If you replace the SD card in the camera, you must format the SD card first, then you can select it as a Storage device.

! Important!

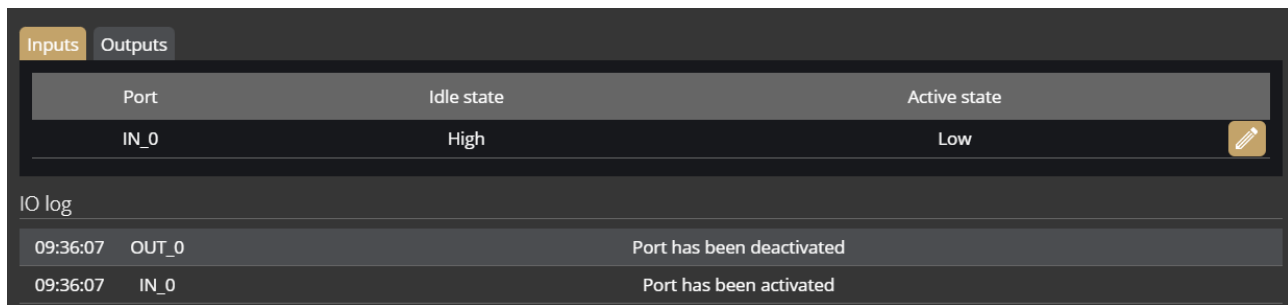
The formatting deletes every data from the SD card.

7.6. SYSTEM / IO

The I/O ports allow communication between the information processing system (in this case, the camera) and the outside world (e.g., a person, computers, alarms, barriers, etc.).

The conditions related to the information coming from the outside world to the camera and arriving through the input ports (input signals) can be adjusted by clicking the  button () at the **Inputs** tab. When the **port's active state** is set to "**Low**", the signal is only received from a detector if the device connected to the camera sends about 0-1 VDC. When the **port's active state** is set to "**High**", then the signal is received from a detector if the device connected to the camera sends about 2-24 VDC.

An ONVIF device recorded in the External menu can send a Digital Input signal to Einar, which can trigger the camera to record an event. Einar can also send a Digitalis Output signal to this ONVIF device. The Digitalis Output signal may be triggered by events produced by the selected detector.



Port	Idle state	Active state
IN_0	High	Low

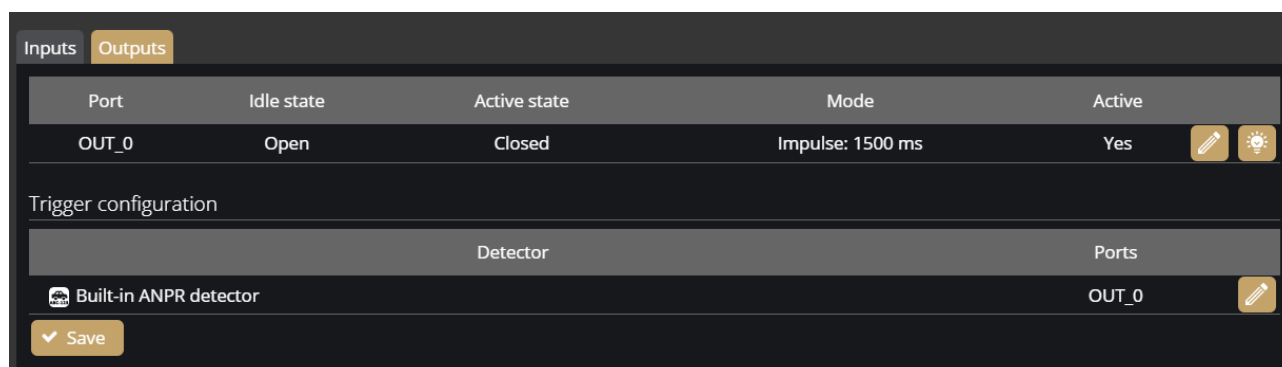
IO log

09:36:07	OUT_0	Port has been deactivated
09:36:07	IN_0	Port has been activated

You can also modify the **Output ports** at the **Outputs** tab.

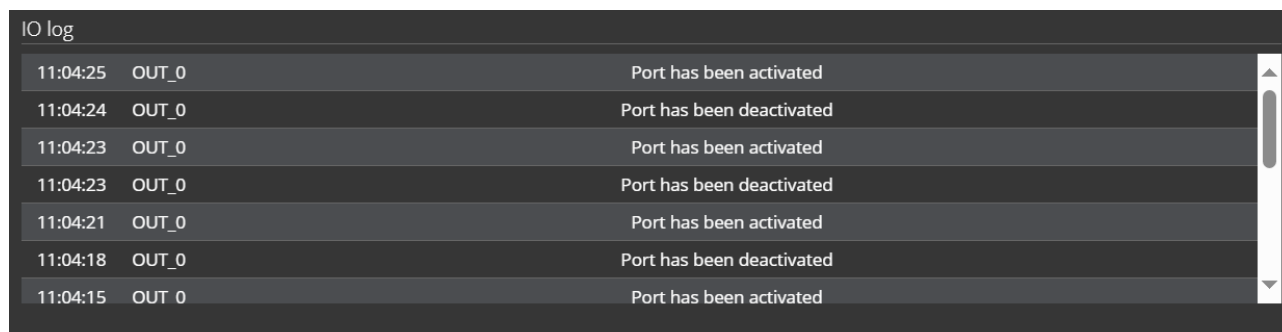
The following parameters can be adjusted after clicking on the **Edit** button ():

- **Active state:** The active state of the port. If it is "**Open**", the port is open when an event occurs. If it is "**Closed**", the port closes when an event occurs.
- **Impulse length (ms):** In the case of activating the output port, the length of the active state can be adjusted.



It can be selectable which detector signal should activate the output port of the camera at **Trigger configuration** section.

You can monitor the state changes of the input/output ports at **IO log** section:



7.7. SYSTEM / SERVICE

AR Discovery Tool

- **Allow discovery:** You can allow the AR Discovery Tool to discover the camera.

Bonjour:

- **Allow discovery:** You can allow the Bonjour to discover the camera.

WS Discovery:

- **Allow discovery:** You can allow the WS Discovery to discover the camera.

IVS

- **Service port:** The service port of the IVS (Intellio Video System) can be specified by filling in the field.

ONVIF

- **Service enabled:** ONVIF feature can be enabled or disabled.

RTSP

- **Service port:** The service port of the RTSP can be specified by filling in the field.
- **Authentication required:** By selecting "**Enabled**", authentication is required when connecting to the RTSP stream.

SNMP

- **Service enabled:** The SNMP service can be enabled or disabled.
- **Read community:** Password required for the camera properties on SNMP.

UPnP

- **Allow discovery:** Enable or disable the device discovery provided by the UPnP protocol.

Webserver

- **Service port / Secure service port:** The service ports of the Webserver can be specified by filling in the field.
- **Certificate:** The camera has its own self-signed SSL certificate. This certification is used by the camera to provide HTTPs services.

(If you want to modify the SSL certificate, click on the Edit button and upload the Certificate and Key.)

AR Discovery

Allow discovery: Disabled Enabled

Bonjour

Allow discovery: Disabled Enabled

WS Discovery

Service enabled: Disabled Enabled

IVS[?]

Service port:

ONVIF

Service enabled: Disabled Enabled

RTSP

Service port:

Authentication required: Disabled Enabled

SNMP

Service enabled: Disabled Enabled

Read community:

UPnP

Allow discovery: Disabled Enabled

Webserver

Service port:

Secure service port:

Certificate: US (self-signed)

7.8. SYSTEM / NOTIFICATIONS

In the **Messages** tab of this configuration interface, you can find system messages of the camera.

#	Date	Type	Description
3	2024.01.15 15:08:38	License	License key added with serial [1003274]
2	2024.01.15 15:08:38	System	System started
1	2024.01.15 15:08:37	Storage	USDU1 11/2022
0	2024.01.15 15:08:36	Network	

Refresh

* Only the last 1000 entry is shown!

In the **Email** tab, you can specify the email settings for sending messages. The following parameters can be adjusted after clicking on the **[Enabled]** button:

- **Delay between messages:** After sending an email, the device will wait at least the selected duration before it can send another email.
- **Exclude:** Notification types selected here are excluded from the email messages.
- **SMTP settings:** enter the required data to set the access of the SMTP service.
- **E-mail settings:** set the display name and the email address that the device uses when sending email messages. The **Send to** field is used to set the recipients.

Messages **Email**

E-mail notifications: Disabled Enabled

Delay between messages: 1 minute

Exclude:

- Storage
- Analytics
- NTP
- Network
- License
- System
- Security

SMTP settings

Host: smtp.gmail.com

Port: 465

Encryption: SSL/TLS

Username: test@gmail.com

Password:

E-mail settings

Sender name: MM_Einar.camera.7
(e.g.: CAM-Floor3)

Sender address: testosm1979@gmail.com

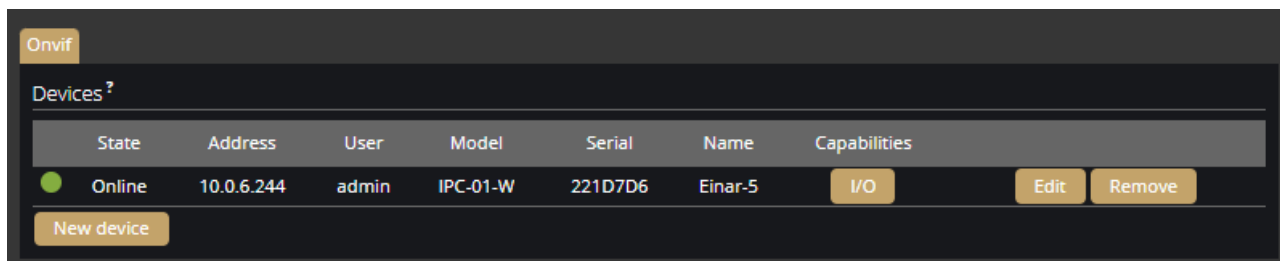
Send to: toltan@adaptiveRecognition.com

* One email address per line

Save Test settings Test settings

7.9. SYSTEM / EXTERNAL / ONVIF

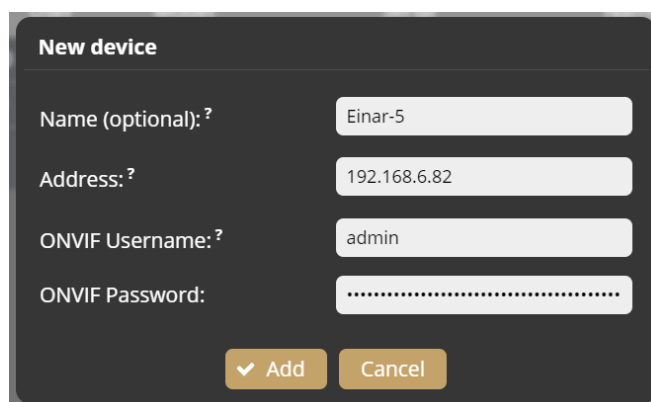
You can manage the associated Onvif devices in the External menu. You can add a new device, edit the data of existing devices and delete a device.



State	Address	User	Model	Serial	Name	Capabilities
Online	10.0.6.244	admin	IPC-01-W	221D7D6	Einar-5	I/O

The following should be set when adding a new device:

- **Name: (optional):** The name of the device can be entered.
- **Address:** IP address where the device is accessible.
- **ONVIF Username:** The device's ONVIF username.
- **ONVIF Password:** The device's ONVIF password.



Note

For many cameras, the ONVIF Username and Password do not match the username and password used in the browser. ONVIF may also need to be enabled on the camera.

7.10. SYSTEM / EXTERNAL / MQTT

You can manage the MQTT communication settings in the External menu.

Client ID: The name of the device can be entered.

Broker URL: Url to a MQTT Broker service with the following formats:

mqtt://<address>:<port>[/path]*[?query] - TCP

mqtt://<address>:<port>[/path]*[?query] - Secure TCP

ws://<address>:<port>[/path]*[?query] - Websocket

wss://<address>:<port>[/path]*[?query] - Secure Websocket

HTTP Proxy URL: Url to a HTTP Proxy Server for transferring MQTT communication.

Username: Username for the MQTT Broker service.

Password: Password for the MQTT Broker service.

Keep alive (s): MQTT keepalive message frequency in seconds.

Onvif **MQTT** Modbus

Client: Disabled Enabled

Broker Settings

Client ID:

Broker URL:

HTTP Proxy URL:

Username:

Password:

Keep alive (s): - +

Publish Subscribe

Type	Payload Format	Topic	QoS	Actions
gpio.in	Json	AR-223DEF2/gpio/in/IN_0	0	Edit
analytics.event	Json	AR-223DEF2/analytics/event	0	Edit

Save

Client log

7.11. SYSTEM / EXTERNAL / MODBUS

In the External menu you can manage devices connected on Modbus protocol.

Onvif MQTT **Modbus**

Client:

Status: ● **Disconnected**

Modbus TCP Settings

IP address:

Port:

Device ID:

Number of inputs:

Start address:

Inverted inputs

Number of outputs:

Start address:

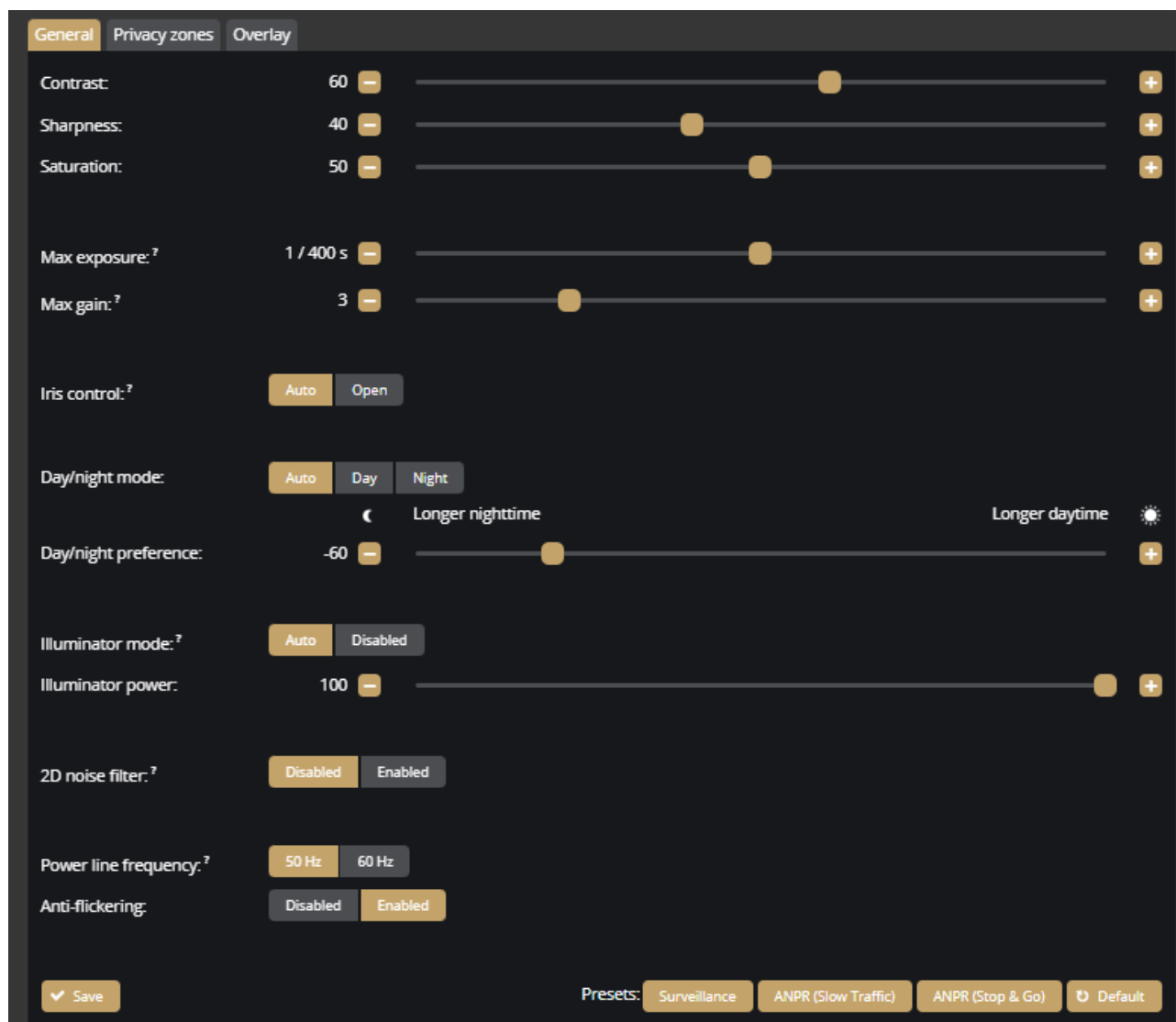
Inverted outputs

I/O Statistics

Port	Direction	Inverted
------	-----------	----------

7.12. MEDIA / IMAGE

On this configuration interface, you can optimize the image quality.



Here, the following elements can be fine-tuned:

- **Contrast:** Brightness difference between the brightest and darkest points of the image.
- **Sharpness:** It makes the details sharper or more blurred.
- **Saturation:** It defines the saturation of colors in the image.
- **Max exposure:** The camera cannot expose longer than the specified value.
- **Max gain:** The digital gain cannot be greater than the specified value.
- **Iris control:** The iris can be kept open all the time or can be operated automatically.
- **Day/night mode:** Day and night mode can be chosen manually or automatically.
- **Day/night preference:** A preferred setting of day or night mode can be defined, which is applied in the case of automatic shifting.

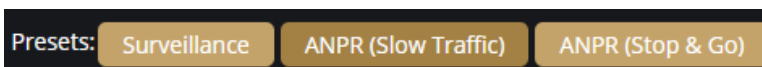
- **Illuminator mode:** The infra LED can be operated automatically or can be disabled.
- **Illuminator power:** You can adjust the brightness of the infra LED.
- **2D noise filter:** Noisy pixels are filtered based on the environment of a pixel.
- **Power line frequency:** The power line frequency of the region where the camera is installed. It is used to eliminate vertical flickering in artificially lit areas. If this value is changed, different Max Exposure values will be available.
- **Anti-flickering:** Reduces flickering caused by light sources that flicker due to the mains frequency

Presets

You can select preset values which are calibrated to different situations. These elements are not necessarily ideal settings for all cases; they are to be considered as guidelines. They generally show acceptable image settings for certain scenarios.

These preset values are the following:

- **Surveillance:** General setting for basic motion detection and surveillance
- **ANPR (Slow Traffic):** Ideal for free-flow, slow traffic license plate reading
- **ANPR (Stop & Go):** Recommended for parking license plate reading



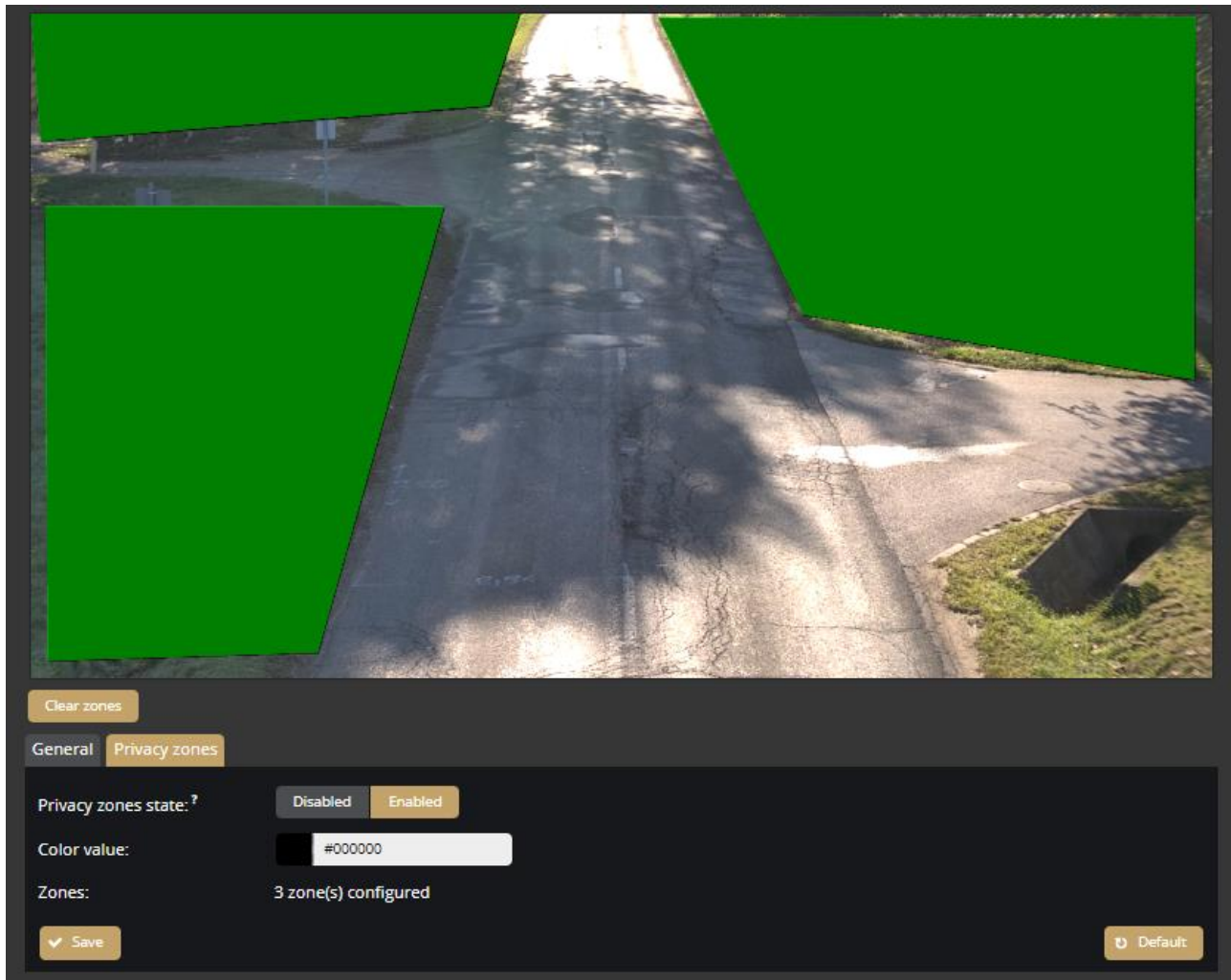
Preset buttons show if current settings match a preset.

Note

If the camera is included with on-board ANPR engine and your project does not involve parking, use Slow Traffic values.

7.13. MEDIA / IMAGE / PRIVACY ZONE

Privacy zones are customizable areas that you can use to cover areas that you do not want to be monitored.



Here you can make the following settings:

- **Privacy zone states:** Enables hiding parts of the image. You can draw polygons on the image to hide sensitive content.
- **Color value:** With the hexadecimal color setting, you can specify the color of the private zone area in the image.
- **Zone:** number of configured zones

7.14. MEDIA / IMAGE / OVERLAY

In the Overlay section, you can place a subtitle on the image. First enable the Overlay Sate option, then you can edit the subtitle. The subtitle can contain Date time information and information about the Device (Serial Number, Device Name, Device description, GPS data).

You can set the size of the characters with the Text size option. Text color option lets you set the color of the characters. Use the Background color option to set the background color of the subtitle. Use the Add Line button to create additional lines.

You can adjust the subtitle to any position on the image. Click on the subtitle in the live view and hold down the cursor to move the subtitle box to the desired position.

Importantly, the subtitle set up in this mode will be displayed continuously on all images in the video stream. If you set it, you will not be able to request a non-subtitled image from the camera.

General Privacy zones **Overlay**

Overlay state: Disabled Enabled

Text lines

Line #1

Formatting:

Event date & time	Device
Year (4 digits) <input type="text" value="\$YYYY"/> <input type="text" value="\$YEAR"/> <input type="text" value="\$y"/>	Device serial <input type="text" value="\$DEVICE/SERIAL"/>
Year (2 digits) <input type="text" value="\$YY"/> <input type="text" value="\$r"/>	Device name <input type="text" value="\$DEVICE/NAME"/>
Month <input type="text" value="\$MM"/> <input type="text" value="\$MONTH"/> <input type="text" value="\$o"/>	Device description <input type="text" value="\$DEVICE/DESCRIPTION"/>
Day <input type="text" value="\$DD"/> <input type="text" value="\$DAY"/> <input type="text" value="\$d"/>	Location latitude (DD) <input type="text" value="\$LOCATION/LAT"/> <input type="text" value="\$A"/>
Hour (24-hour) <input type="text" value="\$HH"/> <input type="text" value="\$HOUR"/> <input type="text" value="\$h"/>	Location latitude (DMS) <input type="text" value="\$LOCATION/LAT/DMS"/>
Hour (12-hour) <input type="text" value="\$hh"/>	Location longitude (DD) <input type="text" value="\$LOCATION/LNG"/> <input type="text" value="\$O"/>
AM/PM <input type="text" value="\$a"/>	Location longitude (DMS) <input type="text" value="\$LOCATION/LNG/DMS"/>
Minute <input type="text" value="\$mm"/> <input type="text" value="\$MINUTE"/> <input type="text" value="\$m"/>	
Second <input type="text" value="\$ss"/> <input type="text" value="\$SECOND"/> <input type="text" value="\$s"/>	
Millisecond <input type="text" value="\$zzz"/> <input type="text" value="\$MILLISECOND"/>	

Examples

ISO 8601 date

US date

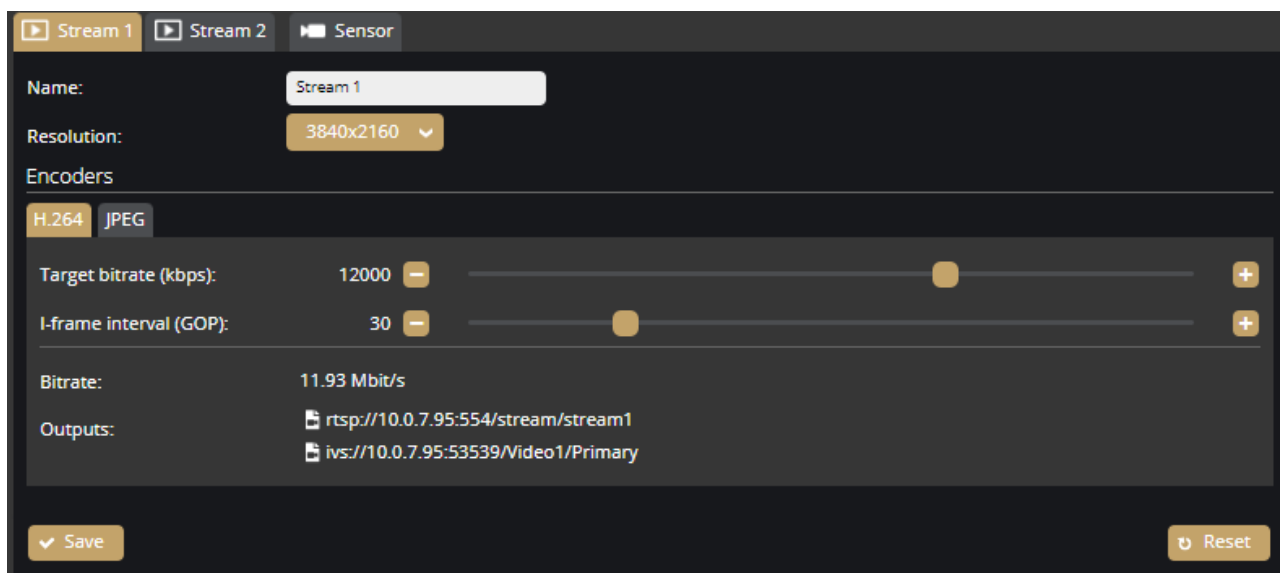
Text size (px):

Text color:

Background color:

7.15. MEDIA / VIDEO

When clicking on the **Video** menu item, the functions related to the video encoders are displayed. Above these, the live stream of the camera remains visible.



On this interface, the settings (name, resolution, etc.) of **Stream 1** and **Stream 2** can be performed separately.

Encoders

- **Target bitrate (kbps):** The bandwidth size can be adjusted.
- **I-frame interval (GOP):** The density of the I frames can be specified.
- **Quality:** The quality of the images can be specified.

Videostream / image (snapshot) URL links can be found on this interface:

Stream1 / H.264 stream: `rtsp://EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream1`

Stream1 / JPEG image: `http://EINAR_IP/image/stream1`

Stream2 / H.264 stream: `rtsp://EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream2`

Stream2 / MJPEG stream: `http://EINAR_IP/stream/stream2`

Stream2 / MJPEG stream: `rtsp://EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream2/mjpeg`

Stream2 / JPEG image: `http://EINAR_IP/image/stream2`

Authentication (username and password) is required to use the streams. The stream links with authentication are listed below:

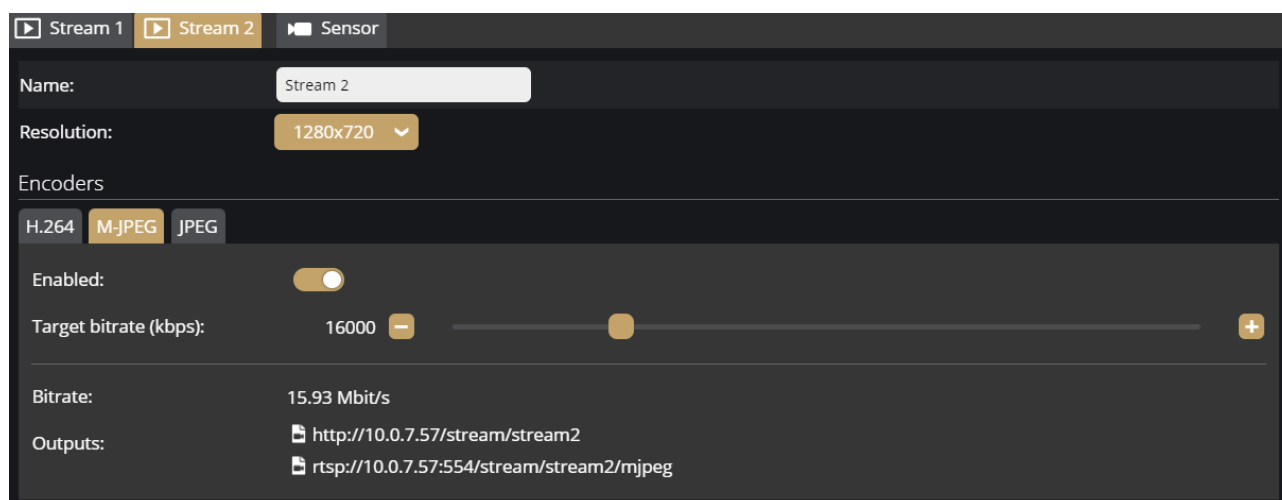
Stream1 / H.264 stream: `rtsp://USERNAME:PASSWORD@EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream1`

Stream2 / H.264 stream: `rtsp://USERNAME:PASSWORD@EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream2`

Stream2 / MJPEG stream: `http://USERNAME:PASSWORD@EINAR_IP/stream/stream2`

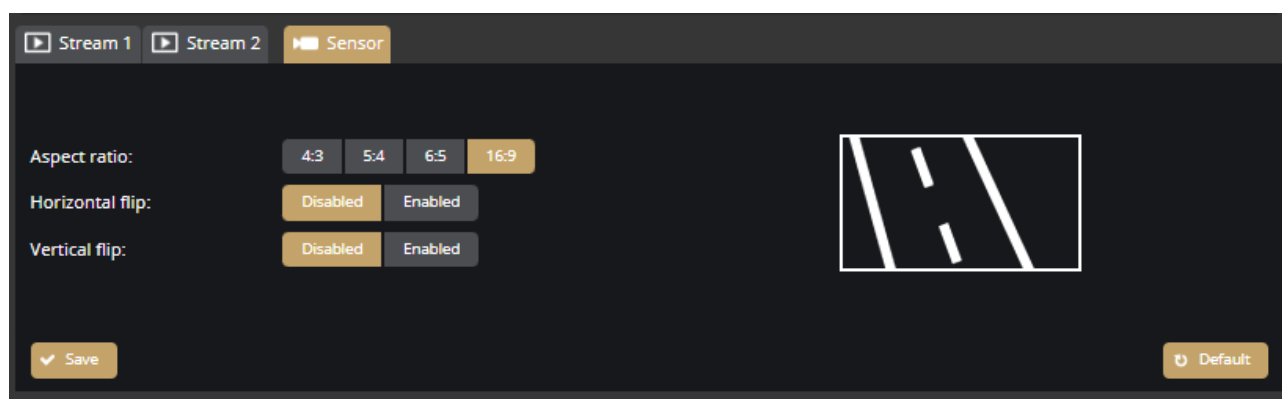
Stream2 / MJPEG stream: `rtsp://USERNAME:PASSWORD@EINAR_IP:554/stream/stream2/mjpeg`

Stream 2/ M-JPEG is not enabled by default, if you want to use the M-JPEG stream, you have to enable it first.



Sensor

Under the **Sensor** tab, you can adjust the aspect ratio to 4:3; 5:4; 6:5 or 16:9. After changing the Aspect ratio, the camera reboots. After changing the Aspect ratio, the resolution options will also change.

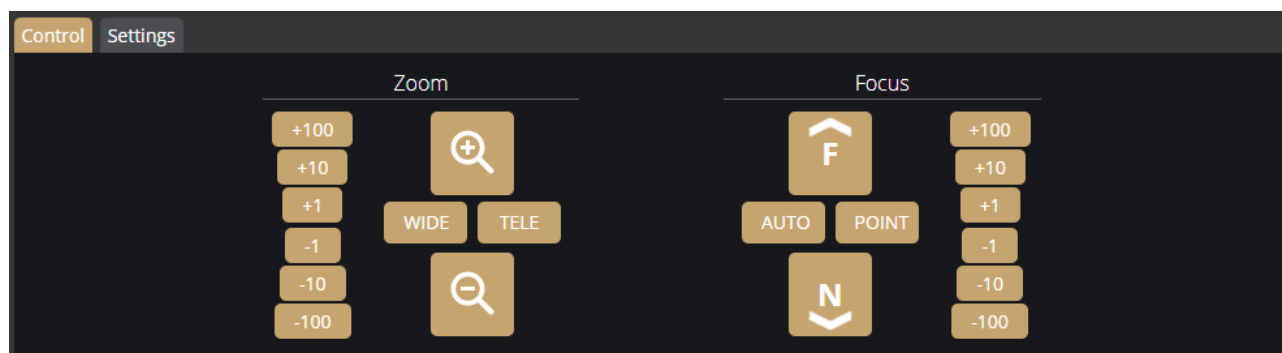


Horizontal flip: Flips the image horizontally when enabled.

Vertical flip: Flips the image vertically when enabled.

7.16. MEDIA / LENS

On this interface, you can fine-tune the lens of the device: the **Focus** and the **Zoom** can be customized by using the corresponding buttons. See also **{Zoom & Focus}**.



WIDE / TELE buttons: the lens can be adjusted to the end position using these buttons.

Press and hold the **+** (magnifying glass with + sign) and **-** (magnifying glass with - sign) buttons to decrease or increase the camera's angle of view. The speed of adjustment increases proportionally to the time the buttons are held down.

Press and hold the **F** (Far) and **N** (Near) buttons to set the focus to Far and Near, respectively. The speed of adjustment increases proportionally to the time the buttons are held down.

The **+100/+10/+1/-1/-10/-100** buttons move the lens in the given direction by the given number of units.

The camera possesses autofocus. The autofocus function is enabled by default, but it can be disabled on the **Settings** tab with the **Focus on zoom** option. If it is enabled, the camera starts to look for the correct focus value by itself to achieve the sharpest image possible. This process begins simultaneously with the zooming.

In the manual, disabled state, the autofocus can be initiated with the **[AUTO]** button in the **Focus** section.

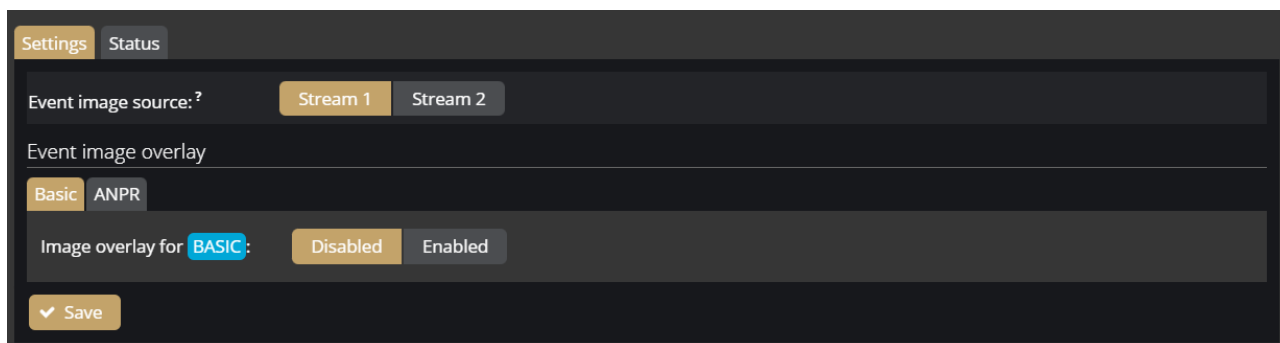
With the **[POINT]** button you can select a specific point of the image what you want to be the sharpest region in the picture.

Settings / Lens correction: This setting can correct lens distortion occurring at specific zoom settings.

7.17. ANALYTICS / GENERAL

Settings

Event image source: A snapshot JPEG image is attached to all emitted events. The source of the JPEG is the configured stream here. The quality of the image is controlled by the selected stream's JPEG quality setting.



Event image overlay

The text overlay field containing the event data can be placed on the saved event image.

You can make the following settings:

- Font size
- Padding
- Vertical position
- Number of columns
- Column format

Format help

You may click on a format when a column is selected to insert that format at the cursor. Formats with multiple variants produce the same output no matter which format you choose.

! Important!

To overlay ANPR event images, use the ANPR option. With the BASIC option, you can only overlay images of events created by the Motion, IO and Test detectors.

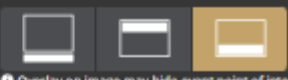
Event image overlay

Basic
ANPR

Image overlay for **BASIC**: Disabled Enabled

Font size: 24px − +

Padding: 10px − +

Vertical position: 

Overlay on image may hide event point of interest. Make sure detector masks account for overhead.

Number of columns: 1 − +

```

$Mm-$DD-$YYYY $hh:$mm:$ss.$zzz $a
$DEVICE/SERIAL
$DEVICE/NAME
$DEVICE/DESCRIPTION
                    
```

Format help

You may click on a format when a column is selected to insert that format at the cursor. Formats with multiple variants produce the same output no matter which format you choose.

Event date & time

Year (4 digits) \$YYYY \$YEAR \$y

Year (2 digits) \$YY \$r

Month \$MM \$MONTH \$o

Day \$DD \$DAY \$d

Hour (24-hour) \$HH \$HOUR \$h

Hour (12-hour) \$hh

AM/PM \$a

Minute \$mm \$MINUTE \$m

Second \$ss \$SECOND \$s

Millisecond \$zzz \$MILLISECOND

Device & event

Device serial \$DEVICE/SERIAL

Device name \$DEVICE/NAME

Device description \$DEVICE/DESCRIPTION

Location latitude \$LOCATION/LAT \$A

Location longitude \$LOCATION/LNG \$O

Event id \$EVENT/ID

Event id without braces \$EVENT/ID/PLAIN

Detector id \$DETECTOR/ID

Detector id without braces \$DETECTOR/ID/PLAIN

Detector name \$DETECTOR/NAME

Detector description \$DETECTOR/DESCRIPTION

License plate

Text \$PLATE/TEXT \$p

Text confidence \$PLATE/TEXT/CONFIDENCE

Text color \$PLATE/TEXT/COLOR

Background color \$PLATE/COLOR

Category \$PLATE/CATEGORY \$C

Country \$PLATE/COUNTRY \$F

Vehicle info

Speed \$VEHICLE/SPEED \$x

Make \$VEHICLE/MAKE \$J

Model \$VEHICLE/MODEL \$K

Make & model confidence \$VEHICLE/MAKE/CONFIDENCE \$P

Direction \$VEHICLE/DIRECTION \$I

Color \$VEHICLE/COLOR \$M

Color confidence \$VEHICLE/COLOR/CONFIDENCE \$R

Examples

ISO 8601 date \$YYYY-\$MM-\$DD \$HH:\$mm:\$ss.\$zzz

US date \$MM-\$DD-\$YYYY \$hh:\$mm:\$ss.\$zzz \$a

Basic plate \$PLATE/COUNTRY - \$PLATE/TEXT (\$PLATE/TEXT/CONFIDENCE)

Basic MMR \$VEHICLE/MAKE/\$VEHICLE/MODEL (\$VEHICLE/MAKE/CONFIDENCE)

Save

Event image overlay

Basic **ANPR**

Image overlay for **ANPR**: Disabled Enabled

Font size: 24px

Padding: 10px

Vertical position: Top Middle Bottom

Number of columns: 1

```

$YYYY-$MM-$DD $HH:$mm:$ss.$zzz
$MM-$DD-$YYYY $hh:$mm:$ss.$a
$PLATE/COUNTRY - $PLATE/TEXT ($PLATE/TEXT/CONFIDENCES)
$VEHICLE/MAKE/$VEHICLE/MODEL ($VEHICLE/MAKE/CONFIDENCES)
$LOCATION/LAT, $LOCATION/LNG
    
```

Format help

You may click on a format when a column is selected to insert that format at the cursor. Formats with multiple variants produce the same output no matter which format you choose.

Event date & time	
Year (4 digits)	\$YYYY \$YEAR \$y
Year (2 digits)	\$YY \$r
Month	\$MM \$MONTH \$o
Day	\$DD \$DAY \$d
Hour (24-hour)	\$HH \$HOUR \$h
Hour (12-hour)	\$hh
AM/PM	\$a
Minute	\$mm \$MINUTE \$m
Second	\$ss \$SECOND \$s
Millisecond	\$zzz \$MILLISECOND

Device & event	
Device serial	\$DEVICE/SERIAL
Device name	\$DEVICE/NAME
Device description	\$DEVICE/DESCRIPTION
Location latitude	\$LOCATION/LAT \$A
Location longitude	\$LOCATION/LNG \$O
Event id	\$EVENT/ID
Event id without braces	\$EVENT/ID/PLAIN
Detector id	\$DETECTOR/ID
Detector id without braces	\$DETECTOR/ID/PLAIN
Detector name	\$DETECTOR/NAME
Detector description	\$DETECTOR/DESCRIPTION

License plate	
Text	\$PLATE/TEXT \$p
Text confidence	\$PLATE/TEXT/CONFIDENCE
Text color	\$PLATE/TEXT/COLOR
Background color	\$PLATE/COLOR
Category	\$PLATE/CATEGORY \$C
Country	\$PLATE/COUNTRY \$F

Vehicle info	
Speed	\$VEHICLE/SPEED \$x
Make	\$VEHICLE/MAKE \$J
Model	\$VEHICLE/MODEL \$K
Make & model confidence	\$VEHICLE/MAKE/CONFIDENCE \$P
Direction	\$VEHICLE/DIRECTION \$I
Color	\$VEHICLE/COLOR \$N
Color confidence	\$VEHICLE/COLOR/CONFIDENCE \$R

Examples

ISO 8601 date: **\$YYYY-\$MM-\$DD \$HH:\$mm:\$ss.\$zzz**





US date: **\$MM-\$DD-\$YYYY \$hh:\$mm:\$ss.\$a**

Basic plate: **\$PLATE/COUNTRY - \$PLATE/TEXT (\$PLATE/TEXT/CONFIDENCES)**

Basic MMR: **\$VEHICLE/MAKE/\$VEHICLE/MODEL (\$VEHICLE/MAKE/CONFIDENCES)**

Status

The registered detectors' name, type, ID and status are displayed on the page alongside the list of detectors supported by the camera and their current/total quantity.

Settings		Status	
Detectors			
Detector	Type	ID	State
 Test detector	Test detector	{7203FE64-26A4-4F0A-DA32-33989BDA510E}	✓
 Motion detector	Motion detector	{24C64CF6-EFF1-4821-FFF9-DEC6D1D49238}	✓
 IO detector	IO detector	{0B923E2B-7E03-4169-2763-E8B8118EA89B}	✓
 Built-in ANPR detector	ANPR detector	{E3F86A70-D121-BD4B-BB0D-6717D323E9A0}	✓
Supported detectors			
Type	Currently active	Maximum supported	
ANPR detector	1	16	
IO detector	1	16	
Motion detector	1	16	
Test detector	1	16	

7.18. ANALYTICS / DETECTORS

You can add, modify or delete the camera's detectors in this window.

The list of detectors differs by camera type except for Motion engine, which can be found on all types.

7.18.1. MOTION ENGINE AND GENERAL USE OF MASKS

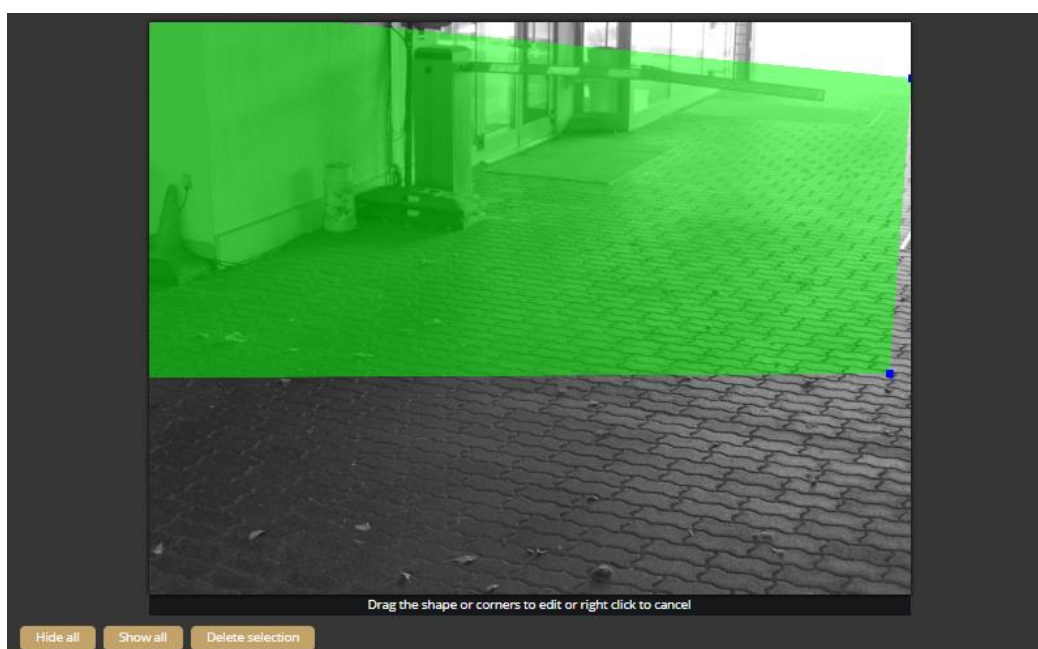
The Motion engine is a fundamental engine that regulates motion-based storage. It cannot be deleted.

Note

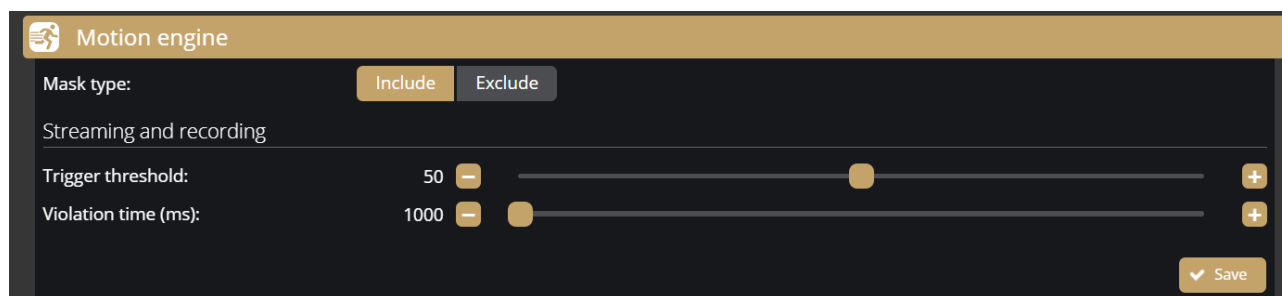
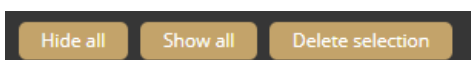
The Motion engine does not induce events; it is responsible for the setting of the motion-based recordings. As such, it can be found on all camera types.

If you click on the Motion engine, a mask can be applied to the live stream. This can be set to exclusive or inclusive with the **Masks Type** option. If the mask is set to "Include", the engine will only trigger when motion happens inside the selected area. When it is set to "Exclude", it will not trigger inside the area.

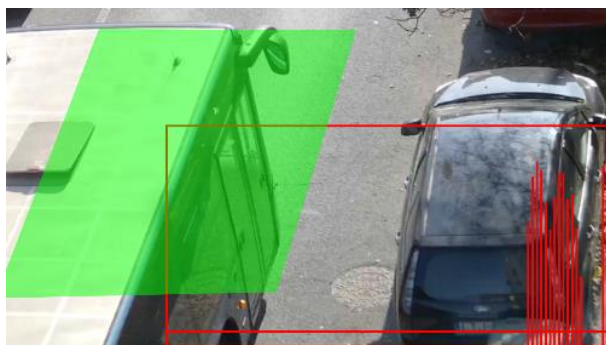
The mask can be modified by clicking on the green area.



The mask can be deleted by clicking on the **[Delete selection]** button located under the live stream:



Trigger threshold: You can use it to define the sufficient level of motion in the image to trigger the motion engine. Further filtering can be done with the previously set sensitivity conditions to determine the degree of action intensity triggering recording. The **Motion graph** is the OSD belonging to the setting, which can provide visual assistance. See also **{Overlay}**.

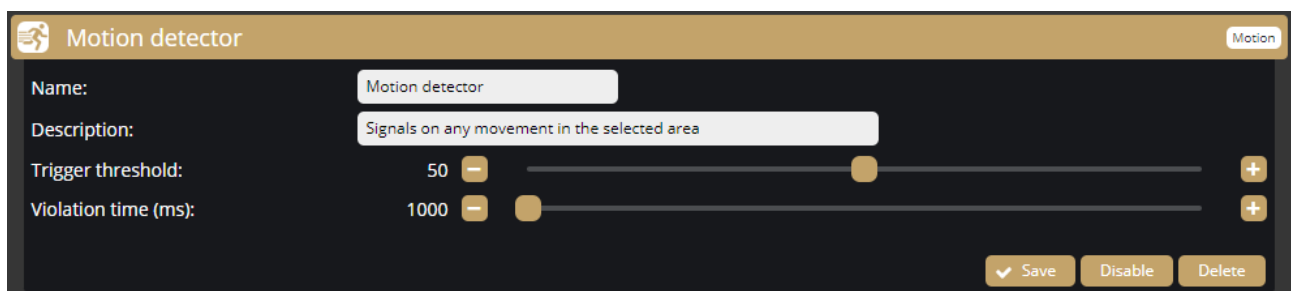


Violation time: you can set how long the movement must persist for the engine to become active.

7.18.2. MOTION DETECTOR

The Motion detector can be used to create events based on Motion engine. The following can be adjusted on the Motion detector interface:

- **Name:** The name of the detector can be entered.
- **Description:** To add a brief description to the detector.
- **Trigger threshold:** You can use it to define the sufficient level of motion in the image to trigger the motion detector.
- **Violation time:** you can set how long the movement must persist for the detector to become active.



The screenshot shows the 'Motion detector' configuration interface. It features a dark background with a gold header bar containing a menu icon, the title 'Motion detector', and a 'Motion' button. The configuration fields are as follows:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'Motion detector'.
- Description:** A text input field containing 'Signals on any movement in the selected area'.
- Trigger threshold:** A slider control with a value of 50. It has minus and plus buttons on either side.
- Violation time (ms):** A slider control with a value of 1000. It has minus and plus buttons on either side.

At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Save' (with a checkmark icon), 'Disable', and 'Delete'.

ANPR Engine and ANPR Detector

The ANPR Engine and the ANPR Detector(s) jointly perform the reading of license plates.

! Important!

Both the ANPR Engine and an ANPR Detector must be present and enabled on the camera to operate the system. The mask of the ANPR Engine and the mask(s) of the ANPR Detector(s) must have a common area where the detected license plate number will trigger an event.

7.18.3. ANPR ENGINE

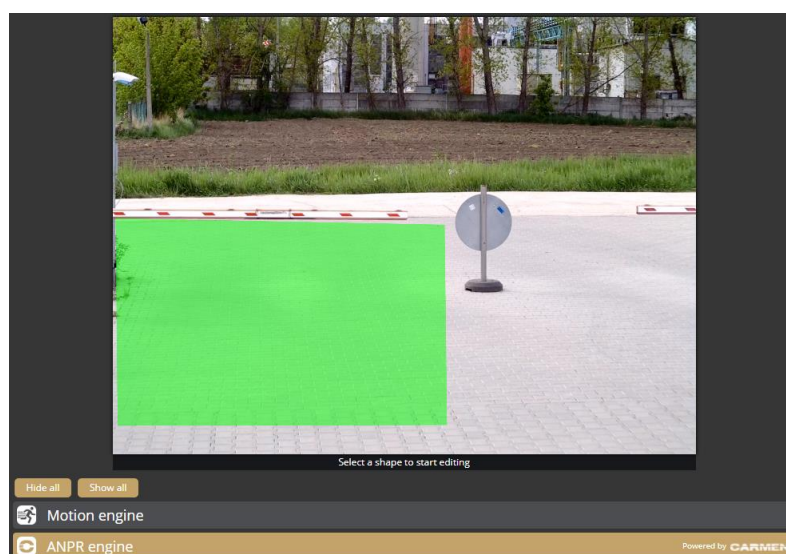
You can choose between the Onboard ANPR Engine running on the camera or the Carmen Cloud service for license plate recognition.

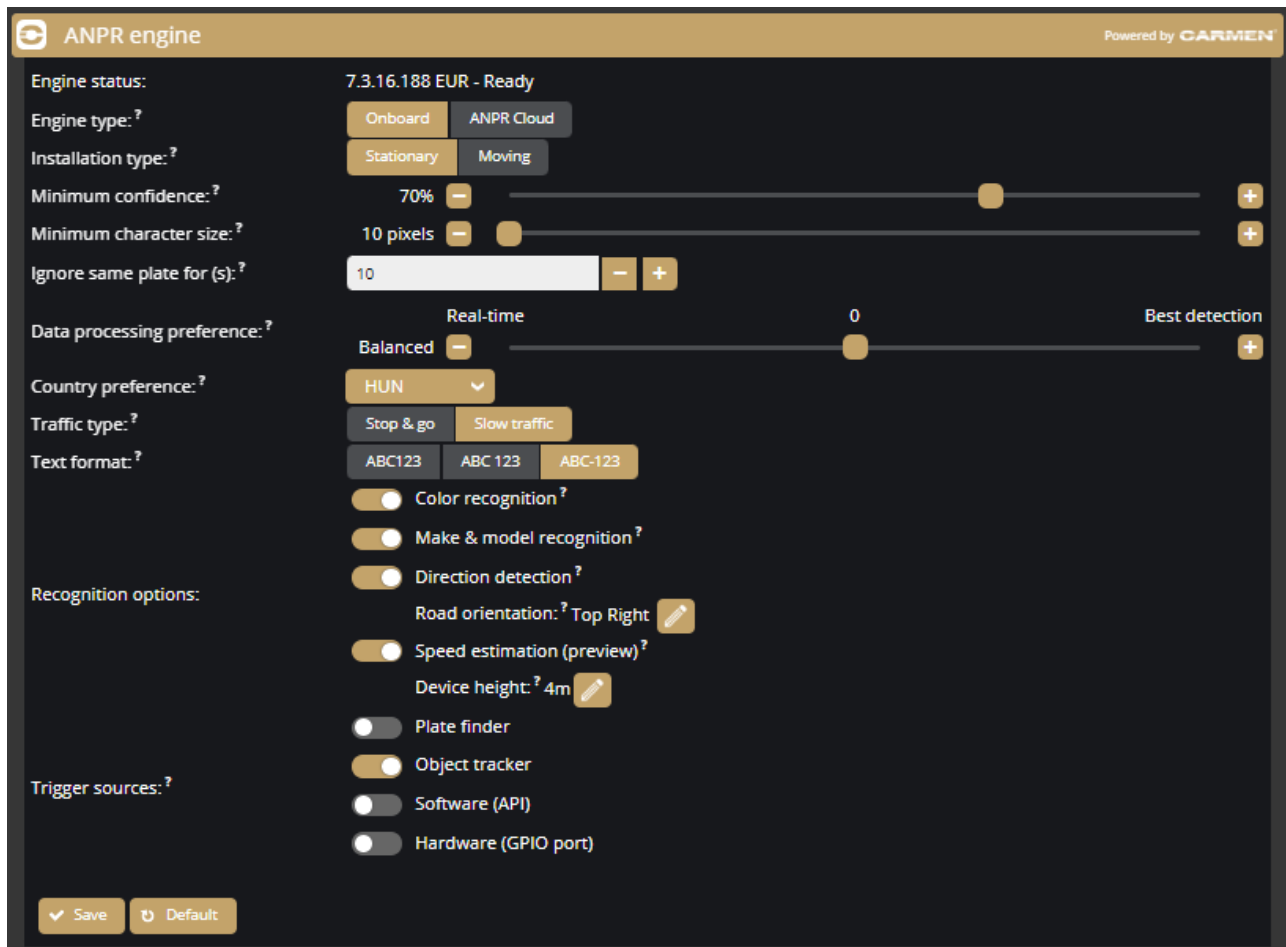
You can create a mask on the image, after which license plates will be detected only in the selected area. It is recommended to define the area where license plates are expected to appear on the image with the proper character size, and from the proper angle of view (the license plate should be visible from as straight direction as possible, and should not be distorted or slanted).

The expected area of license plates can be plotted on the image with a polygon that contains a given number of vertices.

! Important!


Although the ANPR engine recognizes the license plates in the image, to make it work properly, the area around the license plate must be visible (front or rear of the vehicle).

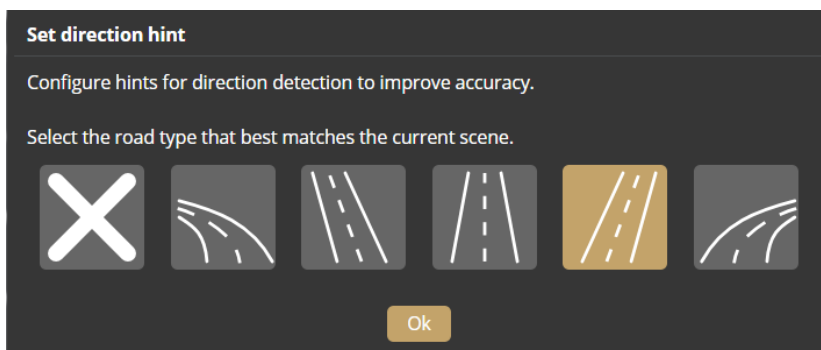




In the case of **Onboard ANPR**, you can adjust the primary functions of the ANPR engine. The parameters that can be set vary depending on the engine:

- **Engine status:** It shows the current ANPR engine version and region.
- **Device location:** Select the appropriate device deployment type so license plate recognition can adapt to the environment more easily.
 - **Stationary:** The device is mounted on a fixed position that does not move (i.e. pole or wall).
 - **Moving:** The device is mounted on a moving object (i.e. vehicle).
- **Minimum confidence:** Use the slider to define what reading confidence percentage should trigger an event. A low value potentially results in more reading errors. A high value potentially leads to missed reading cases. Therefore, values between **50-70%** are recommended. Check the **ANPR engine status** OSD layer to see the detected license plate numbers and their confidence values and then set the desired minimum confidence level based on the results. See also **{Overlay}**.
- **Minimum character size:** License plates with character size below this threshold are discarded.

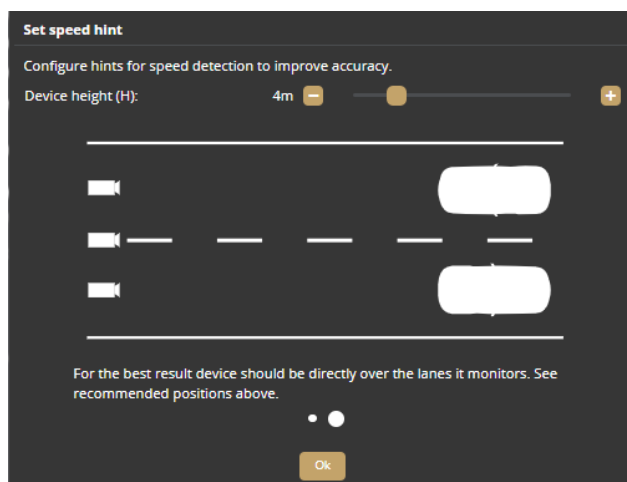
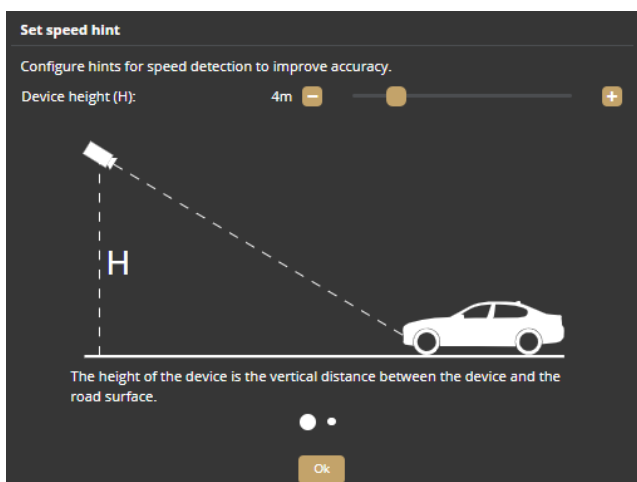
- **Ignore same plate for (s):** Set a time limit for previously-read license plates. This value determines a waiting time in seconds before the same license plate is read again.
- **Data processing preference:** Configure how the engine processes license plate data. Setting the slider towards Real-time will decrease the delay between a vehicle appearing and an event being emitted but also decreases the accuracy of the license plate data. Recommended for quick license plate validation when device is used for controlling vehicle entry points.
Setting the slider towards Best detection will increase the license plate data precision including vehicle direction and vehicle speed but will dramatically increase the delay between a vehicle appearing and an event being emitted as the engine will spend more time making sure all data are sufficiently validated. Recommended when data accuracy is important and events are not used for live triggers but processed later or in bulk.
- **Country preference:** The selected region is prioritized and read with a higher confidence value by the license plate reading system. In comparison, license plates from other regions are managed with a lower confidence value.
- **Traffic type:** Selecting the proper traffic scenario increases the precision of detections.
 - **Stop & go:** Vehicles stop in front of the device for identification then leave. Recommended for gate entry with boom barrier.
 - **Slow traffic:** Vehicle traffic in urban areas.
- **Text format:** By default license plate characters are returned without spacing. Depending on the selected option symbol groups on a license plate may be separated by whitespaces and/or hypens.
- **Color recognition:** When color recognition is active, the device will attempt to identify the plate and/or vehicle colors.
- **Make & Model recognition:** When make and model recognition is active, the device will attempt to identify the make, model and color of the vehicle.
- **Direction detection:** Attempt to detect direction of the vehicle movement by license plate.
 - **Road orientation:** Click on the edit button () and set the road type to improve direction detection accuracy.



Important!

Direction detection is only performed if the same license plate number has been read at least twice by the camera and the height of the license plate number character has changed by at least 2 pixels in the image.


- **Speed estimation:** Estimate the speed of the vehicle as it moves. Camera installation must be above or very close to the flow of traffic.
 - **Device height:** Set the vertical distance between the road and the device to improve speed estimation accuracy.

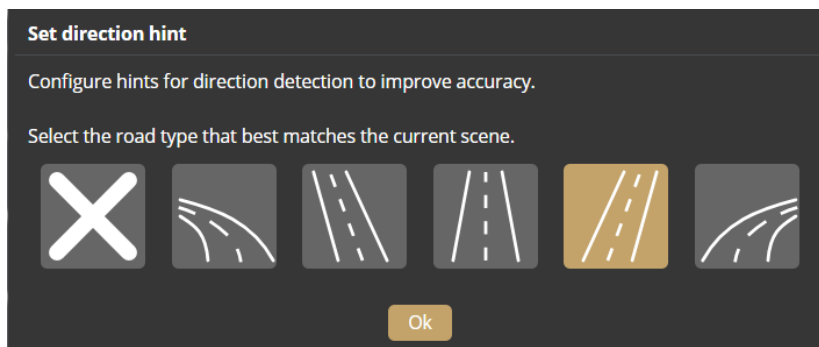


In the case of **Carmen Cloud**, the license plate recognition is not processed in the camera. Instead, images with license plates are selected in the camera and sent to the engine in the cloud for license plate recognition. A stable internet connection and a Carmen Cloud subscription are required for the license plate recognition to work in the cloud. For more information about Carmen Cloud, visit <https://adaptiverecognition.com/anpr-cloud/>.

You need to adjust the following parameters. The parameters that can be set vary depending on the engine:

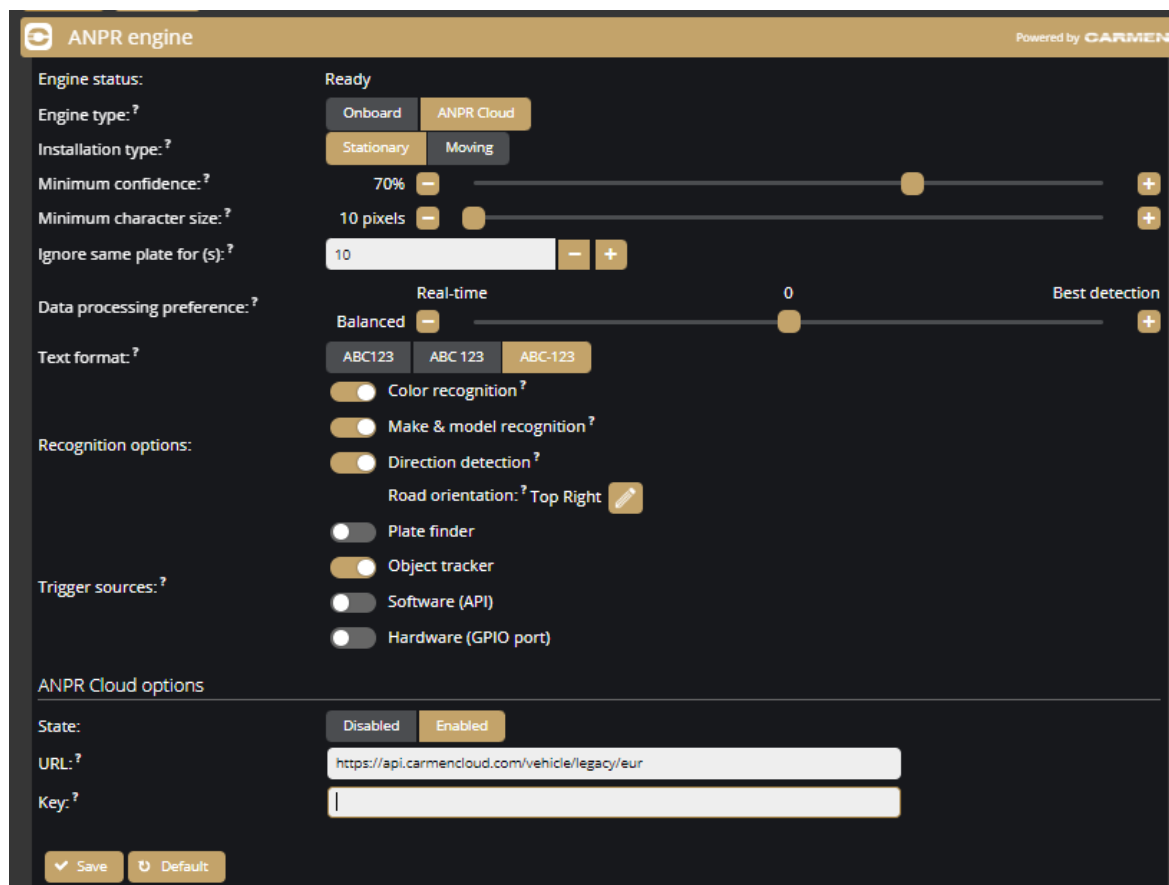
- **Device location:** Select the appropriate device deployment type so license plate recognition can adapt to the environment more easily.
 - **Stationary:** The device is mounted on a fixed position that does not move (i.e. pole or wall).
 - **Moving:** The device is mounted on a moving object (i.e. vehicle).
- **Engine status:** It shows the current ANPR engine version and region.
- **Minimum confidence:** Use the slider to define what reading confidence percentage should trigger an event. A low value potentially results in more reading errors. A high value potentially leads to missed reading cases. Therefore, values between **50-70%** are recommended. Check the **ANPR engine status** OSD layer to see the detected license plate numbers and their confidence values and then set the desired minimum confidence level based on the results. See also **{Overlay}**.
- **Minimum character size:** License plates with character size below this threshold are discarded.
- **Ignore same plate for (s):** Set a time limit for previously-read license plates. This value determines a waiting time in seconds before the same license plate is read again.
- **Traffic type:** Selecting the proper traffic scenario increases the precision of detections.
 - **Stop & go:** Vehicles stop in front of the device for identification then leave. Recommended for gate entry with boom barrier.
 - **Slow traffic:** Vehicle traffic in urban areas.
- **Text format:** By default license plate characters are returned without spacing. Depending on the selected option symbol groups on a license plate may be separated by whitespaces and/or hypens.
- **Color recognition:** When color recognition is active, the device will attempt to identify the plate and/or vehicle colors.

- **Make & Model recognition:** When make and model recognition is active, the device will attempt to identify the make, model and color of the vehicle.
- **Direction detection:** Attempt to detect direction of the vehicle movement by license plate.
 - **Road orientation:** Click on the edit button () and set the road type to improve direction detection accuracy.



- **State:** You can enable or disable the ANPR engine to send license plate images to ANPR Cloud.
- **ANPR Cloud URL:** Paste the URL you received when subscribing to the field.
- **ANPR Cloud key:** Enter the individual key of the subscription.

The **Status** field displays information about the operation of Carmen Cloud, e.g., successful/failed connection, upload status, expired credits, etc.



Trigger modes

By default, the engine uses the on-board license plate finder to search for possible license plate locations before trying to detect license plates. This behaviour can be changed to use external triggers by configuring the **Trigger Mode** option. These modes can be used alternatively.

The screenshot shows a configuration panel with the following sections and controls:

- Trigger sources: ?**: A list of four radio buttons:
 - Plate finder
 - Object tracker
 - Software (API)
 - Hardware (GPIO port)
- Software trigger options**:
 - Stop on first recognition: ?**:
 - Send trigger**: A yellow button.
- Hardware trigger options**:
 - Input port:**: A dropdown menu showing a dash (-).
 - Input port action: ?**: Two buttons, "State" (selected) and "Impulse".
 - Stop on first recognition: ?**:
 - Read count on impulse:**: A slider control set to 1, with minus and plus buttons.
- Save**: A yellow button with a checkmark icon in the bottom right corner.

Available trigger modes are:

- **Plate finder:** Engine is triggered automatically by the on-board license plate finder
- **Software (API):** Engine can only be triggered using an API call (Analytics/TriggerEngine). See also the API documentation **{System / Status}**
- **Hardware (GPIO port):** Engine is triggered by a configured GPIO input port. See also **{System / IO}**

Input port: Select the IN_O option.

Input port action: Activation of an input port can trigger detection as follows:

State: License plate detection runs continuously while the port is active.

Impulse: Activation of the port triggers a set number of detections. License plate detection runs until the set number of license plates are successfully recognised.

Stop on first recognition: Any further license plate detection is stopped after the first successful plate detection.

Read count on impulse: When using hardware trigger in Impulse mode, the engine reads license plates until the specified count is reached.

- **Object tracker:** The object tracker-based ANPR recognition, allowing the detection of vehicles even without license plates. It addresses focusing on the vehicle itself, rather than solely relying on the presence of license plates.

A tracking algorithm that analyses the movement of vehicles within a given surveillance area. By tracking the movement patterns of vehicles, the system can identify and monitor them in real-time, regardless of whether they have visible license plates. This mode is necessitating a wider viewing angle to enable the recognition capability.

Note**Recommended camera installation when using Object tracker trigger**

- Installation height: min. 3 m
- Minimal observation area: 15 m (3x vehicle)
- Movement speed: 1 - 60 km/h

Important!

The Object tracker trigger does not work parallel with the Plate Finder trigger. Turning on one function automatically results in the other function being turned off.

7.18.4. ANPR DETECTOR

ANPR detector(s) is responsible for creating events from the results of the ANPR Engine.

A factory-set and non-erasable detector, the Built-in ANPR detector, is always present in the camera and generates the events of the license plate numbers detected by the ANPR Engine as soon as the camera is switched on.

! Important!

The ANPR detector must be defined separately. The primary functions of the license plate recognition cannot be set under the ANPR detector section, but on the interface of the ANPR engine.

The following can be adjusted on the **ANPR detector** interface:

- **Name:** The name of the detector can be entered.
- **Description:** To add a brief description to the detector.
- **Direction filter:** Only emit events of license plate with the selected direction.
- **Detection rules:** If enabled, detection rules can be specified. (White list can be specified.)
If detection rules are disabled, plate and „no plate“ events can be created.

Built-in ANPR detector ANPR

Name:

Description:

Direction filter: ?

Unknown

Approaching

Moving away

Crossing

Detection rules:

Detection rules

Default rule: all plates, no-plates ✎

No timetable specified, rule is always active

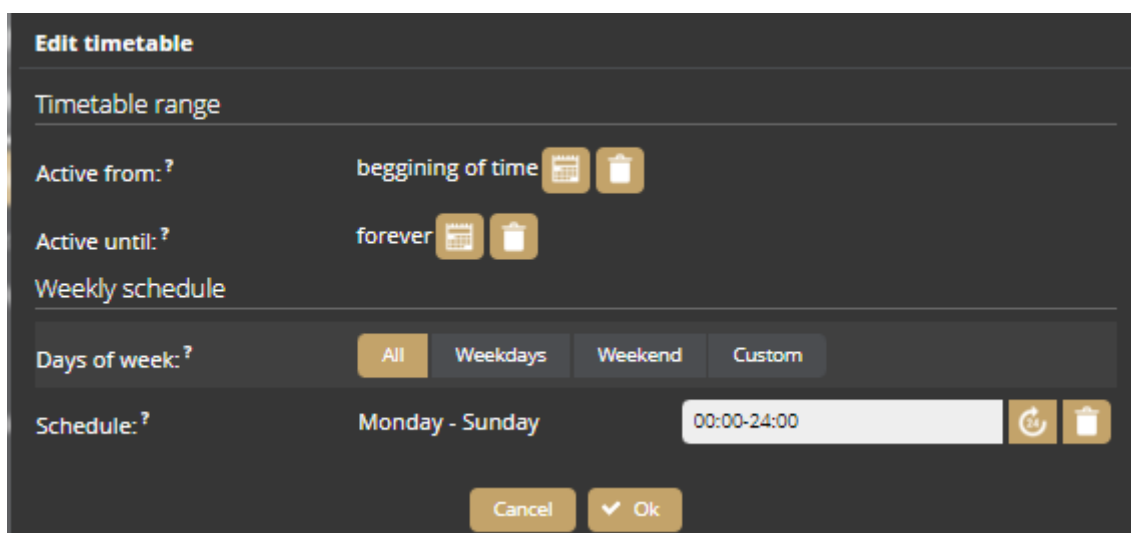
- **Text filter** (White List): You can specify which number plates the camera should create events for, and you can also set time rules. Enable the Text Filter and click on the Edit button (Pencil icon).

The screenshot shows a dark-themed 'Edit rule' dialog box. At the top, it says 'Edit rule'. Below that, there's a section for 'Allowed license plates:?' with instructions: 'Enter one filter per new line. Supports wildcard for single (?) and multiple (*) characters (e.g. ABC?23). Supports country codes with forward slash (e.g. GB/ABC123)'. A text input field contains three lines of license plate examples: 'ABC123', 'ABD123', and 'ABE123', each with red wavy lines underneath. Below the input field are two toggle switches: 'Allow no-plate events:?' and 'Fuzzy text filter match:?', both of which are currently turned on. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Ok'.

- **Allowed license plates:**
 - Only emit events of license plate that matches one of the filters specified here.
 - Enter one filter per new line.
 - Supports wildcard for single (?) and multiple (*) characters (e.g. ABC?23).
 - Supports country codes with forward slash (e.g. GB/ABC123).
- **Allowed no-plate plates:**
 - Allow this detector to emit events of unsuccessful license plate reads.
 - Note: This option does not work with plate finder.
- **Fuzzy text filter match:** Allows matching to characters that look similar for example:
 - O ↔ 0 (Latin letter O and Latin digit zero)
 - ৭ ↔ 9 (Bengali digit seven and Latin digit nine)
 - Y ↔ Y (Cyrillic letter Ue and Latin letter Y)



Click Add Timetable to set the time validity of the rule. Multiple timetables can be applied to a rule.



- **Active from:** Specifies the earliest date the timetable is active from
- **Active until:** Specifies the latest date the timetable is active before
- **Days of week:** Select which days the timetable is active on
- **Schedule:** Configure time intervals for the set day. The license plates are recognized only when in a time interval.

Use HH-HH or HH:MM-HH:MM format to specify a range.

Only 24-hour clock is supported.

Multiple intervals may separated by a comma.

- Examples:

8-16

08:00-16:30

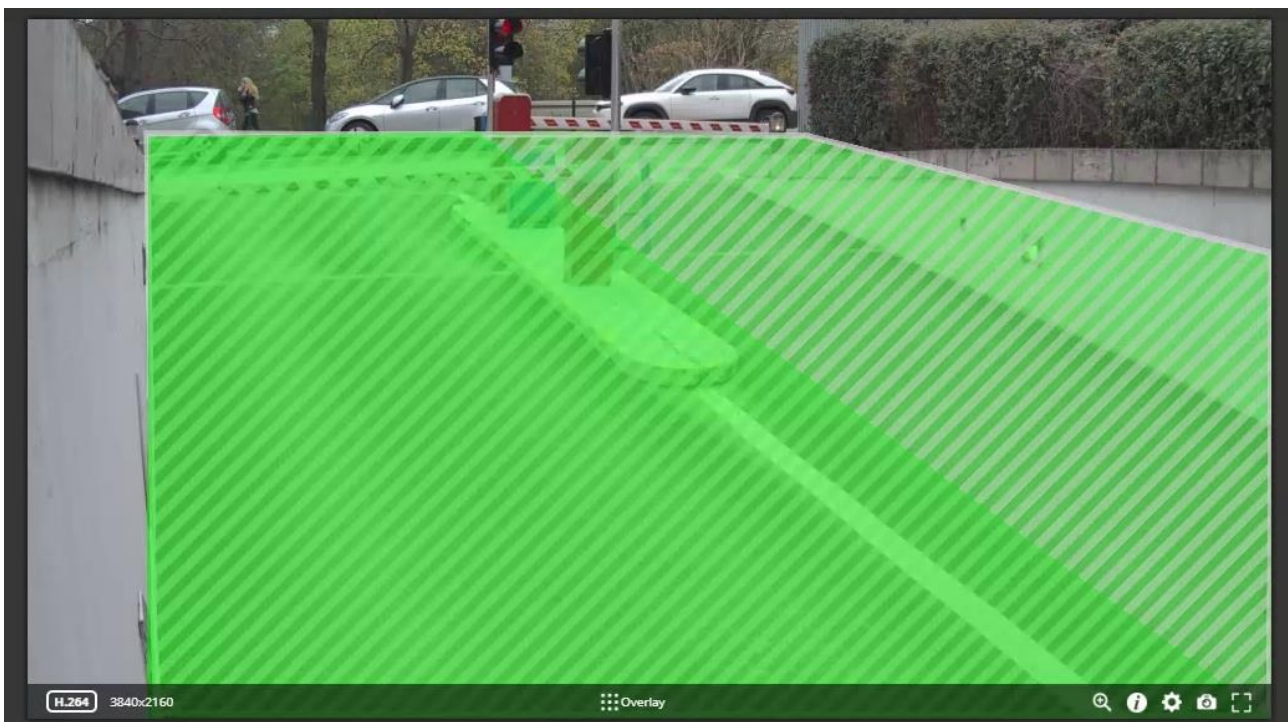
8-10,14:30-16:30

Multiple rules can be specified for a detector. Click on the Add rules button to add more rules to the detector.

If you want to open a barrier when the above license plates are detected, you have to enable the output port with the above detector in System / I/O menu at Trigger configuration section **{System / IO}**.

The individual masks defined in the different detectors can be used to determine where the recognised license plate appeared. In the example below, a separate detector generates the license plates detected in the left lane and the license plates detected in the middle lane. The ANPR Engine mask must have a common intersection with both detectors. This can be checked by activating the corresponding OSD layer(s).

If only one ANPR detector is configured, it is sufficient to specify only the detector mask, it is not necessary to draw a mask for the ANPR engine.



7.18.5. IO DETECTOR

The IO detector detects a signal at the camera contact input and, thus, an event is generated when the input is activated. Note that no license plate recognition is performed when the input is activated.

You can adjust the following on the **IO detector** interface:

- **Name:** To enter the name of the detector.
- **Description:** A brief description can be added to the detector.
- **Input port:** The input receiving the signal must be selected. Currently, "IN_0" is the only available input on the camera.

7.18.6. TEST DETECTOR

The Test detector can be used to test the camera's upload and storage capabilities. We recommend to use it for testing purposes only, not to put unnecessary load to the SD card and the device.

The following can be adjusted on the **Test detector** interface:

- **Name:** The name of the detector can be entered.
- **Description:** A brief description can be added to the detector.
- **Distance between events:** The camera produces a test event at the set intervals.
- **Signal duration:** To adjust the signal length.

7.19. ANALYTICS / UPLOADERS

In the Uploaders section, click on the New uploader button to select the uploader option you want to apply.

You can use from the following:

Generic options:

- FTP upload: Upload events to an FTP service
- HTTP upload: Post events as files to an HTTP service

Custom options:

- Auror upload: Post events to an Auror service
- Entervo upload (preview): Post events to a Scheidt & Bachmann entervo service
- Flowbird upload (preview): Post events to a Flowbird service
- GDS upload: Upload events to an Adaptive Recognition Globessey Data Server
- Zatpark upload: Post events to a Unity5 Zatpark service

Setting the FTP upload

Select the upload to the FTP, then enter the required data to set the FTP upload. The microSD card is required for FTP upload to work

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP and port of the FTP service that can accept an FTP upload
 - Protocols: FTP(es), FTPS, SFTP
- **Path:** Path on the server, where the events will be stored. The path support templates for dynamic path generation. Click the Edit button and select the templates you want to use, then click finish editing to close the editing view.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Username/password:** Username and password required for the identification
- **Upload images:** Optionally upload related images about the event
- **Upload cropped & realigned images:** Optionally upload cropped images about the event showing an area of interest like a license plate. If the area of interest is distorted it will be realigned as best as possible. In case of a license plate the plate will be transformed to be a rectangle.
- **Upload videos:** Optionally upload a short video depicting the event
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

With the **Test settings** button you can test the connection between the camera and the FTP server. In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

The screenshot shows the 'FTP upload' configuration window. It features a title bar with a close button. The main area contains several fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'FTP upload'.
- URL:** A dropdown menu set to 'ftp(es)', followed by a field for ':// Hostname' and a port field set to '21'.
- Path:** A series of buttons for path templates: '\$YYYY \$YY \$o / \$h \$m \$s / \$PLATE/TEXT / \$PLATE/COLOR', with an edit icon to the right.
- Event source:** Two radio buttons, 'Storage' and 'Live', with 'Live' selected.
- Username:** A text input field containing 'arh'.
- Password:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Enter value to change'.
- Upload options:** Three toggle switches: 'Upload images:' (checked), 'Upload cropped images:' (checked), and 'Upload cropped & realigned images:' (unchecked).
- Selected detectors:** Two toggle switches, both checked: 'ANPR detector' and 'Built-in ANPR detector'.

At the bottom, there is a status bar showing 'Disabled'. Below this are three buttons: 'Save' (with a checkmark icon), 'Delete', and a group of three buttons: 'Timestamp reset' (with a clock icon), 'Test settings' (with a lightning bolt icon), and 'Enable'.

Setting the HTTP(S) upload

Select the upload to the HTTP, then enter the full URL of the web service to set the HTTP event receiver. The microSD card is required for HTTP(S) upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Upload images:** Optionally upload related images about the event
- **Upload cropped images:** Optionally upload cropped images about the event showing an area of interest like a license plate.
- **Upload cropped & realigned images:** Optionally upload cropped images about the event showing an area of interest like a license plate. If the area of interest is distorted it will be realigned as best as possible. In case of a license plate the plate will be transformed to be a rectangle.
- **Upload videos:** Optionally upload a short video depicting the event
- **Media content sent with:** Media attachment may be uploaded with only a name or both a name and filename fields. The correct option depends on the capabilities of the used web service.
- **Additional header:** Optional headers to include when posting.
The format is the standard HTTP header format of **Header-Name: Header value**
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

Keep-alive sends a specific message to the specified URL at selected intervals

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Frequency:** Configured how often a keep-alive message is sent to the server.

The screenshot shows the 'HTTP upload' configuration window. It includes the following fields and controls:

- Name:** HTTP upload
- URL:** http://myserver/path/to/endpoint
- Event source:** Storage (selected), Live
- Media content sent with:** Name (selected), Name and filename
- Additional headers:** +
- Selected detectors:** ANPR detector (selected), Built-in ANPR detector (selected)
- Upload images:**
- Upload cropped images:**
- Upload cropped & realigned images:**
- Upload videos:**
- Keep-alive:** Periodic keep-alive: Disabled (selected), Enabled
- Status:** Disabled
- Buttons:** Save, Delete, Timestamp reset, Enable

Note

When the device uploads an event packet it will only consider the upload a success if the server responds with HTTP status code 2xx. Under any other circumstances the upload is a failure and the device will retry at most 3 times.

If the server responds with HTTP status code 503 or 504 the device will retry indefinitely.

Setting the GDS upload

Select the upload to the GDS (Globessey Data Server), then enter the required data to set the GDS server. The microSD card is required for GDS upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Hostname or IP, and path of service on the server of the GDS service
- **Path:** Optional path of the GDS service on the specified server.
- **Table name:** The name of the GDS table where the upload will be done
- **Username:** Username required for the identification
- **Request unique account:** When uploading to GDS the provided username is used for logging in by default. When this setting is enabled the uploader requests a unique device account using the provided username as the requester.
- **Upload videos:** Optionally upload a short video depicting the event
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "GDS upload". The fields are as follows:

- Name:** GDS upload
- URL:** gds:// Hostname : 8088
- Path:** gate
- Username:** primula
- Request unique account:** Disabled (toggle)
- Table name:** multi_event
- Event source:** Storage (selected), Live
- Selected detectors:** ANPR detector (selected), Built-in ANPR detector (selected)

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for "Save", "Delete", "Timestamp reset", and "Enable". The status "Disabled" is shown at the bottom center.

Setting the Auror upload

Select the upload to the Auror, then enter the required data to set the Auror upload. The microSD card is required for Auror upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Additional header:** Optional headers to include when posting.
The format is the standard HTTP header format of **Header-Name: Header value**
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

Keep-alive sends a specific message to the specified URL at selected intervals

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Frequency:** Configured how often a keep-alive message is sent to the server.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled 'Auror upload'. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** Text input field containing 'Auror upload'.
- URL:** Text input field containing 'http://myserver/path/to/endpoint'.
- Event source:** Two buttons: 'Storage' (highlighted) and 'Live'.
- Additional headers:** A plus sign button (+).
- Selected detectors:** Two toggle switches, both turned on. The first is labeled 'ANPR detector' and the second is 'Built-in ANPR detector'.
- Keep-alive:** A section header.
- Periodic keep-alive:** Two buttons: 'Disabled' (highlighted) and 'Enabled'.
- Status bar:** A grey bar at the bottom with the text 'Disabled'.
- Buttons:** 'Save' (with a checkmark), 'Delete', 'Timestamp reset' (with a refresh icon), and 'Enable'.

Setting the Flowbird upload (preview)

Select the upload to the Flowbird upload, then enter the required data to set the Flowbird upload. The microSD card is required for Flowbird upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Additional header:** Optional headers to include when posting.
The format is the standard HTTP header format of **Header-Name: Header value**
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors
- **Zone ID:** Unique ID of the zone the camera is monitoring
- **Station ID:** Unique ID of the station the camera is installed at
- **Camera ID:** Station-wide unique ID of this camera
- **Lane ID:** Station-wide unique ID of the lane the camera is monitoring
- **Lane Type:** Excepted traffic direction on the lane the camera is monitoring

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

Keep-alive sends a specific message to the specified URL at selected intervals

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Frequency:** Configured how often a keep-alive message is sent to the server.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Flowbird upload (preview)". The interface includes the following fields and controls:

- Name:** Flowbird upload (preview)
- URL:** http://myserver/path/to/endpoint
- Event source:** Storage (disabled), Live (selected)
- Zone ID:** [Empty text input]
- Additional headers:** + (Add button)
- Station ID:** 0 (with - and + buttons)
- Selected detectors:** ANPR detector (selected), Built-in ANPR detector (selected)
- Camera ID:** 0 (with - and + buttons)
- Lane ID:** 0 (with - and + buttons)
- Lane type:** IN (selected), OUT (disabled)

Below these fields is a section for **Keep-alive** settings:

- Periodic keep-alive:** Disabled (selected), Enabled (disabled)

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for **Save**, **Delete**, **Timestamp reset**, and **Enable**. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Disabled".

Setting the Entervo upload (preview)

Select the upload to the Entervo, then enter the required data to set the Entervo upload. The microSD card is required for Auror upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Additional header:** Optional headers to include when posting.
The format is the standard HTTP header format of **Header-Name: Header value**
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Entervo upload (preview)". It contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing "Entervo upload (preview)".
- URL: ?** A text input field containing "http://myserver/path/to/endpoint".
- Event source: ?** Two radio buttons: "Storage" (selected) and "Live".
- Additional headers: ?** A plus sign icon to add headers.
- Selected detectors: ?** Two toggle switches: "ANPR detector" (checked) and "Built-in ANPR detector" (checked).

At the bottom of the window, there is a status bar showing "Disabled". Below the status bar are two buttons: "Save" and "Delete" on the left, and "Timestamp reset" and "Enable" on the right.

Setting the Zatpark upload

Select the upload to the Zatpark, then enter the required data to set the Zatpark upload. The microSD card is required for Auror upload to work.

The following fields should be defined:

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Event source:** Selecting the proper event source depend on the usecase.
 - **Storage** requires a storage device with configured on-board storage and uploads are delayed to some extent. This type can continue operation after a server or even device outage.
 - **Live** operates without any additional requirement and uploads are sent as soon as possible but in case of an outage or longer network failure events will be lost.
- **Additional header:** Optional headers to include when posting.
The format is the standard HTTP header format of **Header-Name: Header value**
- **Selected detectors:** The uploader will only upload events from the selected detectors

In the **Uploader status** section, you can view the status and the data of the uploader.

Timestamp reset: This button forces the uploader to skip all earlier data and continue with the latest record.

Keep-alive sends a specific message to the specified URL at selected intervals

- **URL:** Protocol, hostname or IP, optional port and path of the service that can accept a HTTP upload.
- **Frequency:** Configured how often a keep-alive message is sent to the server.

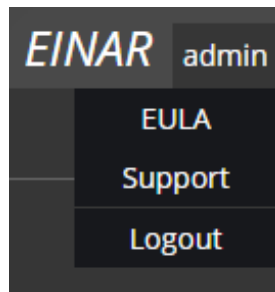
The screenshot displays the configuration interface for 'Zatpark upload'. The interface is dark-themed with light-colored text and buttons. At the top, the title 'Zatpark upload' is shown in a light blue bar. Below the title, there are several configuration sections:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'Zatpark upload'.
- URL:** A text input field containing 'http://myserver/path/to/endpoint'.
- Event source:** Two buttons, 'Storage' (disabled) and 'Live' (active).
- Additional headers:** A plus sign icon to add headers.
- Selected detectors:** Two toggle switches, both turned on. The first is labeled 'ANPR detector' and the second is 'Built-in ANPR detector'.
- Keep-alive:** A section with a header 'Keep-alive'. It contains:
 - Periodic keep-alive:** Two buttons, 'Disabled' and 'Enabled' (active).
 - URL:** A text input field containing 'http://myserver/path/to/endpoint'.
 - Frequency:** A dropdown menu showing '5 seconds'.

At the bottom of the interface, there is a 'Disabled' status indicator. Below that, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Delete', 'Timestamp reset', and 'Enable'.

8. SUPPORT

The Support page can be accessed by clicking on the Support button above the Logout button.



Remote assistance

Allow this device to establish a secure connection to an Adaptive Recognition server so your customer support representative can access and review the device without you having to configure additional software. The connection requires a properly configured network (IP address, gateway, DNS) and that the device can reach the internet. Do not enable this option unless instructed by your customer support representative.

Please also open port 51820 UDP on your network to enable the connection.

The **Download diagnostic data** button allows you to download the diagnostic data (log file).

Diagnostic data: Data collected from your device include the current configuration, log entries and image snapshots if available. Diagnostic data is used only for resolving outstanding customer issues and improving products and will not be shared with any third parties. It is highly recommended to always include this data package when contacting your customer support representative about unexpected device behaviour.

Click the **Copy to clipboard** button to easily copy the most important data of the device.

LIVE
PLAYBACK
EVENTS
SETTINGS
ADAPTIVE RECOGNITION
EINAR admin

If you have any questions or need assistance please contact customer support at <https://adaptiverecognition.com/support>.

Remote assistance

Allow this device to establish a secure connection to an Adaptive Recognition server so your customer support representative can access and review the device without you having to configure additional software. The connection requires a properly configured network (IP address, gateway, DNS) and that the device can reach the internet. Do not enable this option unless instructed by your customer support representative.

Activate

Connection is online

Diagnostic data

Data collected from your device include the current configuration, log entries and image snapshots if available. Diagnostic data is used only for resolving outstanding customer issues and improving products and will not be shared with any third parties. It is recommended to always include this data package when contacting your customer support representative about unexpected device behaviour.

Download diagnostic data

Device information

```

Account : admin
Device type : EINAR-GEN-2
Device serial : 223DEF2
Device name : Einar e10tet0
Device firmware : 1.5.0.220
Device time : 2024.04.08 13:14:38 (13357048478110)
Uptime : 3 hours 38 minutes (13115079)
NTP : Enabled
NTP servers : 0.pool.ntp.org
              1.pool.ntp.org
              2.pool.ntp.org
NTP status : cpc137584-lock4-2-0-cust216.6-1.cable.virginm.net = status:Ok | update:338
              nice.stuff.is = status:Unused | update:396
              ntp1.exa-networks.co.uk = status:Unused | update:404
Hardware key : CARMEN SPI - 1003274
Licenses : CARMEN Anpr | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | region_description = Universal,region = UNI
           CARMEN Anpr | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | region_description = Universal,region = UNI
           CARMEN Anpr | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | region_description = Universal,region = UNI
           CARMEN Anpr | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | region_description = Universal,region = UNI
           CARMEN Core 4 | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | cores = 4,region_description = Universal,region = UNI
           MMR v4 | expires:2024.09.25 02:00:00 | region_description = Universal,region = UNI
Analytics : Built-in ANPR detector | class:ANPR | id:{82B78D79-B325-6C42-94C7-05C9B97CA66E} | state:dsNormal
Hostname : ar-aa0f9b
Interface settings : eth0 = 0019b402def2 | type:802.3 | ipv4-dhcp:Enabled
Interface status : eth0 = gateway:10.0.7.254 | dns:10.0.11.10,10.0.11.12 | addresses:10.0.7.57/255.255.254.0/dhcp,169.254.222.242/255.255.0.0/static
Interface statistics : eth0 = in:138.68 MB | out:4.27 GB
Sessions : user:admin | source:10.0.2.52
Storage : Enabled | device:744a60553445312015033e36016b00 | policy:Event+Motion
Storage devices : 744a60553445312015033e36016b00 | name:USDU1 11/2022 | type:SD | size:117.12 GB | ready:Yes | free:581.66 MB
Storage content : range:2024.04.07 14:52:48-2024.04.08 13:14:36 | alloc:114.15 GB/114.22 GB

```

Copy to clipboard

! Important!

If you announce a device-related issue in our support system, please copy and paste the above device information into the ticket description and attach the log file.

9. HOW TO USE THE EINAR CAMERA

This chapter gives you a quick overview of using Einar and what to look out for when installing and operating the camera.

9.1. CAMERA INSTALLATION

1. Mount the camera as follows (Please also refer to the [Einar Install Guide](#)):
 - a. If you want to use the camera's input and output, mount the **GPIO cable kit** to the camera.
 - b. For communication with the camera, use at least **Cat5** or **Cat6** outdoor shielded cable.
 - c. Use a **PoE+** rated PoE power adapter or a switch output capable of PoE+.
 - d. **Mount/secure the camera firmly** in its intended location.
 - e. **Ground the camera**, preferably using the grounding point on the camera, or at least using an FTP cable grounded at the PoE power supply end – e.g., switch – but take care not to create a ground loop.
 - f. The maximum angle of rotation and/or tilt of the camera should not exceed **25–30 degrees**.
 - g. The optical axis of the camera should **face the license plate** of the oncoming or departing vehicle. The camera's optical axis shall be as small an angle as possible with the axis of travel of passing vehicles.
 - h. The camera should be **at least one meter above the headlights** of vehicles. If possible, it should not be accessible without an assistive device. If the camera is mounted completely unprotected outdoors, it is recommended to mount it higher to minimize the risk of water falling on the front of the camera when raining.
 - i. Use **the waterproofing cap** that protects the RJ45 connector included in the package. Note that the cap must be fitted to the cable before the RJ45 plug is installed.
 - j. In the image, **the license plate should be horizontal**. In extreme cases, it may be necessary to turn the mounting bracket.
 - k. Adjust the camera lens angle of view so that the characters on the license plate are **at least 25 pixels high**. Consider whether you want to recognize license plates with small character sizes. For example, the characters on Italian license plates are smaller than those of countries geographically further north. The easiest way to check the

- character size of a license plate is to display the "ANPR Status" OSD layer in Live View and look at the "**Avg. char height:**" to see the character size **{Overlay}**.
- l. Use **real, moving vehicle(s)** to test the settings; it's not enough to just show a plain license plate in front of the camera.
 - m. Adjust the camera's direction and angle of view to make the license plate visible for **at least one, but preferably two seconds** with the right character size.
2. **Find the camera on the network**, then access the camera's web interface
 - a. From the MAC address of the camera, you can calculate the **IP address that is always available**. It is always in the format **169.254.aa.bb**, where the number aa/bb is the decimal value of the last two pairs of numbers in the MAC address. However, if a DHCP server is available on the network, the camera will also get an IP address from the DHCP server. You can access the camera from both IP addresses.
 - b. Optionally, you can use the **AR Device Tool** to locate the camera on your local network. **{AR Device Tool}**.
 - c. You can access the camera's web interface with the **admin/admin** username/password pair. It is strongly recommended to change the default password.
 3. Some simple but important basic settings:
 - a. Upload the **ANPR Engine and License Key** to your camera **{System / Device}** according to the email received when you purchased the camera. Check the ANPR Engine quarterly to ensure that the camera is always running with the latest version of the engine. You will also need to update the License Key for updates after a year. You need to see in the **{System / Status}** menu that your License key is present („License key: CARMEN SPI – xxxxxx“) and your licence corresponds to the desired region (push the „ANPR License button“ and the popup window shows the region and the validity time of the license).
 - b. Check that the **camera has the latest firmware**. Upload it in **{System / Device}** menu.
 - c. **Check/set the camera time {System / Device}**. Use at least a local NTP server.
 - d. If you haven't already done so, adjust the camera **angle of view** and take into consideration the character sizes as well **{see point (1) in this chapter}**.
 - e. With the above steps and the default camera settings, you will get **license plate reading results**. These events will be listed in the Live interface below the live image.
 - f. After changing any settings (eg.: the field of view, position, direction of the camera, resolution, etc.) **restart** the camera to reset internal statistics.

4. Fine-tuning

Besides checking everything in the Settings menu, there are a few settings that, in addition to the above, are particularly recommended to check/fine-tune to achieve above-average license plate recognition accuracy.

- a. Set the **Image settings parameters** to as perfect as possible for ANPR. Take into account the location you are observing and, most importantly, make sure the number plates are legible. Check the good visibility of the license plates for a few days after the camera installation, during the day, night and sunrise/sunset times of the day. Repeat the process later to adjust for the different seasonal changes.
- b. Check the **resolution/FOV of the camera**. The pixel size of the license plate characters' has to be in the mentioned range (**min. 25 pixels**). You may need to **increase the bandwidth** of the video stream if the characters cannot be seen well **{Media / Video}**.
- c. Check the settings of the **ANPR engine {ANPR engine}**. Lowering the minimum confidence parameter will increase the chance of misreading license plates but will also reduce the probability of missing an unrecognized plate.
- d. Set the **country** where the camera is installed so that in the case of a type/country code engine, you increase the priority of the license plate numbers of that country **{ANPR engine}**.
- e. Draw the area on the picture where you expect to see number plates using a mask. This will increase the possibility of speeding up the number plate recognition, and cars parked/passing by in an undesirable place will not trigger an event. **{ANPR engine}**.
- f. During the setup, testing and checking of the operation, it is recommended to display the necessary OSD layer(s) to get technical feedback about the camera's internal operation, changes of image parameters, etc. We suggest displaying the **General/ANPR Engine Status** and **General/Image properties** layers during camera setup **{Overlay}**. Also, display these captions during playback and reduce the playback speed to facilitate more accurate evaluation.

9.2. USING EINAR CAMERA

Below you will find some possibilities for creating access control with Einar and some other options for using the camera. A suitable combination of the following can also be implemented.

9.2.1. STANDALONE OPERATION WITH ONBOARD ANPR

The camera itself manages an access point. It activates its output when it recognizes the license plates registered in the camera to give an opening command, e.g., to a barrier. Einar stores events, which can be retrieved, downloaded and exported via the camera's own web interface. In addition to local storage on an SD card, it is also possible to configure an optional http, FTP or GDS server for event upload.

The necessary devices and the most important, specific settings are as follows:

- GPIO cable kit
- Carmen ANPR Engine and License in Einar camera
- ANPR detector with filter enabled. (Registering license plate numbers in "Allowed license plate" field)
- A properly configured HTTP, FTP or GDS server (if required).

9.2.2. STANDALONE OPERATION WITH CARMEN CLOUD

The camera itself manages an access point. It activates its output when it recognizes the number plates registered in the camera to give an opening command, e.g., to a barrier. Einar stores events, which can be retrieved, downloaded and exported via the camera's own web interface. In addition to local storage on an SD card, it is also possible to configure an optional HTTP, FTP or GDS server for event upload. The number plates are detected in the camera, but the number plates are recognized in Carmen Cloud.

The necessary devices and the most important, specific settings are as follows:

- Stable internet connection
- GPIO cable kit
- Einar camera without ANPR Engine and License
- Carmen Cloud subscription
- ANPR detector with filter enabled. (Registering license plate numbers in "Allowed license plate" field)
- A properly configured HTTP, FTP or GDS server (if required).

9.2.3. INTEGRATED OPERATION WITH 3RD PARTY SOFTWARE

By mounting the camera at an access point, the camera uses its own API to allow the system integrator to connect the camera to the system integrator's own software. If required, the I/O can be used on the camera, or the system integrator can use its own software IO hardware.

The following data is available:

- live video stream,
- still image,
- query the input port status
- output port control
- current event data
- stored events data
- event video, event image, license plate coordinate.

The necessary devices and the most important, specific settings are as follows:

- Stable internet connection (if necessary)
- GPIO cable kit (if necessary)
- Onboard ANPR or Carmen Cloud subscription
- A properly configured HTTP, FTP or GDS server (if required).

More useful information on integration can be found on the following website:

<https://github.com/adaptiverecognition/harbard-sdk>

API DOCUMENTATION

10. GETTING STARTED

10.1. INTRODUCTION

This document is the API specification of the Einar devices.

Multiple types of APIs are available - all accessed through HTTP protocol - but the main focus of this document is the **command** API and any further reference to APIs without specifying the type refers to the command API only.

API requests may accept input parameters in the HTTP REQUEST BODY as a JSON formatted text and the device replies with data in the HTTP RESPONSE BODY as a JSON formatted text. A command can be executed by sending a HTTP POST request to the appropriate URL.

Note: API functions and properties not covered by this document may be changed or removed in the future without notice

10.1.1. LEGEND

The following is a list of expressions used in this document:

DEVICE_IP	The IP address or network hostname of the device
REQUEST	A HTTP request sent by the user to the device
RESPONSE	A HTTP response sent by the device to a REQUEST
HTTP BODY	Body part of a HTTP message (see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP_body_data)
EXCEPTION	A response given by the device when an error occurred

10.2. AUTHENTICATION

Accessing resources on the device requires an authenticated session.

10.2.1. LOGIN

To acquire a session the client must use the Login command available at

```
http://DEVICE_IP/login
```

and supply the User and Password of the selected user account.

Example login request to the device at 192.168.1.101:

```
POST /login HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.101
Content-Length: 35
Content-Type: application/json

{"User":"myusername","Password":"myuserpassword"}
```

On successful login the device will respond with a JSON object with a single field called sid that contains the unique session identifier of the authenticated session.

Example login reply body of a successful login:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache: no-cache
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 61

{
  "Type": "Response",
  "Data": {
    "sid": "60ab2b6b"
  }
}
```

Using the wrong username or password will result in an InvalidCredentialException error.

After successfully acquiring a session ID the rest of the device API can be accessed by sending the session id as a GET or COOKIE variable under the name sid.

10.2.2. SESSION LIFETIME

A session will time out if the user logs out, no new authenticated connections are initiated for a long period of time or the device reboots. Already active and authenticated connections are kept open even when the associated session ends.

10.2.3. LOGOUT

Termination of a session is done by invoking the logout command at

```
http://DEVICE_IP/logout
```

with the session id (sid) sent as a COOKIE or a GET variable. This command will always succeed even if the session identifier is invalid.

Example logout request for session with sid 60ab2b6b:

```
POST /logout?sid=60ab2b6b HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.10.22.234
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 2
Content-Type: application/json

{}
```

10.2.4. SESSIONLESS ACCESS

URLs may be accessed without an active session by providing credentials with each request. The username and password values may be sent with the appropriate **user** and **password** GET parameters.

```
http://DEVICE_IP/SOME/PATH/ON/DEVICE?user=USERNAME&password=PASSWORD
```

Credentials may also be sent using HTTP basic access authentication. Below is an example call using the popular cURL command line tool.

```
curl -v "http://USERNAME:PASSWORD@DEVICE_IP/SOME/PATH/ON/DEVICE"
```

The device does respond with authentication headers by default. Setting the challenge GET parameter to 1 on any device URL will force the device to issue a challenge with proper headers when an authenticated resource is requested or the authentication fails.

```
http://DEVICE_IP/SOME/PATH/ON/DEVICE?challenge=1
```

Note: It is strongly recommended to use the session based authentication method. Sessionless access is provided for easy access while experimenting with APIs

10.3. EXECUTING COMMANDS

10.3.1. ACCESSING THE API

The core functionality of the device can be accessed through the API URL which is

```
http://DEVICE_IP/api
```

The available methods are grouped into categories. Each category has a set of methods that can perform an action on the device or query the device for information.

To execute a method the client must invoke the full URL representing it which is as follows:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/api/CATEGORY/METHOD_NAME
```

For example the **GetDevice** method of the **System** category is executed by sending a request to the following URL:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/api/System/GetDevice
```

Note: The API requires an authenticated user. The request must include a valid session identifier in the COOKIE or GET variable named sid

10.3.2. INPUT/OUTPUT PARAMETERS

Every method's specification may include a **request** and/or a **response** object. These define the input and output parameters of the call. A request object is sent the same way as the login data: as a serialized JSON object in the HTTP POST BODY. The response data is encapsulated in another layer and contains the response to the method call.

System/RunTest is a dedicated command for testing the API with example requests and responses below.

Note: The response may contain additional undocumented top level keys beside **Type** and **Data** that can be safely ignored

10.3.3. SUCCESSFUL REQUEST

We send a RunTest request to the device with the text "First test" and ThrowException set to false.

```
POST /api/System/RunTest?sid=951a6d59 HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.100
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 49

{"Text": "First test", "ThrowException": false }
```

The device will respond with the following HTTP response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache: no-cache
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 115

{
  "Type": "Response",
  "Data": {
    "Text": "Input received: First test",
    "Size": 10,
    "User": "admin"
  }
}
```

The **"Type": "Response"** indicates that our request was successful and the device executed the method and replied with data.

The cURL command-line tool may be used to send the above request using the following call:

```
curl \
  -X POST \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
  -d '{"Text": "First test", "ThrowException": false }' \
  "http://192.168.1.100/api/System/RunTest?sid=951a6d59"
```

Failed request with exception

We send a RunTest request to the device with the text "Second test" and ThrowException set to true forcing the device to respond with a TestException.

```
POST /api/System/RunTest?sid=951a6d59 HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.10.22.234
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 44

{
  "Text": "Second test",
  "ThrowException": true
}
```

The device will respond with the following exception:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache: no-cache
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 150

{
  "Type": "Error",
  "Data": {
    "ExceptionClass": "TestException",
    "ErrorMessage": "This is a test exception for testing error reporting."
  }
}
```

10.4. DATA TYPES

The JSON format allows transfer of several data types but is limited compared to high-level programming languages. The reference of structures used in the device API contains a **Type** field that specifies the real data structure behind the items. The device will try to convert any input to the expected type or ignore the value on conversion failure.

9.4.1 BOOLEAN

The **bool** type represents a boolean with a true or false value. This type can accept JSON booleans, literal "true" or "false" (case-insensitive) strings and numbers as well.

9.4.2 INTEGERS

The **int8**, **int16**, **int32** and **int64** types represent integers with a fixed bit width. If the input value doesn't fit into the specified bit length then it will be discarded.

Note: When sending **int64** types keep in mind that some implementations cannot represent large 64 bit numbers. The device parses any string input as number when a numeric type is expected so it is recommended to send large numbers as strings.

9.4.3 TIMESTAMPS

The timestamp information is usually handled as an **int64** number representing a UTC timestamp in milliseconds. The epoch of the timestamp is

```
Monday, January 1, 1601 12:00:00 AM
```

also known as Windows epoch.

```
POSIX_TIME_IN_MS + 11644473600000 = WINDOWS_TIME_IN_MS
WINDOWS_TIME_IN_MS - 11644473600000 = POSIX_TIME_IN_MS
```

9.4.4 DOUBLE

The **double** type represents a standard (IEEE 754) 64 bit double-precision number.

9.4.5 GUID

The **guid** type is a string with a fixed format of `{XXXXXXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXXXXXXXXXX}` where **X** is a hexadecimal digit (0 to F).

9.4.6 ARRAYS OF INTEGERS

Some methods require a long list of numbers (e.g.: coordinates). For this case there is an **Array** type that holds integers. The JSON array type is equivalent with this except **Array** can only contain numbers.

9.4.7 UNNAMED KEYS

There are cases when the sequence of data that must be sent does not have any identifier (key). For this case the API handles numeric keys as unnamed keys. Any entry with a numeric key is considered unnamed and will be parsed accordingly. The actual number used does not make any difference since the numeric keys are not interpreted but the placement order of the elements are preserved.

An example of an object with named (Test1 & Test2) and unnamed (28, 91 & 4) keys:

```
{
  "91": "Unnamed entry with arbitrary numeric key",
  "Test1": "Named entry which will be the second in the list",
  "28": "Another unnamed entry",
  "4": "Third unnamed entry",
  "Test": "Another named entry which is the last in the list (5th)"
}
```


9.4.8 LISTS

The **List** type contains elements of the same type with unnamed keys.

9.4.9 MAP

The **Map** type contains elements of the same type with named keys.



9.5 COMMAND OPTIONS

Certain structures' parameters are limited to numeric ranges or a list of possible values. These possible values are called **Options**.

Structures with **Options** are commonly used in get/set method pairs (like **System/GetNtpSettings** and **System/SetNtpSettings**). When a command pair contains options the setter command will only accept data that fit the restrictions specified by the options in the getter command. Values outside of the specified boundaries will be ignored.

If an **Option** item is present inside the **Data** field of the response then its structure will be the exact copy of the **Data** structure where instead of the normal types and structures, there will be **OptionNumericRange** and **OptionValueList** structures describing the allowed values for each entry. The **Option** structure is read-only and can be omitted when calling the appropriate setter command.

Example:

```
{
  "Type": "Response",
  "Data": {
    "TestItem": 12, "TestList"
    : "Item1", "Options" {
      "TestItem": {
        "Default": 50,
        "Minimum": 0,
        "Maximum": 100
      },
      "TestList": {
        "Default": "Item0",
        "Values": {
          "0": "Item0",
          "1": "Item1",
          "2": "Item2",
          "3": "Item3",
          "4": "Item4",
          "5": "Item5",
          "6": "Item6",
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

The above example structure describes a response where two items are present: **TestItem** and **TestList**. The **Options** entry is present so there are restrictions on what can be set for **TestItem** and **TestList**.

- **TestItem** has a default value of 50 and accepts anything from 0 to 100
- **TestList** has a default value of "Item0" and accepts any of the elements listed under "Values"

Note: The limits imposed by options are different from device to device based on product type and activesettings

9.6 FEATURES

Devices have different features available to the user based on product type and hardware configuration. These features can be queried using the **System/GetDevice** command. The response contains a map of modules under the **Modules** name with descriptors for each modules' capabilities. A descriptor may also contain a tree of strings defining available features. Feature lists are fixed and will not change unless the device is restarted.

9.6.1 COMMON MODULES

Module	Functionality	Module descriptor
Analytics	Detectors and events	ModuleAnalytics
IO	External I/O ports	ModuleIO
Media	Audio and video streams	ModuleMedia

10. DETECTORS & ENGINES

10.1. TYPES

The analytics module is divided into **engines** and **detectors**.

Engines are core modules running highly specialized algorithms and provide processed data sets for detectors to analyse. Engines do not emit events and don't provide user-queryable output. Depending on the device configuration the following engines may be available:

Engine	Description
ANPR engine	Performs license plate recognition (see Analytics/GetAnprEngine)
iTracking engine	Marks and tracks moving objects (see Analytics/GetTracker)
Motion engine	Performs motion detection on the whole image

Detectors are algorithms that analyze one or more data sets, media streams or peripherals and emit events when algorithm-specific criterias are met. For the events' properties see the **Event** structure. Depending on the device configuration the following detectors may be available:

Detector	Reference
AlarmInput port monitor	DetectorConfigurationIO
DetectorIO	EventIO
AlarmDetectorTest	DetectorConfigurationTest
Detector for API testing	EventTest
For ANPR devices only:	
AlarmDetectorANPR	DetectorConfigurationANPR
License plate detection	EventANPR
For Enforcement devices only:	
AlarmDetectorEmergencyLane	DetectorConfigurationEmergencyLane
Emergency lane violation	EventEmergencyLane
AlarmDetectorForbiddenZone	DetectorConfigurationForbiddenZone
Forbidden zone violation	EventForbiddenZone
AlarmDetectorLane	DetectorConfigurationLane
Lane movement	EventLane
AlarmDetectorRedStop	DetectorConfigurationRedStop
Traffic light violation	EventRedStop
AlarmDetectorStoppedObject	DetectorConfigurationStoppedObject
Prohibited stop detection	EventStoppedObject
AlarmDetectorStopViolation	DetectorConfigurationStopViolation
Stop sign violation	EventStopViolation
AlarmDetectorTrafficLine	DetectorConfigurationTrafficLine
General line crossing	EventTrafficLine
AlarmDetectorUTurn	DetectorConfigurationUTurn
Illegal U-turn detection	EventUTurn
AlarmDetectorWhiteLineViolation	DetectorConfigurationWhiteLineViolation
White line violation	EventWhiteLineViolation
AlarmDetectorWrongTurn	DetectorConfigurationWrongTurn
Illegal turn violation	EventWrongTurn
AlarmDetectorWrongWay	DetectorConfigurationWrongWay
Wrong-way driving detection	EventWrongWay

10.2. GEOMETRY

Some detectors and engines require some form of 2D configuration where polygons and lines define how the images are processed.

10.2.1. COORDINATE SYSTEM

The device uses the graphical coordinate system where X values increment to the right and Y values increment downwards. All coordinates are defined in a virtual coordinate system where values are calculated by the following formulas:

```
virtual_x = ( image_x / 16384 + image_width ) / image_width
virtual_y = ( image_y / 16384 + image_width ) / image_width

image_x = ( virtual_x * image_width + 16384 / 2 ) / 16384
image_y = ( virtual_y * image_width + 16384 / 2 ) / 16384
```

10.2.2. GEOMETRY OBJECTS

The following is a list of common shapes for configuring detectors:

Name	Data type	Description
Straight line	GeometryLineSegment	Straight line with two points defining the start and end of the line
Segmented line	GeometryLine	Segmented line with at least one segment, each consisting of a start and end point
Ordered segmented lines	GeometryLineGroups	Groups of segmented lines where an order of groups is formed using indices
Rectangle	GeometryRectangle	Rectangle where each side is parallel to the x or y axis of the image
Polygons	GeometryPolygons	List of polygons. A polygon has at least 3 points and an arbitrary shape.

11. EVENTS

11.1. MODES

Devices support multiple modes for acquiring emitted events.

Live event query is a polling based event download where the user has to periodically check if new events are available.

Pros	Cons
Moderate latency	Event loss on slow connection
Device buffers events	No image or video content

Live event stream is a continuous multipart HTTP stream where new events are automatically streamed to the client with accompanying images.

Pros	Cons
Low latency	Event loss on connection error
Event image available	Event loss on slow connection
	No video content

Stored event query is a similar mode to the live event query but uses requires a storage device. Supports filtering by detector and metadata.

Pros	Cons
Event image and video available	Requires storage device
Advanced filtering	Significant latency
	Client implementation may be complex

Stored event upload supports GDS and HTTP/HTTPS uploading of stored events to a remote server. The HTTP variant uses multipart POST requests to stream events with accompanying media data.

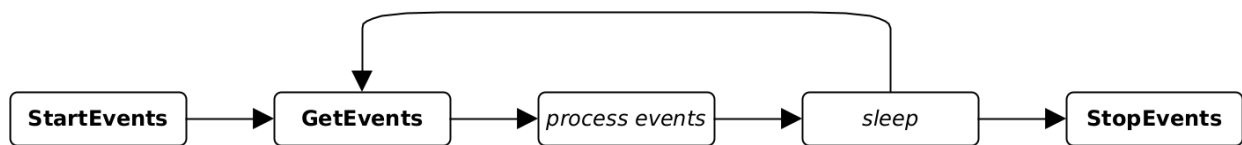
Pros	Cons
Event image and video available	Requires storage device
Event region of interest image available	
Compatible with most HTTP server implementation	Significant latency

11.2. LIVE EVENT QUERY

The easiest method of querying events is to poll the events using the **Analytics/GetEvents** call. To start polling initiate a buffer on the device using the **Analytics/StartEvents** call. This tells the device to allocate a buffer for the session and start queueing emitted events.

After the buffer is initiated the **Analytics/GetEvents** call can be used to periodically download collected events and flush the buffer. It is recommended to wait at least a second between two calls to prevent resource exhaustion or activation of the device's DoS protection.

When events are no longer needed the polling can be aborted using the **Analytics/StopEvents** call.



11.3.LIVE EVENT STREAM

Live events can be continuously downloaded by sending an authenticated GET request to the device on

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/events
```

The device will respond with a **multipart/mixed** type connection and start sending events and associated images as they are emitted.

Events are sent with the multipart Content-Type of **application/json**. Additional headers include:

X-Event-Index	Index incrementing by one for each event. A gap in the indices means the device was unable to send a packet probably due to slow connection and buffer limitations and dropped the event
X-Timestamp	Posix UTC timestamp of the event in milliseconds

Images are sent with the multipart Content-Type of **image/jpeg** or **text/plain** depending on the **image** GET parameter. Additional headers include:

X-Image-Index	Index incrementing by one for each image. A gap in the indices means the device was unable to send a packet probably due to slow connection and buffer limitations and dropped the image
X-Frame-Id	ID of sensor frame from which this JPEG was encoded
X-Frame-Timestamp	Monotonic timestamp of the image in milliseconds that is independent of the wallclock and is not affected by clock changes
X-Frame-Width	Image width
X-Frame-Height	Image height
X-Timestamp	Posix UTC timestamp of the image in milliseconds
X-Keep-Alive	Keepalive duration in seconds (see Keepalive below)

The **X-Event-Index** and **X-Image-Index** counters increment by one for each event or image queued respectively. An increment larger than one indicates that the device buffer filled up and data was dropped.

11.3.1 STREAM FORMAT

The stream is in chronological order (except when device time changes) so events with the same timestamp will always be sent together. Images belonging to the events are always sent before the related event and have matching timestamps. If more than one event exists with the same timestamp the image will only be sent once.

The following example demonstrates the order of data when multiple events exist with the same timestamp:

Part #	Type	Source	Timestamp
1	image/jpeg		2021-01-11 19:32:03.978
2	application/json	Detector1	2021-01-11 19:32:03.978
3	application/json	Detector2	2021-01-11 19:32:03.978
4	image/jpeg		2021-01-11 19:39:56.004
5	application/json	Detector2	2021-01-11 19:39:56.004

11.3.2 IMAGE ATTACHMENT

How images are inserted into the stream can be changed with the image GET parameter.

- image=0: images are disabled
- image=1: (default) images are sent as binary stream with **image/jpeg** Content-Type
- image=2: images are sent as base64 encoded text stream with **text/plain** Content-Type

Using the URL below the client will receive base64 encoded images with the events:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/events?image=2
```

11.3.3 RESUME STREAM

Network issues may close the connection prematurely and events may be lost while the client is reconnecting. To recover from such scenario the **timestamp** GET parameter can be used to provide the device with a starting point. The device will look up events in its internal buffer and send out any that matches or newer than the timestamp. The unit of timestamp is Windows milliseconds (same as the EventTime property of events).

Using the URL below the client will receive available events starting from 2021-05-14 12:09:41 UTC.

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/events?timestamp=13265460581098
```

11.3.4 FILTERING

The stream contains all events from all detectors by default. The events can be filtered by providing a comma separated list of detector ids with the **filter** GET parameters.

Using the URL below the client will only receive events from two detectors with ids **{6309907F-5708-47D1-B410-50F02C8882FB}** and **{B4C797C3-3AF3-4277-194D-9EF952A202A2}**.

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/events?filter={6309907F-5708-47D1-B410-50F02C8882FB},
{B4C797C3-3AF3-4277-194D-9EF952A202A2}
```

11.3.5 KEEPALIVE

During quiet periods the device may not transmit any data for a significant amount of time. Many network equipment may detect such connection as stale and close it prematurely.

Set the **keepalive** GET parameter to a duration in seconds to activate the keepalive messages. The device will automatically send an update message with Content-Type of **application/x-keepalive** when no data transfer was detected for the specified duration.

Note: The device may override the keepalive parameter if set too low. The actual keepalive duration is always sent back in the X-Keep-Alive HTTP header. A zero value means keepalive is turned off.

Using the URL below the client will receive a keepalive message after a minute without any data transfer:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/events?keepalive=60
```

Below is an example update message:

```
--IPCamEventStreamBoundary  
Content-Type: application/x-keepalive  
Content-Length: 0  
  
--IPCamEventStreamBoundary
```

11.3.6 EXAMPLE STREAM

Example event stream request to the device at 192.168.1.101:

```
GET /live/events HTTP/1.1  
Host: 192.168.1.101  
Connection: keep-alive  
Cookie: sid=60ab2b6b
```

Beginning of the response to the above request that contains one signal event and an image:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Pragma: no-cache
Expires: Thu, 01 Dec 2003 16:00:00 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Type: multipart/mixed; boundary=IPCamEventStreamBoundary
Cache: no-cache
Accept-Ranges:
noneX-KeepAlive: 0
X-Timestamp: 1620986981098
X-Windows-Timestamp: 13265460581098
```

```
--
IPCamEventStreamBoundary
Content-Type: image/jpeg
Content-Length: 498749
X-Timestamp: 1620986982002
X-Image-Index: 1
X-Frame-Id: 521699
X-Frame-Timestamp: 757030579
X-Frame-Width: 2560
X-Frame-Height: 1920
```

binary data

```
--IPCamEventStreamBoundary
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 308
X-Event-Index: 1
X-Timestamp: 1620986982042
```

```
{
    "DetectorVersion": 131072,
    "DetectorID": "{6309907F-5708-47D1-B410-50F02C8882FB}",
    "DetectorClassID": -835316578,
    "EventTime": "13265460582042",
    "State": "dsSignal",
    "EventCode": 100,
    "EventInfo": {},
    "EventID": "{4F34A399-9E02-1846-ADA7-98A2798B46B9}",
    "DetectorEventType": "detSignal"
}
```



11.4. STORED EVENT QUERY

Devices with storage enabled can be queried for stored events using the **Storage/GetEvents** function.

It is recommended to first check the available time range on the storage device using the **Storage/GetStatistics** call then download in moderate segments. Specifying too large durations will result in slow or partial responses (see **Status** in **StorageEvents**).

11.4.1 IMAGE

Images related to stored events can be downloaded with the following url:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/playback/image?
detector=DETECTOR_ID&event=EVENT_ID&timestamp=EVENT_TIMESTAMP
```

The GET parameters of **DETECTOR_ID**, **EVENT_ID** and **EVENT_TIMESTAMP** correspond to the values of **DetectorID**, **EventID** and **EventTime** from **StorageEvents** respectively.

The main event image is downloaded by default. To select another image specify the ID of the image using the `image_id` parameter. (cropped image)

```
http://DEVICE_IP/playback/image?
detector=DETECTOR_ID&event=EVENT_ID&timestamp=EVENT_TIMESTAMP&image_id=IMAGE_ID
```

Available values for the current event are found in the event descriptor under the `ImageIds` entry.

Image ID	Description
event_poi_image	Area of the object that triggered the event. ANPR events will return an image of the license plate area. Enforcement events will return an image of the tracked object.
event_poi_adjust_image	Area of the object that triggered the event. The plane of the object is shifted to face to viewer head on. ANPR events will return an image of the license plate area transformed so the license plate is a rectangle.

Note: A HTTP status code may be returned when the image is not available.

11.4.2 VIDEO

Videos for the stored events may be requested with the following url:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/playback/video?start=START_TIMESTAMP&end=END_TIMESTAMP
```

The GET parameters specify the time range of the video using the same format as **EventTime**.

Note: A HTTP status code may be returned when no video content is available in the specified time range.

11.5. STORED EVENT UPLOAD

Devices with storage enabled can automatically upload events to an Adaptive Recognition Globessey DataServer (GDS) or a compatible HTTP/HTTPS server. This chapter describes the HTTP/HTTPS mode only.

11.5.1. PROCESS

Upon activation the event uploader begins searching for events on the storage device in chronological order. Once an event is found a single standard POST request of **multipart/form-data** type is initiated to the configured URL and all data are transmitted.

11.5.2. ERROR HANDLING

The server must respond with a HTTP status code of 200 for a successful transfer. Other responses are handled as follows:

- When a connection error occurs the uploader will retry indefinitely until the event is no longer available.
- Server may respond with a HTTP status code of 503 or 504 to signal that it is unable to accept requests. The uploader will retry indefinitely until the event is no longer available.
- When any other errors are encountered the uploader will retry a limited number of times then discard the event.

11.5.3. REQUEST FORMAT

Event data and related media is uploaded in multipart fields identified by their **name**. The name and order of the fields are as follows:

Field name	MIME type	Count	Description
event_timestamp	text/plain	1	Field contains the posix UTC timestamp of the event in milliseconds
event_video_NUM	video/mp4	0≤	Related video content
event_image_NUM	image/jpeg	0≤	Related image content
event_cropped_image_NUM	image/jpeg	0≤	Region of interest cropped out from the original image
event_descriptor	application/json	1	Event descriptor in JSON format (see Event)

The value of *NUM* is a zero-based index (e.g.: event_image_0, event_image_1, ...).

By default data is sent as standard form-data fields with only a **name** property but - using the web interface – a **filename** property can be added to media fields (image and video).

Note: When using PHP POST fields are accessed through the `$_POST` variable but fields with filenames are available in the `$_FILES` variable

Field header when only names are sent:

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="FIELD_NAME"
```

```
Content-Type: MIME_TYPE
```

Field header of media data when filenames are configured aswell:

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="FIELD_NAME"; filename="FIELD_NAME.EXTENSION"
```

```
Content-Type: MIME_TYPE
```

Below is an example event upload transfer between a device and the server at 192.168.1.102 where the server's responses are marked red:

```
POST /http_upload_server_php/ar_http_upload.php HTTP/1.1
```

```
Host: 192.168.1.102
```

```
User-Agent: IntellioHttpPostUploader/1.0
```

```
Accept: */*
```

```
Cache-Control: no-cache
```

```
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Length: 4330662
```

```
Expect: 100-continue
```

```
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue
```

```
--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="event_timestamp"Content-Type: text/plain
```

```
1631732906436
```

```
--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="event_video_0"
```

```
Content-Type: video/mp4
```

```
binary data
```

```
--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="event_image_0"
```

```
Content-Type: image/jpeg
```

```
binary data
```

```
--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="event_cropped_image_0"
```

```
Content-Type: image/jpeg
```

```
binary data
```

```
--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary
```

```
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="event_descriptor"
```

```
Content-Type: application/json
```



```
{
  "DetectorVersion": 131072,
  "DetectorID": "{7D0829EA-E8FD-7546-92C7-3528E6216CBB}",
  "DetectorClassID": 1968398405,
  "DetectorClass": "AlarmDetectorANPR",
  "EventTime": "13276206506436",
  "State": "dsNormal",
  "EventCode": 114,
  "EventInfo": {
    "Text": "ABC123",
    "Confidence": 0.81999999284744262695,
    "Country": "BIH",
    "CountryCode": 113004,
    "Coords": [
      7808,
      5606,
      8992,
      5632,
      8992,
      5843,
      7808,
      5818
    ],
    "BackgroundColor": "",
    "DedicatedAreaColor": "",
    "TextColor": ""
  },
  "EventID": "{93B5A26B-3069-E346-8E89-383ABA7A275C}",
  "DetectorEventType": "detSimpleEvent"
}
```

--IntellioHttpPostUploaderBoundary--

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Length: 0

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1. GPIO STATE STREAM

Live I/O state can be continuously downloaded by sending an authenticated GET request to the device on

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/io
```

The device will respond with a **multipart/mixed** type connection and start sending updates about I/O port statechanges.

I/O state changes are sent with the multipart Content-Type of **application/json**. Additional headers include:

X-Timestamp	Posix UTC timestamp of the state change in milliseconds
X-Keep-Alive	Keepalive duration in seconds (see Keepalive below)

12.1.1. STREAM FORMAT

The stream always starts with the last known states of the available ports. State changes are sent as **GpioPortStateChange** data structures. The stream is in chronological order (except when device time changes).

12.1.2. FILTERING

The stream contains all state changes from all ports by default. The state changes can be filtered by providing a comma separated list of port names with the **filter** GET parameters. Using the URL below the client will only receive state changes of two ports named **IN_0** and **IN_1**.

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/io?filter=IN_0,IN_1
```

12.1.3. KEEPALIVE

During quiet periods the device may not transmit any data for a significant amount of time. Many network equipment may detect such connection as stale and close it prematurely.

Set the **keepalive** GET parameter to a duration in seconds to activate the keepalive messages. The device will automatically send an update message with Content-Type of **application/x-keepalive** when no data transfer was detected for the specified duration.

Note: The device may override the keepalive parameter if set too low. The actual keepalive duration is always sent back in the X-Keep-Alive HTTP header. A zero value means keepalive is turned off.

Using the URL below the client will receive a keepalive message after a minute without any data transfer:

```
http://DEVICE_IP/live/io?keepalive=60
```

Below is an example update message:

```
--IPCamIOStreamBoundary  
Content-Type: application/x-keepalive  
Content-Length: 0  
  
--IPCamIOStreamBoundary
```

12.1.4. EXAMPLE STREAM

Example I/O stream request to the device at 192.168.1.101:

```
GET /live/io HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.101
Connection: keep-alive
Cookie: sid=60ab2b6b
```

Beginning of the response to the above request that contains states for port IN_0 and OUT_0:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Pragma: no-cache
Expires: Thu, 01 Dec 2003 16:00:00 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Type: multipart/x-mixed-replace; boundary=IPCamlIOStreamBoundary
Cache: no-cache
Accept-Ranges: none
X-KeepAlive: 0

--IPCamlIOStreamBoundary
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 104
X-Timestamp: 1620986982042

{
  "Active": false,
  "Port": "IN_0",
  "Timestamp": "13265460582042"
  "Type": "Input",
}

--IPCamlIOStreamBoundary
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 106
X-Timestamp: 1620986982042

{
  "Active": false,
  "Port": "OUT_0",
  "Timestamp": "13265460582042"
  "Type": "Output",
}

--IPCamlIOStreamBoundary
```

13.FUNCTIONS

13.1 CATEGORY:ANALYTICS

The Analytics category is a collection of methods for managing analytics engines, detectors and querying events.

Methods

Method	Description
Analytics/GetEvents	Get the buffered events
Analytics/StartEvents	Start the event buffering for the calling session
Analytics/StopEvents	Stop the event buffering for the calling session
Analytics/TriggerEngine	Manually trigger an analytics engine
ANPR	
Analytics/GetAnprEngine	Get the current configuration of the ANPR engine
Analytics/GetAnprEngineDefaults	Get the default configuration of the ANPR engine
Analytics/GetAnprEngineState	Get the current state of the ANPR engine
Analytics/SetAnprEngine	Change the configuration of the ANPR engine
Detectors	
Analytics/CreateDetector	Create a new detector instance
Analytics/DeleteAllDetectors	Delete all detector instances
Analytics/DeleteDetector	Delete the detector instance
Analytics/DisableDetector	Disable the detector
Analytics/EnableDetector	Enable the detector
Analytics/GetDetector	Get the configuration of the detector
Analytics/GetDetectorDefaults	Get the default configuration of a detector type
Analytics/GetDetectorState	Get the state of the detector
Analytics/GetDetectors	Get the active detector instances on this device
Analytics/GetSupportedDetectors	Get the supported detector types on this device
Analytics/SetDetector	Set the configuration of the detector
Tracker	
Analytics/GetTracker	Get the current configuration of the tracker
Analytics/GetTrackerDefaults	Get the default configuration of the tracker
Analytics/SetTracker	Change the configuration of the tracker

13.1.1 ANALYTICS/CREATEDETECTOR

Create a new detector instance with the specified type and unique id.

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorCreateConfiguration
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<p>DetectorIdMissingException: The ID of the new detector instance must be specified.</p> <p>DetectorIdExistsException: The ID of the new detector instance is already in use.</p> <p>DetectorLimitReachedException: Cannot create more detectors of this type. See <i>InstanceLimit</i> in Analytics/GetSupportedDetectors.</p> <p>InvalidDetectorTypeException: The specified detector type is unknown. See <i>DetectorClass</i> in Analytics/GetSupportedDetectors.</p>

13.1.2 ANALYTICS/DELETEALLDETECTORS

Deletes all detector instances except built-in detectors

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.3 ANALYTICS/DELETEDETECTOR

Deletes a detector instance. Built-in detectors cannot be deleted.

See also: [Analytics/DisableDetector](#), [Analytics/EnableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorRequest
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist. AccessDeniedException: The detector specified cannot be removed because it is a built-in detector.

13.1.4 ANALYTICS/DISABLEDETECTOR

Disable the selected detector. A disabled detector will not process signals and analytics. A disabled detector will not emit events except ones that indicate change in configuration and initialization state.

See also: [Analytics/DeleteDetector](#), [Analytics/EnableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorRequest
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist.

13.1.5 ANALYTICS/ENABLEDETECTOR

Enable the selected detector so it may resume processing signals and analytics. Enabling an already enabled detector has no effect.

See also: [Analytics/DeleteDetector](#), [Analytics/DisableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorRequest
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist

13.1.6 ANALYTICS/GETANPRENGINE

Get the current configuration of the ANPR engine

See also: [Analytics/GetAnprEngineDefaults](#), [Analytics/SetAnprEngine](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	AnprEngineConfiguration
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.7 ANALYTICS/GETANPRENGINEDEFAULTS

Get the default configuration of the ANPR engine

See also: [Analytics/GetAnprEngine](#), [Analytics/SetAnprEngine](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	AnprEngineConfiguration
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.8 ANALYTICS/GETANPRENGINESTATE

Get the current state of the ANPR engine

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	AnprEngineState
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.9 ANALYTICS/GETDETECTOR

Get the current configuration of the selected detector. The content of the response varies depending on the detector type.

See also: [Analytics/DeleteDetector](#), [Analytics/DisableDetector](#), [Analytics/EnableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorDefaults](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#), [Analytics/SetDetector](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorRequest
Response data	Detector
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist

13.1.10 ANALYTICS/GETDETECTORDEFAULTS

Get the default configuration of the specified detector type. The default parameters will be used when creating a detector without specifying any detector specific configuration.

See also: [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/SetDetector](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	DetectorClassRequest
Response data	Detector
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.11 ANALYTICS/GETDETECTORSTATE

Get the current state of the detector.

The detector state indicates if the detector is properly initialized and ready to process data.

See also: [Analytics/DeleteDetector](#), [Analytics/DisableDetector](#), [Analytics/EnableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetector](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	DetectorRequest
Response data	DetectorState
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist.

13.1.12 ANALYTICS/GETDETECTORS

Get the active detector instances on this device

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	DetectorList
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.13 ANALYTICS/GETEVENTS

Get all events collected since the last call or since the buffering was started. Events may be dropped when the internal buffer allocated for this session is full.

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	BufferedEvents
Exceptions	StreamNotStartedException: Event buffering was not started on this session

13.1.14 ANALYTICS/GETSUPPORTEDDETECTORS

Lists all of the supported detector types on this device along other statistics of each type

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	SupportedDetectors
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.15 ANALYTICS/GETTRACKER

Get the current configuration of the tracker

See also: [Analytics/GetTrackerDefaults](#), [Analytics/SetTracker](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	TrackerConfiguration
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.16 ANALYTICS/GETTRACKERDEFAULTS

Get the default parameters used by the tracker when parameters are missing during a **Analytics/SetTracker** configuration.

See also: [Analytics/GetTracker](#), [Analytics/SetTracker](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	TrackerConfiguration
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.17 ANALYTICS/SETANPREENGINE

Change the configuration of the ANPR engine

See also: [Analytics/GetAnprEngine](#), [Analytics/GetAnprEngineDefaults](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	AnprEngineConfiguration
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.18 ANALYTICS/SETDETECTOR

Update the configuration of the selected detector. The required configuration parameters depend on the detector type.

See also: [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorDefaults](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	Detector
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	DetectorNotFoundException: The specified detector does not exist

13.1.19 ANALYTICS/SETTRACKER

Change the configuration of the tracker

See also: [Analytics/GetTracker](#), [Analytics/GetTrackerDefaults](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	TrackerConfiguration
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.20 ANALYTICS/STARTEVENTS

Start the event buffering on this session. If the event buffering was already started this method does nothing. Buffered events can be queried using the **Analytics/GetEvents** method and stopped with **Analytics/ StopEvents**.

The events can be filtered by detectors by specifying their IDs. For more details see the input parameters of this method.

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	BufferedEventsRequest
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.21 ANALYTICS/STOPEVENTS

Stop the event buffering for the calling session

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.1.22 ANALYTICS/TRIGGERENGINE

Manually trigger an analytics engine

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	AnalyticsEngineTrigger
Response data	AnalyticsEngineTriggerResponse
Exceptions	InvalidTriggerException: The specified engine does not exist or doesn't support triggers.

13.2 STORAGE

The Storage category is a collection of methods for managing the on-board storage and querying stored data.

Methods

Method	Description
Storage/GetEvents	Perform a query on the stored events
Storage/GetStatistics	Get general statistics from the storage subsystem

13.2.1 STORAGE/GETEVENTS

Get the list of events from the storage device that match the specified parameters.

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	StorageEventsRequest
Response data	StorageEvents
Exceptions	EventsNotFoundException : Events could not be retrieved due to read error

13.2.2 STORAGE/GETSTATISTICS

Get general statistics from the storage subsystem

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	StorageStatistics
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3 SYSTEM

The **System** category is a collection of methods that allow configuring general aspects of the device like name, time or user accounts. When connecting to a device for the first time it is recommended to use the **System/ GetDevice** method to get general information about it.

Methods

Method	Description
System/ClearSecurityHistory	Release the block on all clients that are currently banned
System/FactoryReset	Factory reset the settings and reboot
System/GetApiVersion	Get the version of the JSON API
System/GetDevice	Get general information about the device
System/GetLocationSettings	Get the location settings of the device
System/GetSecurityHistory	List the active session and blocked clients
System/GetSecuritySettings	Get the security settings
System/Reboot	Start the reboot of the device
System/RunTest	Testing method for checking JSON API
System/SetDevice	Change the name and description of the device
System/SetLocationSettings	Set the location settings of the device
System/SetSecuritySettings	Change the security settings
Date & time	
System/GetNtpSettings	Get the NTP settings
System/GetTime	Get the current timestamp
System/GetTimezone	Get the current timezone
System/GetTimezones	List the timezones that are available on the device
System/SetNtpSettings	Change the NTP settings
System/SetTime	Change the current timestamp
System/SetTimezone	Change the current timezone
I/O	
System/GetGpioSettings	Get the available digital inputs and outputs on this device
System/GetGpioStates	Get the last known state of available digital inputs and

	outputs on this device
System/SetGpioInputSettings	Change the configuration of a digital input port
System/SetGpioOutput	Change the state of a digital output port
System/SetGpioOutputSettings	Change the configuration of a digital output port
System/TriggerGpioOutput	Send an impulse to a digital output port
Users	
System/AddUser	Add a new user account
System/DeleteUser	Remove a user account
System/GetCurrentUser	Get the user of the current session
System/GetUsers	List all users accounts on the device. The password field is present but will not contain any information.
System/ModifyUser	Modify the properties of a user account

13.3.1 SYSTEM/ADDUSER

Add a new user account

See also: [System/DeleteUser](#), [System/GetCurrentUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	User
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	UserValueException: An invalid parameter was sent UserExistsException: A user with the same name already exists

13.3.2 SYSTEM/CLEARSECURITYHISTORY

Release the block on all clients that are currently banned

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.3 SYSTEM/DELETEUSER

Remove a user account

See also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/GetCurrentUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	UserId
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	DeleteSelfException: A user cannot remove its own account UserNotExistsException: Tried to remove a non-existing user account

13.3.4 SYSTEM/FACTORYRESET

Request a soft factory reset of the device. The device will restore all except the network settings to factory defaults and request a reboot. For a full factory reset the physical reset button on the device must be pressed if available.

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.5 SYSTEM/GETAPIVERSION

Get the version of the JSON API. The individual commands' structure and the commands itself may change without the API version changing. Only major structural or workflow changes are reflected here.

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	ApiVersion
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.6 SYSTEM/GETCURRENTUSER

Get the user of the current session

See also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/DeleteUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	UserInfo
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.7 SYSTEM/GETDEVICE

This method is used for discovering the capabilities of a device after a successful authentication. The response contains the availability of various modules, firmware and product information and lists of supported features.

See also: [System/SetDevice](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	none
Response data	SystemSettingsResponse
Exceptions	none

13.3.8 SYSTEM/GETGPIOSETTINGS

Get the available digital inputs and outputs on this device

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	GpioSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.9 SYSTEM/GETGPIOSTATES

Get the last known state of available digital inputs and outputs on this device

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	GpioStates
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.10 SYSTEM/GETLOCATIONSETTINGS

Query how the device obtains its locational data.

See also: [System/SetLocationSettings](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	LocationSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.11 SYSTEM/GETNTPSETTINGS

Get the NTP settings

See also: [System/SetNtpSettings](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	NtpSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.12 SYSTEM/GETSECURITYHISTORY

List the active session and blocked clients

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	SecurityHistory
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.13 SYSTEM/GETSECURITYSETTINGS

Get the security settings of the device that controls allowed authentication attempts and blocking duration. If the number of authentication fails by a client exceeds the limit the client will be blocked for the specified duration and all authentication attempts - regardless of the used credentials - will be ignored until the block expires.

See also: [System/SetSecuritySettings](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	SecuritySettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.14 SYSTEM/GETTIME

Get the current timestamp

See also: [System/SetTime](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	TimeSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.15 SYSTEM/GETTIMEZONE

Get the current timezone

See also: [System/SetTimezone](#)

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	TimezoneSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.16 SYSTEM/GETTIMEZONES

List the timezones that are available on the device

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	TimezoneList
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.17 SYSTEM/GETUSERS

List all users accounts on the device. The password field is present but will not contain any information.

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	Users
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.18 SYSTEM/MODIFYUSER

Modify the properties of a user account

see also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/DeleteUser](#), [System/GetCurrentUser](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	User
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<p>UserValueException: An invalid parameter was sent</p> <p>ModifySelfException: A user cannot modify its own role</p> <p>UserNotExistsException: Tried to modify a non-existing user account</p>

13.3.19 SYSTEM/REBOOT

Request the device the reboot. The device will reboot shortly after the request.

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	RebootSettings
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.20 SYSTEM/RUNTEST

This method is used for testing the functionality of the JSON API and making implementation easier. This method does not execute actual logic on the device but just returns canned responses.

Specification

User level	USER
Request data	TestInput
Response data	TestOutput
Exceptions	TestException : This is an exception thrown when the ThrowException of the input is set to true

13.3.21 SYSTEM/SETDEVICE

Change the name, description and location of the device usually visible on user interfaces.

See also: [System/GetDevice](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	SystemSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.22 SYSTEM/SETGPIOINPUTSETTINGS

Change the configuration of a digital input port

See also: [System/SetGpioOutput](#), [System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#), [System/TriggerGpioOutput](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	GpioInputPort
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.23 SYSTEM/SETGPIOOUTPUT

Change the state of a digital output port

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#), [System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#), [System/TriggerGpioOutput](#)

Specification

User level	OPERATOR
Request data	GpioOutputPortState
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.24 SYSTEM/SETGPIOOUTPUTSETTINGS

Change the configuration of a digital output port

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#), [System/SetGpioOutput](#), [System/TriggerGpioOutput](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	GpioOutputPort
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.25 SYSTEM/SETLOCATIONSETTINGS

Change the way the device obtains its locational data.

See also: [System/GetLocationSettings](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	<i>none</i>
Response data	LocationSettings
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.26 SYSTEM/SETNTPSETTINGS

Change the NTP settings

See also: [System/GetNtpSettings](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	NtpSettings
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.27 SYSTEM/SETSECURITYSETTINGS

Change the security settings

See also: [System/GetSecuritySettings](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	SecuritySettings
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.28 SYSTEM/SETTIME

Change the current timestamp

See also: [System/GetTime](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	TimeSettings
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.29 SYSTEM/SETTIMEZONE

Change the current timezone

See also: [System/GetTimezone](#)

Specification

User level	ADMINISTRATOR
Request data	TimezoneSettings
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

13.3.30 SYSTEM/TRIGGERGPIOOUTPUT

Send an impulse to a digital output port

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#), [System/SetGpioOutput](#), [System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#)

Specification

User level	OPERATOR
Request data	GpioPortId
Response data	<i>none</i>
Exceptions	<i>none</i>

14. DATA STRUCTURES

14.1. ACTIVESESSION

Active session information

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
LastSeen	int64	Elapsed time in milliseconds since the last activity on this session
Source	string	Source of the session, usually an IP address
User	string	The authenticated user name on the session

Pseudo code

```
{
  "LastSeen": ...,
  "Source": "...",
  "User": "..."
}
```


14.2. ANALYTICSENGINETRIGGER

Properties of a manual engine trigger.

The **Count** property defines the number of successful reads before the trigger is considered done. By setting this property to zero you can cancel still active manual triggers.

See also: [Analytics/TriggerEngine](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Count	int32	Number of triggers to issue
Target	string	Name of engine to trigger (only "Anpr" is supported)
TriggerSource		Advanced settings for Software trigger mode
Name	string	User defined string that will be attached to triggered events

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Count": ...,  
  "Target": "...",  
  "TriggerSource":  
  {  
    "Name": "..."  
  }  
}
```

14.3 ANALYTICSENGINETRIGGERRESPONSE

Properties of a manual engine trigger.

See also: [Analytics/TriggerEngine](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Count	int32	Number of triggers to issue
Target	string	Name of engine to trigger (only "Anpr" is supported)
Timestamp	int32	Timestamp when the trigger was received by the device

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Count": ...,  
  "Target": "...",  
  "Timestamp":....  
}
```

14.4 ANPREENGINECONFIGURATION

Configuration of the ANPR engine.

The engine only operates inside the specified mask and emits an event for each recognized license plate that meet the configured criteria.

By default the engine is automatically triggered by the on-board plate finder and accepts external triggers aswell. This can be changed using the **TriggerModes** option. When using external triggers the engine reads license plates until the specified count is reached. Setting the **InterruptOnRecognition** to true aborts the read after the first successful license plate read. The on-board plate finder - if enabled - is paused while there is an active external trigger.

Available trigger modes are:

- **PlateFinder:** Engine is triggered automatically by the on-board license plate finder
- **Tracker:** Engine is triggered automatically by the on-board object tracker
- **Software:** Engine can be triggered using the **Analytics/TriggerEngine** call
- **Hardware:** Engine is triggered by a configured GPIO input port

The **TextFormat** option controls how the text of recognised license plates will be outputted into the event.

- **Type1:** No separator characters are included
- **Type2:** All separator characters are included as spaces
- **Type3:** All separator characters are included as is

The **HardwareTriggerSettings/TriggerMode** option controls how the activation of the input port triggers the engine when hardware trigger is used.

- **Impulse:** Activation of the input port triggers the engine to make **ReadCount** number of successful reads
- **State:** The engine continuously tries to read license plates while the input port is active

See also: [Analytics/GetAnprEngine](#), [Analytics/GetAnprEngineDefaults](#), [Analytics/SetAnprEngine](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config		
ColorRecognition	bool	Set to enable color recognition on license plates
Confidence	int8	Minimum accepted confidence value
CountryPreference	String	Preferred country code
Direction	Bool	Set to enable direction recognition on license plates
DirectionHint	string	Additional hint for direction detection
HardwareTriggerSettings		Advanced settings for Hardware trigger mode
InterruptOnRecognition	Bool	When enabled stops further recognition after a successful read
Port	String	Name of the GPIO input port that triggers the engine
ReadCount	Int32	Number of successful reads before the trigger ends in Impulse mode
TriggerMode	string	Activation mode of the trigger
InterruptOnRecognition	bool	(deprecated) When enabled stops further recognition after a successful read. Ignored when InterruptOnRecognition is specified in HardwareTriggerSettings and SoftwareTriggerSettings.
MMR	Bool	Set to enable MMR recognition on license plates
Mask	List/ Array/ int16	List of polygon coordinates that define the operating area of the engine
RecognitionMode	String	Type of traffic the device processes
SoftwareTriggerSettings		Advanced settings for Software trigger mode
InterruptOnRecognition	Bool	When enabled stops further recognition after a successful read
Speed	Bool	Set to enable speed estimation using license plate positions
SpeedHint		Advanced settings that improve speed estimatio
Height	Double	Vertical distance in meters between the device and the road
TextFormat	String	Outputted format of license plate text
TriggerMode	String	(deprecated) Source of triggers that activates the ANPR engine. This setting is overwritten if TriggerModes is specified aswell.
TriggerModes	List/string	Source of triggers that activates the ANPR engine
Type	String	Type of to run
ValidInTimeWindow	Int32	Ignore same license plates for this duration (milliseconds)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "ColorRecognition": ...,
    "Confidence": ...,
    "CountryPreference": "...",
    "Direction": ...,
    "DirectionHint": "...",
    "HardwareTriggerSettings":
    {
      "InterruptOnRecognition": ...,
      "Port": "...",
      "ReadCount": ...,
      "TriggerMode": "..."
    },
    "InterruptOnRecognition": ...,
    "MMR": ...,
    "Masks":
    {
      "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
      "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
    },
    "RecognitionMode": "...",
    "SoftwareTriggerSettings":
    {
      "InterruptOnRecognition": ... },
    "Speed": ...,
    "SpeedHint":
    {
      "Height": ...
    },
    "TextFormat": "...",
    "TriggerMode": "...",
    "TriggerModes":
    {
      "0": "...",
      "1": "..."
    },
    "Type": "...",
    "ValidInTimeWindow": ...
  }
}

```

14.5 ANPRENGINESTATE

Current state of the ANPR engine

See also: [Analytics/GetAnprEngineState](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config		
Active	Bool	Reports if the engine is loaded and functioning properly
Configured	Bool	Engine configuration state
Version	string	Currently used engine version information

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Config":
  {
    "Active": ...,
    "Configured": ...,
    "Version": "..."
  }
}
```

14.6 APIVERSION

JSON API information

See also: [System/GetVersion](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Version	int32	Current version of the JSON API

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Version": ...  
}
```

14.7 BUFFEREVENTS

Query collected events in a sessions buffer.

When **Analytics/GetEvents** is called all events from the internal buffer are returned then deleted and subsequent calls will only return events emitted after this call. If too many events are emitted or the duration between two **Analytics/GetEvents** calls are too long the internal buffer may fill up and events may be discarded until the buffer is emptied. The number of discarded events can be monitored using the **DiscardedEvents** property.

See also: [Analytics/GetEvents](#)



Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DiscardedEvents	int32	Number of events discarded since the start of buffering
EventList	Event	List of events
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device		
Description	string	User-specified description
Location		User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server

Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "DiscardedEvents": ...,
  "EventList":
  {
    "Config":
    {
      "BuiltIn": ...,
      "Class": "...",
      "Description": "...",
      "DetectorClassID": ...,
      "DetectorID": "{...}",
      "DisplayName": "...",
      "Enabled": ...,
      "FpsLimit": ...,
      "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
      "Version": ...,
      "ViolationTimeMs": ...
    },
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorEventType": "...",
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DetectorVersion": ...,
    "Device":
    {
      "Description": "...",
      "Location":
      {
        "Config":
        {
          "Manual":
          {
            "Position":
            {
              "Latitude": ...,
              "Longitude": ...
            }
          },
          "Network":
          {
            "Host": "...",
            "Port": ...,
            "Protocol": "..."
          }
        },
        "Mode": "..."
      }
    },
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
}

```

```
}  
  "EventCode": ...,  
  "EventID": "{...}",  
  "EventTime": ...,  
  "EventTriggerTime": ...,  
  "State": "..."  
}  
}
```



14.8 BUFFEREVENTSREQUEST

Parameters for starting event buffering on the current session.

When the Filter parameter is filled with detector IDs only events from those detectors will be buffered and other events will be discarded. If not specified or left empty all events will be available for query.

See also: [Analytics/StartEvents](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Filter	List/guid	List of detector IDs

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Filter":
  {
    "0": "{...}",
    "1": "{...}"
  }
}
```

14.9 DETECTOR

Configuration of the detector. The contents of this data collection depends on the selected detector type.

See also: [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorDefaults](#), [Analytics/SetDetector](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Contains further configuration options specific to the detectortype
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<i>unused</i>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorID	guid	(optional) Unique ID of the detector instance. This option should only be specified when requesting data from the device.

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Config":  
  {  
    "BuiltIn": ...,  
    "Class": "...",  
    "Description": "...",  
    "DetectorClassID": ...,  
    "DetectorID": "{...}",  
    "DisplayName": "...",  
    "Enabled": ...,  
    "FpsLimit": ...,  
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,  
    "Version": ...,  
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...  
  },  
  "DetectorID": "{...}"  
}
```

14.10 DETECTORCLASSREQUEST

Property the uniquely identifies a detector type.

See also: [Analytics/GetDetectorDefaults](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DetectorClass	string	String id of the detector type.

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "DetectorClass": "..."  
}
```


14.11 DETECTORCONFIGURATION

Inherited by: [DetectorConfigurationANPR](#), [DetectorConfigurationIO](#), [DetectorConfigurationTest](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<i>unused</i>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.12 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONANPR

Configuration of the ANRP detector.

By default the detector signals for all license plates. When whitelist is enabled events will only be emitted for license plates found in the filter.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
AllowEmptyText	bool	Enable signalling when a license plate has no text
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	List/string	List of directions to signal for
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
Filter	string	New-line separated list of license plates to signal for
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
FuzzySearch	bool	Enable fuzzy matching when using license plate filters
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<i>unused</i>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
Whitelist	bool	Enable filter usage

Pseudo code

```
{
  "AllowEmtyText": ...,
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "... "
  }
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "Filter": "...",
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "FuzzySearch": ...,
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...,
  "Whitelist": ...
}
```



14.13 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONEMERGENCYLANE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryPolygons)
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```



14.14 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONFORBIDDENZONE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryPolygons)
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.15 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONIO

Configuration of the IO detector.

The detector will signal when the configured input port leaves the normal state and ends when the port normalizes.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
InputPort	string	Name of the input port to monitor
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "InputPort": "...",
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```


14.16 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONLANE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryPolygons)
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.17 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONREDSTOP

Detector monitors for objects that cross `Lines` and leave the area through `ExitLines` after the light turns red and `GracePeriod` had elapsed. The `TrafficLightType` can be configured to be `RogColumn` (vertical road traffic light), `RrwRailRoad` (triangular railroad light) or `RrwRailRoad2` (horizontal railroad light).

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>ConfidenceEnabled</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	[em]unused[/em]
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
ExitLines	IndexedTrackingDetectorLines	List of segments defining the exit line of the detector
Id	int8	Index of the line
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
GracePeriod	int64	The grace period in milliseconds after the a light turns red where crossing is still allowed
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point

Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.



Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction": "...",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "ExitLines":
  {
    "Id": ...,
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "GracePeriod": ...,
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "TrafficLight": .,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.18 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONSTOPVIOLATION

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence treshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
GracePeriod	int64	The grace period in milliseconds after the a light turns red where crossing is still allowed
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction": "...",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "GracePeriod": ...,
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "TrafficLight": ,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.19 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONSTOPPEDOBJECT

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryPolygons)
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.20 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONTEST

Configure the test detector.

Based on the configuration the detector will emit signal/restore pairs or plain events periodically.

When Timeout is larger than zero the detector repeats the cycle of emitting a signal after Interval and restoring it after Timeout.

When Timeout is set to zero the detector will simply emit an event every Interval milliseconds.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
Interval	int64	Duration of normal state in milliseconds
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<i>unused</i>
Timeout	int64	Duration of signalling state in milliseconds
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "BuiltIn": ...,  
  "Class": "...",  
  "Description": "...",  
  "DetectorClassID": ...,  
  "DetectorID": "{...}",  
  "DisplayName": "...",  
  "Enabled": ...,  
  "FpsLimit": ...,  
  "Interval": ...,  
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,  
  "Timeout": ...,  
  "Version": ...,  
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...  
}
```



14.21 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONTRAFFICLINE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>ConfidenceEnabled</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	[em]unused[/em]
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
GracePeriod	int64	The grace period in milliseconds after the a light turns red where crossing is still allowed
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction": "...",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "GracePeriod": ...,
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "TrafficLight": ,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.22 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONUTURN

Detector monitors for objects that perform a complete U-turn while crossing the line in the specified direction.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>ConfidenceEnabled</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	<code>UNUSED</code>
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
GracePeriod	int64	The grace period in milliseconds after the a light turns red where crossing is still allowed
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
Masks	List/Array/int16	List of masks. Each mask is a list of coordinates where odd and even indices are x and y coordinates of a corner in the polygon (x0, y0, x1, y1, ...).
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>UNUSED</code>
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction": "...",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "Lines":
  {
    "Masks":
    {
      "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
      "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
    }
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.23 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONWHITELINEVIOLATION

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>ConfidenceEnabled</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	<code>UNUSED</code>
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
GracePeriod	int64	The grace period in milliseconds after the a light turns red where crossing is still allowed
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>UNUSED</code>
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "Direction": "...",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "GracePeriod": ...,
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "TrafficLight": ,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.24 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONWRONGTURN

Detector monitors for objects that cross the lines in the order of their sequence number.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
Direction	string	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
LineGroups	GeometryLineGroup	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryLineGroups)
Lines	GeometryLineSegment	List of segments defining the entry line for the detector (see GeometryLine)
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
SequenceNumber	int32	Numeric id of this group for ordering
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
TrafficLight		
Version	int32	Detector type version

ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
-----------------	-------	---

Pseudo code

```

{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "LineGroups":
  {
    "Lines":
    {
      "X0": ...,
      "X1": ...,
      "Y0": ...,
      "Y1": ...
    },
    "SequenceNumber": ...
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}

```

14.25 DETECTORCONFIGURATIONWRONGWAY

Detector monitors for objects that move in the specified direction inside the mask. The monitored direction can be extended using AngleRange. For example the value of `[em]Angle=90[/em]` and `[em]AngleRange=10[/em]` sets the monitored direction range to 80° - 100°.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Angle	double	Angle of forbidden direction in degrees. Value of 0° points right and 90° points up.
AngleRange	double	Extends monitored angle in both direction with this degree value
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence treshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
LocationX	int32	X coordinate of the visual aid used for configuration. Does not affect the operation of the detector.
LocationY	int32	Y coordinate of the visual aid used for configuration. Does not affect the operation of the detector.
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the detector (see GeometryPolygons)
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Angle": ...,
  "AngleRange": ...,
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "LocationX": ...,
  "LocationY": ...,
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  },
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.26 DETECTORCREATECONFIGURATION

Initial settings for a new detector instance.

See also: [Analytics/CreateDetector](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DetectorClass	string	Detector type
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "DetectorClass": "...",  
  "DetectorID": "{...}"  
}
```

14.27 DETECTORCREATECONFIGURATION

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Description	string	User-specified description
Location		User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Description": "...",
  "Location":
  {
    "Config":
    {
      "Manual":
      {
        "Position":
        {
          "Latitude": "...",
          "Longitude": "..."
        }
      },
      "Network":
      {
        "Host": "...",
        "Port": "...",
        "Protocol": "..."
      }
    },
    "Mode": "..."
  }
  "Name": "...",
  "Serial": "..."
}
```


14.28 DETECTORINFO

Collection of properties defining an instance of a detector type. A built-in detector is a special instance that is created by the device the first time it is booted and it cannot be delete by the user.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Indicates if this is a built-in detector or added by a user
Description	string	Description of the detector instance
DetectorClass	string	Detector type
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type ID
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of the detector instance
State	string	Current state of the detector
Version	int32	Version of this detector

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClass": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "State": "...",
  "Version": ...
}
```

14.29 DETECTORLIST

See also: [Analytics/GetDetectors](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Detectors	List/ DetectorInfo	List of the currently available detector instances
BuiltIn	bool	Indicates if this is a built-in detector or added by a user
Description	string	Description of the detector instance
DetectorClass	string	Detector type
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type ID
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of the detector instance
State	string	Current state of the detector
Version	int32	Version of this detector

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Detectors":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClass": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ..., "DetectorID":
    "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "State": "...",
    "Version": ...
  }
}
```

14.30 DETECTORREQUEST

Collection of properties that uniquely identifies a detector instance.

See also: [Analytics/DeleteDetector](#), [Analytics/DisableDetector](#), [Analytics/EnableDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetector](#), [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "DetectorID": "{...}"  
}
```

14.31 DETECTORSTATE

The detector state value

Numeric value	String value	Description
0	dsNotConfigured	Detector is not configured or the current configuration is invalid
1	dsInit	Detector is currently initializing the state machine and loading configuration
2	dsError	Detector is in an erroneous state and cannot operate
3	dsUnableToOperate	The current device environment does not allow normal operation of detector. This state does not require user interaction and the detector will resume operation once impeding factors are resolved.
4	dsNormal	Detector operation is normal
5	dsSignal	Detector raised one or more signals that are still active. Detector operation is normal.
6	dsDisabled	Detector is disabled and does not process data

See also: [Analytics/GetDetectorState](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
State	int32	Numeric id of the current detector state

Pseudo code

```
{
  "State": ...
}
```

14.32 DETECTORTYPEINFO

Collection of properties defining a detector type. The device won't allow creation of the more that **InstanceLimit** of one type including the build-in detectors.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DetectorClass	string	Detector type
InstanceCount	int32	Currently available detector of this type
InstanceLimit	int32	Maximum number of this type allowed on the device
Version	int32	Available version of this detector type

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "DetectorClass": "...",  
  "InstanceCount": ...,  
  "InstanceLimit": ...,  
  "Version": ...  
}
```

14.33 EVENT

Descriptor of an event emitted by a detector.

- **DetectorEventType** uses the following values:
- **detSimpleEvent**: Basic event type where the event has no duration.
- **detSignal**: Signals the start of a longer event. The associated detector will also enter signal state until all signalled events are ended.
- **detRestore**: Ends a previously signalled long event. The **EventID** of the start and end events are the same. The associated detector will return to normal state if **all** signals are ended

Restore event types usually don't contain additional information about the previously started event and only serve to mark the end of a detected occurrence.

EventCode is a detector specific numeric code to identify what change caused the event. The following are common event codes used by all detectors:

- **2**: Detector finished initialization
- **3**: Detector failed to initialize and stopped working
- **4**: Detector is unable to operate under the current conditions
- **5**: Detector started initializing
- **6**: Detector was created (by user)
- **7**: Detector was destroyed (by user)
- **100**: Generic event code to mark signal/restore event pairs

Event codes above 100 are detector type specific and may overlap.

Events have two timestamps that may have different values based on detector operation. **EventTime** is the timestamp when the detector event was created because all required conditions were met. **EventTriggerTime** may be an earlier timestamp that points to the exact moment the interest of the event happened. For example with tracking detectors where a line is monitored an object crosses a line but it is not yet validated or categorized. The moment of crossing is saved as the original trigger time and when later the object is validated an event is emitted with the current timestamp but with an earlier trigger timestamp.

Inherited by: : **EventANPR, EventEmergencyLane, EventForbiddenZone, EventIO, EventLane, EventRedStop, EventStopViolation, EventStoppedObject, EventTest, EventTrafficLine, EventUTurn, EventWhiteLineViolation, EventWrongTurn, EventWrongWay**

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server

Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude": ...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,
  "EventID": "{...}",
  "EventTime": ...,
  "EventTriggerTime": ...,
  "State": "..."
}

```

14.34 EVENTANPR

License plate detection event. The EventCode associated with this event is 114.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	EventANPRLicensePlate	May contain detector specific additional information
BackgroundColor	string	Background color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
CharacterSize	int32	Average character size of the license plate
Confidence	double	Confidence of the detection
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinates of the found license plate's boundaries
Country	string	License plate county code
CountryCode	int32	Numeric license plate country code
DedicatedAreaColor	string	Dedicated area color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
Direction	string	Estimated direction of the vehicle. Possible values are [strong]Approaching[/strong], [strong]Moving away[/strong] or [strong]Unknown[/strong].
MMR		Make and model recognition results
Category	string	Vehicle category
CategoryConfidence	double	Confidence of the category recognition
Color	string double	Color of vehicle in #RRGGBB format
ColorConfidence		Confidence of the color recognition
Make	string	Make of the vehicle
MakeAndModelConfidence	double	Confidence of the make and model recognitions
Model	string	Model of the vehicle
Text	string	License plate text
TextColor	string	Text color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
TriggerSource		Properties of the trigger that started the license plate recognition

Name	string	Unique name of the trigger
Source	string	Type of the trigger
Timestamp	string	Timestamp of when the trigger was activated
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude": ...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,
  "EventID": "{...}",

```

```
"EventInfo":
{
  "BackgroundColor": "...",
  "CharacterSize": ...,
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Country": "...",
  "CountryCode": ...,
  "DedicatedAreaColor": "...",
  "Direction": "...", "MMR":
  ,
  {
    "Category": "...",
    "CategoryConfidence": "...",
    "Color": "...",
    "ColorConfidence": "...",
    "Make": "...",
    "MakeAndModelConfidence": "...",
    "Model": "..."
  }
  "Text": "...",
  "TextColor": "...",
  "TriggerSource":
  {
    "Name": "...",
    "Source": "...",
    "Timestamp": "...",
  }
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```

14.35 EVENTANPRLICENSEPLATE

License plate properties

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BackgroundColor	string	Background color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
CharacterSize	int32	Average character size of the license plate
Confidence	double	Confidence of the detection
Coords	Array/ int16	Coordinates of the found license plate's boundaries
Country	string	License plate county code
CountryCode	int32	Numeric license plate country code
DedicatedAreaColor	string	Dedicated area color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
Direction	string	Estimated direction of the vehicle. Possible values are [strong]Approaching[/strong], [strong]Moving away[/strong] or [strong]Unknown[/strong].
MMR		Make and model recognition results
Category	string	Vehicle category
CategoryConfidence	double	Confidence of the category recognition
Color	string double	Color of vehicle in #RRGGBB format
ColorConfidence		Confidence of the color recognition
Make	string	Make of the vehicle
MakeAndModelConfidence	double	Confidence of the make and model recognitions
Model	string	Model of the vehicle
Text	string	License plate text
TextColor	string	Text color of the license plate in #RRGGBB format
TriggerSource		Properties of the trigger that started the license plate recognition
Name	string	Unique name of the trigger
Source	string	Type of the trigger
Timestamp	string	Timestamp of when the trigger was activated

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BackgroundColor": "...",
  "CharacterSize": ...,
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Country": "...",
  "CountryCode": ...,
  "DedicatedAreaColor": "...",
  "Direction": "...",
  "MMR":
  {
    "Category": "...",
    "CategoryConfidence": "...",
    "Color": "...",
    "ColorConfidence": "...",
    "Make": "...",
    "MakeAndModelConfidence": "...",
    "Model": "..."
  }
  "Text": "...",
  "TextColor": "...",
  "TriggerSource":
  {
    "Name": "...",
    "Source": "...",
    "Timestamp": "...",
  }
}
```


14.36 EVENTEMERGENCYLANE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that entered the emergency lane
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center": ,
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.37 EVENTFORBIDDENZONE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that entered the emergency lane
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center": ,
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.38 EVENTIO

Input port activation event

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude": ...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,
  "EventID": "{...}",
  "EventTime": ...,
  "EventTriggerTime": ...,
  "State": "..."
}

```



14.39 EVENTLANE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that entered the emergency lane
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.40 EVENTREDSTOP

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	RedStopViolationInfo	Details of the object that ran the red light
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
OrangeTimestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the light entered orange state
RedTimestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the light entered red state
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center": ,
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "OrangeTimestamp": ...,
  "RedTimestamp": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.41 EVENTSTOPVIOLATION

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that did not stop for the stop sign
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.42 EVENTSTOPPEDOBJECT

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that stopped in the zone
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ..., "ViolationTimeMs":
    ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.43 EVENTTEST

Basic test event

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		

Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
Index	int64	A numeric counter that increments when the detector emitted an event of any type
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude": ...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,
  "EventID": "{...}",
  "EventTime": ...,
  "EventTriggerTime": ...,
  "Index": ...,
  "State": "..."
}

```



14.44 EVENTTRAFFICLINE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that crossed the line
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.45 EVENTUTURN

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that crossed the line
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.46 EVENTWHITELINEVIOLATION

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that crossed the line
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.47 EVENTWRONGTURN

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	unused
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that crossed the line
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude" :...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.48 EVENTWRONGWAY

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter

Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventInfo	TrackedObjectInfo	Details of the object that crossed the line
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Config":
  {
    "BuiltIn": ...,
    "Class": "...",
    "Description": "...",
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DisplayName": "...",
    "Enabled": ...,
    "FpsLimit": ...,
    "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
    "Version": ...,
    "ViolationTimeMs": ...
  },
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorEventType": "...",
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DetectorVersion": ...,
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "Location":
    {
      "Config":
      {
        "Manual":
        {
          "Position":
          {
            "Latitude": ...,
            "Longitude":...
          }
        },
        "Network":
        {
          "Host": "...",
          "Port": ...,
          "Protocol": "..."
        }
      },
      "Mode": "..."
    }
    "Name": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  }
  "EventCode": ...,

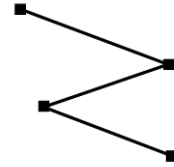
```

```
"EventID": "{...}",
"EventInfo":
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
},
"EventTime": ...,
"EventTriggerTime": ...,
"State": "..."
}
```



14.49 GEOMETRYLINE

Segmented line with at least one segment, each consisting of a start and end point



Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Lines	List/ GeometryLineSegment	List of line segments
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point

Pseudo code

```

{
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  }
}

```

14.50 GEOMETRYLINEGROUP

Segmented line with at least one segment, each consisting of a start and end point and an index for sorting.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Lines	List/ GeometryLineSegment	List of line segments
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
SequenceNumber	int32	Numeric id of this group for ordering

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Lines":
  {
    "X0": ...,
    "X1": ...,
    "Y0": ...,
    "Y1": ...
  },
  "SequenceNumber": ...
}
```

14.51 GEOMETRYLINEGROUPS

Groups of segmented lines where an order of groups is formed using indices

Structure

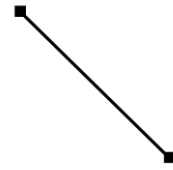
Parameter	Type	Description
LineGroups	List/ GeometryLineGroup	List of line groups
Lines	List/ GeometryLineSegment	List of line segments
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point
SequenceNumber	int32	Numeric id of this group for ordering

Pseudo code

```
{
  "LineGroups":
  {
    "Lines":
    {
      "X0": ...,
      "X1": ...,
      "Y0": ...,
      "Y1": ...
    },
    "SequenceNumber": ...
  }
}
```

14.52 GEOMETRYLINESEGMENT

Straight line with two points defining the start and end of the line



Structure

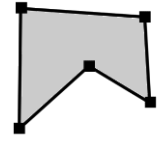
Parameter	Type	Description
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "X0": ...,  
  "X1": ...,  
  "Y0": ...,  
  "Y1": ...  
}
```

14.53 GEOMETRYPOLYGONS

List of polygons. A polygon has at least 3 points with and an arbitrary shape.



Structure

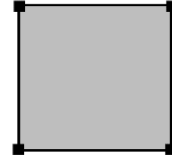
Parameter	Type	Description
Masks	List/Array/int16	List of masks. Each mask is a list of coordinates where odd and even indicies are x and y coordinates of a corner in the polygon (x0, y0, x1, y1, ...).

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Masks":
  {
    "0": [ ..., ..., ... ],
    "1": [ ..., ..., ... ]
  }
}
```

14.54 GEOMETRYRECTANGLE

Rectangle where each side is parallel to the x or y axis of the image



Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
X0	int32	X coordinate of the top left corner
X1	int32	X coordinate of the bottom right corner
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the top left corner
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the bottom right

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "X0": ...,  
  "X1": ...,  
  "Y0": ...,  
  "Y1": ...  
}
```


14.55 GPIOINPUTPORT

Settings of a digital input port

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Inherited from GpioPort:		
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
ActiveState	bool	State of the port that is considered active/triggered (HIGH/CLOSED = true, LOW/OPEN = false)

Pseudo code

```
{
  "ActiveState": ...,
  "Port": "..."
}
```

14.56 GPIOOUTPUTPORT

Settings of a digital output port

See also: [System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
ActiveState	bool	State of the port that is considered active/triggered (HIGH/CLOSED = true, LOW/ OPEN = false)
ActiveTime	int32	Duration of the active state after the output is triggered
DetectorList	List/ guid	List of detector IDs that can automatically trigger this output with an event
OutputMode	string	Output signal form. Only the "Impulse" mode is supported.
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port

Pseudo code

```
{
  "ActiveState": ...,
  "ActiveTime": ...,
  "DetectorList":
  {
    "0": "{...}",
    "1": "{...}"
  },
  "OutputMode": "...",
  "Port": "..."
}
```

14.57 GPIOOUTPUTPORTSTATE

Settings for changing the state of a digital output port

See also: [System/SetGpioOutput](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Active	bool	New state of the digital output port
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Active": ...,  
  "Port": "..."  
}
```

14.58 GPIOPORT

Settings of a digital input/output port

Inherited by: [GpioInputPort](#), [GpioOutputPort](#)

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#), [System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
ActiveState	bool	State of the port that is considered active/triggered (HIGH/CLOSED = true, LOW/OPEN = false)
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "ActiveState": ...,  
  "Port": "..."  
}
```

14.59 GPIOPORTID

Inherited by: [GpioOutputPortState](#), [GpioPort](#), [GpioPortState](#)

See also: [System/SetGpioInputSettings](#), [System/SetGpioOutput](#),
[System/SetGpioOutputSettings](#), [System/TriggerGpioOutput](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Port": "..."  
}
```

14.60 GPIOPORTSTATE

State of a digital port

Inherited by: [GpioPortStateChange](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Active	bool	Current state of the digital port
Timestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the digital port changed to this state
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Active": ...,  
  "Port": "...",  
  "Timestamp": ...  
}
```

14.61 GPIOPORTSTATECHANGE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Type	string	Value of "Input" or "Output" indicating the port type
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
Active	bool	Current state of the digital port
Timestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the digital port changed to this state

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Active": ...,  
  "Port": "...",  
  "Timestamp": ...,  
  "Type": "..."  
}
```

14.62 GPIOSETTINGS

Settings of all digital input/output ports

See also: [System/GetGpioSettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Inputs	Map/ GpioInputPort	Settings of available digital input ports. Port name is used as mapkey.
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
ActiveState	bool	State of the port that is considered active/triggered (HIGH/CLOSED = true, LOW/OPEN = false)
Outputs	Map/ GpioOutputPort	Settings of available digital output ports. Port name is used asmap key.
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
ActiveState	bool	State of the port that is considered active/triggered (HIGH/CLOSED = true, LOW/OPEN = false)
ActiveTime	int32	Duration of the active state after the output is triggered
DetectorList	List/guid	List of detector IDs that can automatically trigger this output withan event
OutputMode	string	Output signal form. Only the "Impulse" mode is supported.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Inputs":
  {
    "ActiveState": "...",
    "Port": "..."
  },
  "Outputs":
  {
    "ActiveState": "...",
    "ActiveTime": "...",
    "DetectorList":
    {
      "0": "{...}",
      "1": "{...}"
    },
    "OutputMode": "...",
    "Port": "..."
  }
}
```

14.63 GPIOSTATES

Last known state of all digital input/output ports

See also: [System/GetGpioStates](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Inputs	GpioPortState	States of available digital input ports. Port name is used as map key.
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
Active	bool	Current state of the digital port
Timestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the digital port changed to this state
Outputs	GpioPortState	States of available digital output ports. Port name is used as map key.
Port	string	Unique identifier of a digital input/output port
Active	bool	Current state of the digital port
Timestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the digital port changed to this state

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Inputs":
  {
    "Active": ...,
    "Port": "...",
    "Timestamp": ...
  },
  "Outputs":
  {
    "Active": ...,
    "Port": "...",
    "Timestamp": ...
  }
}
```

14.64 INDEXEDTRACKINGDETECTORLINES

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Id	int8	Index of the line
X0	int32	X coordinate of the start point
X1	int32	X coordinate of the end point
Y0	int32	Y coordinate of the start point
Y1	int32	Y coordinate of the end point

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Id": ...,  
  "X0": ...,  
  "X1": ...,  
  "Y0": ...,  
  "Y1": ...  
}
```

14.65 LOCATIONSETTINGS

With **Mode** the device can switch its location data source.

In **Manual** mode the device uses the position saved in the **Manual** configuration.

In **Network** mode the device connects to the configured location service and periodically queries the current location. Protocol must be either TCP or UDP.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Config":
  {
    "Manual":
    {
      "Position":
      {
        "Latitude": "...",
        "Longitude": ...
      }
    }
    "Network":
    {
      "Host": "...",
      "Port": ...,
      "Protocol": "..."
    }
  }
  "Mode": "..."
}
```

14.66 MODULEANALYTICS

Capabilities of the Analytics module. The feature list may contain but not limited to the following values:

Tracker	Supports the iTracking tracker engine (see Analytics/GetTracker)
TrafficDetectors	Supports traffic focused detectors
CarmenEngine	Supports CARMEN license plate recognition (see Analytics/GetAnprEngine)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Features	List/string	List of features available in this module
RequiredCarmenVersion	string	Minimum CARMEN version that can be uploaded to the device

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Features":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "...",
  },
  "RequiredCarmenVersion": "..."
}
```

14.67 MODULEIO

Capabilities of the IO module

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Inputs	List/string	Names of available input ports
Outputs	List/string	Names of available output ports

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Inputs":  
  {  
    "0": "...",  
    "1": "..."  
  },  
  "Outputs":  
  {  
    "0": "...",  
    "1": "..."  
  }  
}
```

14.68 MODULEMEDIA → SYSTEMSETTINGSMODULE

Capabilities of the Media module. The feature map contains a list of features for each available sensor. Each feature list may contain but not limited to the following values:

InfraLed	Infrared LED illumination is available
MotorizedFocus	Focus can be adjusted using the motods on the lens
MotorizedZoom	Zoom can be adjusted using the motors on the lens
WDR	Supports wide dynamic range

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Features	Map/List/string	List of features available in this module
Sensors	int32	Number of sensors available
Streams	int32	Number of video stream configurations available

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Features":
  {
    "named_key0":
    {
      "0": "...",
      "1": "..."
    },
    "named_key1":
    {
      "0": "...",
      "1": "..."
    }
  },
  "Sensors": ...,
  "Streams": ...
}
```


14.69 NTPSETTINGS

NTP client settings

See also: [System/GetNtpSettings](#), [System/SetNtpSettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Enabled	bool	Enabled state of the device's NTP client
Servers	List/string	List of NTP server addresses or hostnames used when NTP is enabled

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Enabled": ...,
  "Servers":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  }
}
```

14.70 OPTIONNUMERICRANGE

The numeric range option defines an item's allowed value range from a minimum to a maximum (inclusive). Values outside of the specified range will be ignored as if not sent.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Default	numeric	Default value of the item if not set or the value set is out of range
Maximum	numeric	The maximum value the item accepts
Minimum	numeric	The minimum value the item accepts

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Default": ...,  
  "Maximum": ...,  
  "Minimum": ...  
}
```

14.71 OPTIONVALUELIST

The value list option defines a limited set of allowed values for an item. A value not present in the list will be ignored as if not sent.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Default	string	Default value of the item if not set
Values	List/string	List of values the item can accept

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Default": "...",  
  "Values":  
  {  
    "0": "...",  
    "1": "..."  
  }  
}
```

14.72 REBOOTSETTINGS

Reboot parameters

See also: [System/Reboot](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Message	string	Optional message as the cause of the reboot used for diagnostic purposes

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Message": "..."  
}
```

14.73 REDSTOPVIOLATIONINFO

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
OrangeTimestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the light entered orange state
RedTimestamp	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the light entered red state
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Center": {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }

  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "OrangeTimestamp": ...,
  "RedTimestamp": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
}
```

14.74 SECURITYHISTORY

List of security related information like blocked sources and active sessions

See also: [System/GetSecurityHistory](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BlockedSources	Map/int64	A key/value mapping of blocked sources where the key is the sourceidentifier (usually an IP address) and the value is the duration in milliseconds until the source is unblocked
Sessions	List/ ActiveSession	List of currently active sessions
LastSeen	int64	Elapsed time in milliseconds since the last activity on this session
Source	string	Source of the session, usually an IP address
User	string	The authenticated user name on the session

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BlockedSources":
  {
    "named_key0": ...,
    "named_key1": ...
  },
  "Sessions":
  {
    "LastSeen": ...,
    "Source": "...",
    "User": "..."
  }
}
```

14.75 SECURITYSETTINGS

Information required to identify a user account

See also: [System/GetSecuritySettings](#), [System/SetSecuritySettings](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
AuthenticationAttemptLimit	int32	Allowed number of failed authentication attempts before a source is blocked
SourceBlockDuration	int64	Block length in milliseconds

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "AuthenticationAttemptLimit": ...,  
  "SourceBlockDuration": ...  
}
```

14.76 STORAGEEVENTS

Result of a stored event query. The parameters of the original query are returned with **StartTime** and **EndTime** modified to reflect the actual timerange of the result.

The **Status** field will contain one of the following values:

- **OK**: The query returned successfully with at least one event
- **NO_CONTENT**: The query returned successfully but no events were found that match the criteria
- **PARTIAL_CONTENT** The query ended successfully but not all events could be returned due to resource constraints

When **PARTIAL_CONTENT** is returned the device responds with a modified **EndTime** parameter that is the timestamp of the last event that could successfully be returned in this response. To query the rest of the events perform the same query with **StartTime** set to the previously returned **EndTime**.

See also: [Storage/GetEvents](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
EndTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the end of the search range
EventList	Event	List of events that match the search criteria
Config	DetectorConfiguration	Configuration of the detector when this event was created
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Class	string	Detector type name
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
RestoreDelayMs	int64	[em]unused[/em]
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimeMs	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.
DetectorClassID	int32	Type ID of the detector
DetectorEventType	string	Type of this event
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector
DetectorVersion	int32	Version of the detector
Device	DetectorDeviceInfo	Information about the device where the detector operates
Description	string	User-specified description
Location	LocationSettings	User-specified location
Config		
Manual		
Position		
Latitude	Double	Latitude coordinate in decimal degrees
Longitude	double	Longitude coordinate in decimal degrees

Network		
Host	String	Hostname or IP address of the location transmitter
Port	Int32	Port of the location transmitter service on the server
Protocol	String	Protocol to use when connecting to the service
Mode	String	General system properties
Name	String	User-specified name
Serial	String	Unique device serial number
EventCode	int32	Detector specific event code
EventID	guid	Unique ID of the event
EventTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the event creation
EventTriggerTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds when the conditions for the event were met
State	string	State of the detector after the event was emitted (see DetectorState)
Filter	StorageEventsRequestFilter	(optional) Additional filter parameters
FuzzySearch	bool	Set to true to allow fuzzy search that includes not only exact matches but similar matches too where one character may be different
Params	string	(optional) Comma separated list of key:value pairs
Pattern	string	String pattern to match for. May use placeholders to match any characters. A question mark (?) indicates one character, an asterisk (*) indicates zero or more.
ID	guid	(optional) Unique ID of the detector to search for
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the beginning of the search range
Status	string	Final status of the query

Pseudo code

```

{
  "EndTime": ...,
  "EventList":
  {
    "Config":
    {
      "BuiltIn": ...,
      "Class": "...",
      "Description": "...",
      "DetectorClassID": ...,
      "DetectorID": "{...}",
      "DisplayName": "...",
      "Enabled": ...,
      "FpsLimit": ...,
      "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
      "Version": ...,
      "ViolationTimeMs": ...
    },
    "DetectorClassID": ...,
    "DetectorEventType": "...",
    "DetectorID": "{...}",
    "DetectorVersion": ...,
    "Device":
    {
      "Description": "...",
      "Location":
      {
        "Config":
        {
          "Manual":
          {
            "Position":
            {
              "Latitude" :...,
              "Longitude":...
            }
          },
          "Network":
          {
            "Host": "...",
            "Port": ...,
            "Protocol": "..."
          }
        },
        "Mode": "..."
      }
    }
  }
  "Name": "...",

```

```
    "Serial": "..."  
  }  
  "EventCode": ...,  
  "EventID": "{...}",  
  "EventInfo":  
  "EventTime": ...,  
  "EventTriggerTime": ...,  
  "State": "..."  
},  
"Filter":  
{  
  "FuzzySearch": ...,  
  "Params": "...",  
  "Pattern": "..."  
},  
"ID": "{...}",  
"StartTime": ...,  
"Status": "..."  
}
```



14.77 STORAGEEVENTSREQUEST

Search parameters for a stored event query

Inherited by: **StorageEvents**

See also: **Storage/GetEvents**

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
EndTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the end of thesearch range
Filter	StorageEventsRequestFilter	(optional) Additional filter parameters
FuzzySearch	bool	Set to true to allow fuzzy search that includes not only exact matches but similiar matches too where one character may be different
Params	string	(optional) Comma separated list of key:value pairs
Pattern	string	String pattern to match for. May use placeholders to matchany characters. A question mark (?) indicates one character, an asterisk (*) indicates zero or more.
ID	guid	(optional) Unique ID of the detector to search for
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the beggining of thesearch range

Pseudo code

```
{
  "EndTime": ...,
  "Filter":
  {
    "FuzzySearch": ...,
    "Params": "...",
    "Pattern": "..."
  },
  "ID": "{...}",
  "StartTime": ...
}
```

14.78 STORAGEEVENTSREQUESTFILTER

Additional search parameters for a stored event query.

Pattern is used to filter out events whose metadata does not match the pattern.

Params can be used to specify modifiers for the search. As of now only "country" is supported (e.g.: "country:NOR" to search for license plates from Norway).

Currently only ANPR events have metadata in the form of license plate strings and country codes.

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
FuzzySearch	bool	Set to true to allow fuzzy search that includes not only exact matches but similiar matches too where one character may be different
Params	string	(optional) Comma separated list of key:value pairs
Pattern	string	String pattern to match for. May use placeholders to match any characters. A question mark (?) indicates one character, an asterisk (*) indicates zero or more.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "FuzzySearch": "...",
  "Params": "...",
  "Pattern": "..."}
}
```

14.79 STORAGESTATISTICS

General statistics from the storage subsystem

See also: [Storage/GetStatistics](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
EndTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the newest available data on the storagedevice
InUse	int64	Number of bytes in used on the used storage device
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the oldest available data on the storagedevice
Total	int64	Total number of bytes available on the used storage device

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "EndTime": ...,  
  "InUse": ...,  
  "StartTime": ...,  
  "Total": ...  
}
```

14.80 SUPPORTEDDETECTORS

See also: [Analytics/GetSupportedDetectors](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DetectorTypes	List/ DetectorTypeInfo	List of supported detector types
DetectorClasses	string	Detector type
InstanceCount	int32	Currently available detector of this type
InstanceLimit	int32	Maximum number of this type allowed on the device
Version	int32	Available version of this detector type

Pseudo code

```
{
  "DetectorTypes":
  {
    "DetectorClass": "...",
    "InstanceCount": ...,
    "InstanceLimit": ...,
    "Version": ...
  }
}
```


14.81 SYSTEMSETTINGS

Inherited by: [SystemSettingsResponse](#)

See also: [System/GetDevice](#), [System/SetDevice](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Description	string	User-specified description
Name	string	User-specified name

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Description": "...",  
  "Name": "..."  
}
```

14.82 SYSTEMSETTINGSDEVICE

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Description	string	Additional information about the product
FirmwareVersion	string	Firmware version in x.x.x.x format
ProductClass	string	Class name of the product lineup with similiar features
ProductDisplayName	string	Human-readable name of the product design. May be the same asProductName.
ProductName	string	Name of the product design
ProductSubclass	string	Subclass of the lineup identifying a specific use-case
RequiredFirmwareVersion	string	Minimum firmware version in x.x.x.x format that this device acceptswhen a new firmware is uploaded
Serial	string	Unique device serial number

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Description": "...",  
  "FirmwareVersion": "...",  
  "ProductClass": "...",  
  "ProductDisplayName": "...",  
  "ProductName": "...",  
  "ProductSubclass": "...",  
  "RequiredFirmwareVersion": "...",  
  "Serial": "..."  
}
```

14.83 SYSTEMSETTINGSMODULE

Inherited by: [ModuleAnalytics](#), [ModuleIO](#), [ModuleMedia](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
-----------	------	-------------

Pseudo code

```
{  
  
}
```

14.84 SYSTEMSETTINGSRESPONSE

See also: [System/GetDevice](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Description	string	User-specified description
Device	SystemSettingsDevice	General system properties
Description	string	Additional information about the product
FirmwareVersion	string	Firmware version in x.x.x.x format
ProductClass	string	Class name of the product lineup with similar features
ProductDisplayName	string	Human-readable name of the product design. May be the same as ProductName.
ProductName	string	Name of the product design
ProductSubclass	string	Subclass of the lineup identifying a specific use-case
RequiredFirmwareVersion	string	Minimum firmware version in x.x.x.x format that this device accepts when a new firmware is uploaded
Serial	string	Unique device serial number
InstanceId	int64	Unique ID that changes every time the system restarts
Modules	SystemSettingsModule	List of module specific entries that describe each module's capabilities
Name	string	User-specified name
Uptime	int64	Elapsed milliseconds since the system started

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Description": "...",
  "Device":
  {
    "Description": "...",
    "FirmwareVersion": "...",
    "ProductClass": "...",
    "ProductDisplayName": "...",
    "ProductName": "...",
    "ProductSubclass": "...",
    "RequiredFirmwareVersion": "...",
    "Serial": "..."
  },
  "InstanceId": "...",
  "Modules":
  {
  },
  "Name": "...",
  "Uptime": ...
}
```



14.85 TESTINPUT

Configure the response given to the **System/RunTest** method. The **Text** may be set to anything or left empty. Using the **ThrowException** field, one can control the type of response the **RunTest** command may return.

- If this is false the response will be success (given no other higher level errors occur) and a **TestOutput** object will be returned.
- If this is true the response will be an error of a **TextException** type.

See also: [System/RunTest](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Text	string	Arbitrary test input that the System/RunTest will return if no exceptions are thrown
ThrowException	bool	If this field is set to true the response to System/RunTest will be an exception

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Text": "...",  
  "ThrowException": ...  
}
```

14.86 TESTOUTPUT

Response to a successful System/RunTest method call.

See also: [System/RunTest](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Size	int32	Length of the original input text in bytes
Text	string	The original input text preceeded with the "Input recieved: " string
User	string	Name of the user executing the command

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Size": ...,  
  "Text": "...",  
  "User": "..."  
}
```

14.87 TIMESETTINGS

Device time settings

See also: [System/GetTime](#), [System/SetTime](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Datetime	string	Timestamp in the selected timezone as a formatted string (YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss.sss)
Timestamp	int64	Current wall clock timestamp on the device (UTC)
Timezone		
Code	string	Abbreviated name of the timezone if available
Name	string	Name of the selected timezone
Offset	int64	Current offset of time from UTC in seconds

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Datetime": "...",
  "Timestamp": ...,
  "Timezone": ...
  {
    "Code": "...",
    "Name": "...",
    "Offset": ...
  }
}
```


14.88 TIMEZONELIST

List of supported timezone configurations

Inherited by: [System/GetTimezones](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Timezones	List/string	List of timezone names available on the device

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Timezones": [
    {
      "O": "...",
      "T": "..."
    }
  ]
}
```

14.89 TIMEZONESETTINGS

Device timezone settings

Inherited by: [System/GetTimezone](#), [System/SetTimezone](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
DayLightEnabled	bool	This property is unused and deprecated
Timezone	string	v

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "DayLightEnabled": ...,  
  "Timezone": " ..."  
}
```

14.90 TRACKEDOBJECTINFO

Inherited by: **RedStopViolationInfo**

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Center		
X	Int16	X coordinate of the center of the object
Y	Int16	Y coordinate of the center of the object
Confidence	double	Confidence of object tracking and categorization on a scale of 0 to 1
Coords	Array/int16	Coordinate pairs of the object's bounding box (x0,y0,x1,y1,...)
Id	int64	Unique id of the tracked object
StartTime	int64	Wall clock timestamp in milliseconds of the moment the object first appeared
State	string	State of object when the event was created
Type	string	Type of object

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Center":
  {
    "X": ...,
    "Y": ...
  }
  "Confidence": ...,
  "Coords": [ ..., ..., ... ],
  "Id": ...,
  "StartTime": ...,
  "State": "...",
  "Type": "..."
}
```

14.91 TRACKERCONFIGURATION

Configuration of the iTracking engine.

The engine operates inside the configured mask or the whole image if none specified. Moving objects are tracked and categorized and sent to track based detectors for further analysis

See also: [Analytics/GetTracker](#), [Analytics/GetTrackerDefaults](#), [Analytics/SetTracker](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Config		
Masks	List/Array/int16	Mask defining the working area of the tracker

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Config":
  {
    "Masks":
    {
      "0": [ ..., ..., ...],
      "1": [ ..., ..., ...],
    }
  }
}
```

14.92 TRACKINGDETECTORCONFIGURATION

Inherited by: `DetectorConfigurationEmergencyLane`, `DetectorConfigurationForbiddenZone`, `DetectorConfigurationLane`, `DetectorConfigurationRedStop`, `DetectorConfigurationStopViolation`, `DetectorConfigurationStoppedObject`, `DetectorConfigurationTrafficLine`, `DetectorConfigurationUTurn`, `DetectorConfigurationWhiteLineViolation`, `DetectorConfigurationWrongTurn`, `DetectorConfigurationWrongWay`

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
BuiltIn	bool	Automatically created detectors are marked built-in and cannot be deleted
Center	bool	Set to true to operate using an object's center point instead of all corners
Class	string	Detector type name
Confidence	int8	Minimum allowed object confidence when <code>[strong]ConfidenceEnabled[/strong]</code> is set to true
ConfidenceEnabled	bool	Set to true to use a confidence threshold for object monitoring
Description	string	Description of this detector instance for easier identification
DetectorClassID	int32	Detector type code
DetectorID	guid	Unique ID of the detector instance
DisplayName	string	Name of this detector instance displayed on user-facing interfaces
Enabled	bool	Controls the enabled state of the detector
FpsLimit	double	Limits the run speed of the detector to a specific FPS. Set to zero for no limit.
ObjectTypes	List/string	List of object types that are monitored or empty list for all types
RestoreDelayMs	int64	<code>[em]unused[/em]</code>
Version	int32	Detector type version
ViolationTimes	int64	Violations have to be present for this duration before an event is emitted. Not all detectors may use this field.

Pseudo code

```
{
  "BuiltIn": ...,
  "Center": ...,
  "Class": "...",
  "Confidence": ...,
  "ConfidenceEnabled": ...,
  "Description": "...",
  "DetectorClassID": ...,
  "DetectorID": "{...}",
  "DisplayName": "...",
  "Enabled": ...,
  "FpsLimit": ...,
  "ObjectTypes":
  {
    "0": "...",
    "1": "..."
  },
  "RestoreDelayMs": ...,
  "Version": ...,
  "ViolationTimeMs": ...
}
```

14.93 USER

All user account information

See also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Password	string	User password (write only)
	string	User name
Role	string	User role

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Name": "...",  
  "Password": "...",  
  "Role": "..."  
}
```

14.94 USERID

Information required to identify a user account

Inherited by: [UserInfo](#)

See also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/DeleteUser](#), [System/GetCurrentUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Name	string	User name

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Name": "..."  
}
```


14.95 USERINFO

User account information

Inherited by: [User](#)

See also: [System/AddUser](#), [System/GetCurrentUser](#), [System/ModifyUser](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Role	string	User role
Name	string	User name

Pseudo code

```
{  
  "Name": "...",  
  "Role": "..."  
}
```

14.96 USERS

Contains information about all user accounts available on the device

See also: [System/GetUsers](#)

Structure

Parameter	Type	Description
Users	User	List of user accounts
Name	string	User name
Role	string	User role
Password	string	User password (write only)

Pseudo code

```
{
  "Users":
  {
    "Name": "...",
    "Password": "...",
    "Role": "..."
  }
}
```

CONTACT INFORMATION

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Information regarding your hardware, latest software updates and manuals are easily accessible for customers via our [Documents Site \(www.adaptiverecognition.com/doc\)](http://www.adaptiverecognition.com/doc) after a quick registration.

New User

If this is your first online support request, please contact your sales representative to register you in our Support System. More help [here \(www.adaptiverecognition.com/support/\)](http://www.adaptiverecognition.com/support/)!

Returning User

All registered ATSS customers receive a personal access link via e-mail. If you previously received a confirmation message from ATSS, it contains the embedded link that allows you to securely enter the support site.

